### Test - ITIL Ouestions: 40

- 1. The main objective of Change Management is to?
- a Ensure that any changes are approved and recorded

## b. Ensure that standardized methods and procedures are used for controlled handling of all changes

- c. Ensure that any change requests are managed through the CAB
- d. Ensure that the CAB takes responsibility for all change implementation
- 2. Which of the following best describes a baseline?
- a. Used as a reference point for later comparison
- b. The starting point of any project
- c. The end point of any project
- d. A rollback procedure
- 3. What is another term for Uptime?
- a. Mean Time Between Failures (MTBF)
- b. Mean Time to Restore Service (MTRS)
- c. Mean Time Between System Incidents (MTBSI)
- d. Relationship between MTBF and MTBSI
- 4. Which is not an Information Security attribute?
- a. Confidentiality
- b. Availability
- c. Maintainability
- d. Integrity
- 5. Service catalogue consist of
- a. Details of all IT services delivered
- b. 'a' and relationships to the business units
- c. 'b' and IT services to supporting services
- d. 'c' and IT components and CIs
- 6. Capacity can be managed by
- a. Stopping some services at certain times
- b. Limit number of customers who can use a particular service
- c. Reduce rates for non-peak times
- d. All of the above
- 7. The 4 spheres of knowledge management are:
- a. Data, facts, knowledge, wisdom
- b. Ideas, facts knowledge, wisdom
- c. Data, information, facts, wisdom
- d. Data, information, knowledge, wisdom

- 8. RACI stands for.....
- a. Responsible, Assignable, Consult, Inform
- b. Responsible, Available, Consult, Inform
- c. Risk, Action, Correction, Inform
- d. Responsible, Accountable, Consult, Inform
- 9. Which of the following is NOT an example of a Service Request?
- a. A user calls the Service Desk to order a toner cartridge

## b. A user calls the Service Desk because they would like to change the functionality of an application

- c. A Manager submits a request for a new employee to be given access to an application
- d. A user logs onto an internal website to download a licensed copy of software from a list of approved options
- 10. The four stages of the Deming Cycle are?
- a. Plan, Measure, Monitor, Report
- b. Plan, Check, Re-Act, Implement
- c. Plan, Do, Act, Audit
- d. Plan, Do, Check, Act
- 11. What is the purpose of the Request Fulfillment Process?
- a. Dealing with Service Requests from the users
- b. Making sure all requests within an IT Organization is fulfilled
- c. Ensuring fulfillment of Change Requests
- d. Making sure the Service Level Agreement is met
- 12. A Service Level Package is best described as?
- a) A definite level of utility and warranty associated with a core service package
- b) A description of customer requirements used to negotiate a Service Level Agreement
- c) A description of the value that the customer wants and for which they are willing to pay
- d) A document showing the Service Levels achieved during an agreed reporting period
- 13. Incident Management has a value to the business by?
- a. Helping to control infrastructure cost of adding new technology
- b. Enabling users to resolve Problems
- c. Helping to align people and process for the delivery of service
- d. Contributing to the reduction of impact
- 14. The 4 P's of Service Management are...
- a. People, Partner, Product, Price
- b. People, Partner, Product, Priority
- c. People, Process, Partner, Product
- d. None of the above

- 15. Setting policies and objectives is the primary concern of which of the following elements of the Service Lifecycle?
- a) Service Strategy
- b) Service Strategy and Continual Service Improvement
- c) Service Strategy, Service Transition and Service Operation
- d) Service Strategy, Service Design, Service Transition, Service Operation and Continual Service Improvement
- 16. Demand Management is primarily used to?
- a. Increase customer value
- b. Eliminate excess capacity needs
- c. Increase the value of IT
- d. Align business with IT cost
- 17. Which of the following is NOT a step in the Continual Service Improvement (CSI) model?
- a. What is the vision?
- b. Did we get there?
- c. Where are we now?
- d. Why we did not do it?
- 18. What is the main reason for establishing a baseline?
- a. To standardize operation
- b. For knowing the cost of services provided
- c. For roles and responsibility to be clear
- d. For later comparison
- 19. Which of the following is NOT one of the ITIL Life Cycle Stages?
- a. Service Optimization
- b. Service Transition
- c. Service Design
- d. Service Strategy
- 20. Which of the following statements is CORRECT?
- 1. Only one person can be responsible for an activity
- 2. Only one person can be accountable for an activity
- a) All of the above
- b) 1 only
- c) 2 only
- d) None of the above
- 21. Which of the following is NOT an objective of Service Operation?
- a. Validation Testing to ensure that services are designed to meet business needs
- b. To deliver and support IT services
- c. To manage the technology used to deliver services
- d. To monitor the performance of technology and processes

22. The priority of an Incident refers to?

#### a. The relative importance of the Incident based on impact and urgency

- b. The speed with which the Incident needs to be resolved
- c. The number of staff that will be assigned to work on the Incident so that it is resolved in time
- d. The escalation path that will be followed to ensure resolution of the incident
- 23. The goal of Service Asset and Configuration Management is to?
- a. Account for all financial assets of the organization

# b. Provide a logical model of the IT infrastructure, correlating IT services and different IT components needed to deliver the services

- c. Build service models to justify the ITIL implementations
- d. Implement ITIL across the organization
- 24. Which are the missing Service Operation processes from the following?
- 1. Incident Management
- 2. Problem Management
- 3. Access Management
- 4. ?
- 5. ?

### a) Event management and Request Fulfillment

- b) Event Management and Service Desk
- c) Facilities Management and Event Management
- d) Change Management and Service Level Management
- 25. The BEST definition of an event is?
- a) An occurrence where a performance threshold has been exceeded and an agreed Service Level has already been impacted

## b) An occurrence that is significant for the management of the IT infrastructure or delivery of services

- c) A known system defect that generates multiple incident reports
- d) A planned meeting of customers and IT staff to announce a new service or improvement program
- 26. In which ITIL Life Cycle Stage can you find detailed descriptions of Service Portfolio Management, Demand Management and Financial Management?
- a. Service Operations
- b. Service Strategy
- c. Service Transition
- d. Continual Service Improvement
- 27. Which ITIL® process is responsible for drawing up a charging system?
- a. Availability Management
- b. Capacity Management

### c. Financial Management for IT Services

- d. Service Level Management
- 28. Service Retirement is part of which phase?
- a. Service Transition
- b. Service Strategy
- c. Service Design
- d. Service Operation
- 29. What is the role of the Emergency Change Advisory Board (ECAB)?
- a. To assist the Change Manager in ensuring that no urgent changes are made during particularly volatile business periods
- b. To assist the Change Manager in implementing emergency changes

## c. To assist the Change Manager in evaluating emergency changes and to decide whether the change should be approved

- d. To assist the Change Manager in speeding up the emergency change process so that no unacceptable delays occur.
- 30. If an organization is able to become more proactive in its ITSM processes, what is likely to happen to support costs?
- a. They are likely to increase gradually
- b. They are likely to increase dramatically
- c. They are likely to gradually reduce
- d. They are likely to reduce initially and then gradually return to current level
- 31. The main objective of Availability Management is?
- a. To monitor and report availability of services and components
- b. To ensure that all targets in Service Level Agreements (SLAs) are met
- c. To guarantee availability levels for services and components
- d. To ensure that service availability matches or exceeds the agreed needs of the business.
- 32. 'Down Time' is also known as...
- a. MeanTime between Failures (MTBF)
- b. Mean Time to Restore Service (MTRS)
- c. MeanTime between System Incidents (MTBSI)
- d. Shut down
- 33. 'Resolution Time' consists of time for:
- a. Diagnosis, Repair, Recovery
- b. Repair only
- c. Repair and Recovery Only
- d. Diagnosis and Repair only
- 34. To which ITIL process Reliability, Serviceability and Maintainability components belong to?

- a. IT Service Continuity Management
- b. Availability Management
- c. Service Level Management
- d. Problem Management
- 35. What is the name of the activity within the Capacity Management process whose purpose is to predict the future capacity requirements of new and changed services?
- a. Application Sizing
- b. Demand Management
- c. Modeling
- d. Tuning
- 36. Release and deployment options include:
- 4. 1. Big bang vs. Phased
- 5. 2. Automated vs. Manual
- 6. 3. ...
- a. Push vs. Proposed
- b. Push vs. Pull
- c. Requested vs. Forced
- d. Proposed vs. Forced
- 37. Which of the following is an activity of IT Service Continuity Management?
- a. advising end users of a system failure
- b. documenting the fallback arrangements
- c. reporting regarding availability
- d. guaranteeing that the Configuration Items are constantly kept up-to-date.
- 38. Which process would you find the Service V model?
- a. Release Management
- b. Service Transition
- c. Service Validation and Testing
- d. Knowledge Management
- 39.In which ITIL® process are negotiations held with the customer about the availability and capacity levels to be provided?
- a. Availability Management
- b. Capacity Management
- c. Financial Management for IT Services
- d. Service Level Management
- 40. The job of Business Relationship Manager in Type II service provider organization is:
- a. Market product of the organization to overseas customers
- b. Maintaining relationship with press/ media
- c. Establishing good relationship between consumers of IT services and the IT department
- d. Establishing business relationship with customers who buy services of the organization