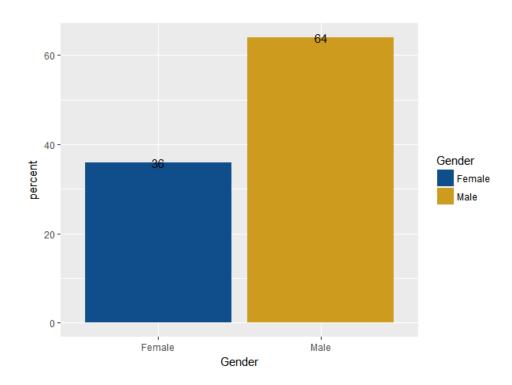
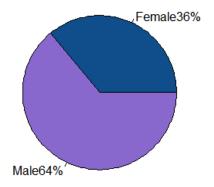
# 1. Output and Conclusion

The conclusion for every graph is given at the end of each section.

## 1.1. Gender Wise Analysis:

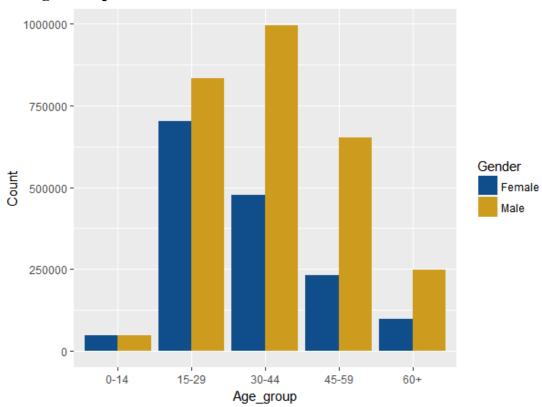




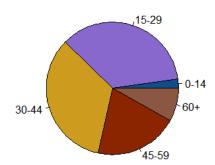
### Conclusion: Who makes more suicide attempts Male or Female?

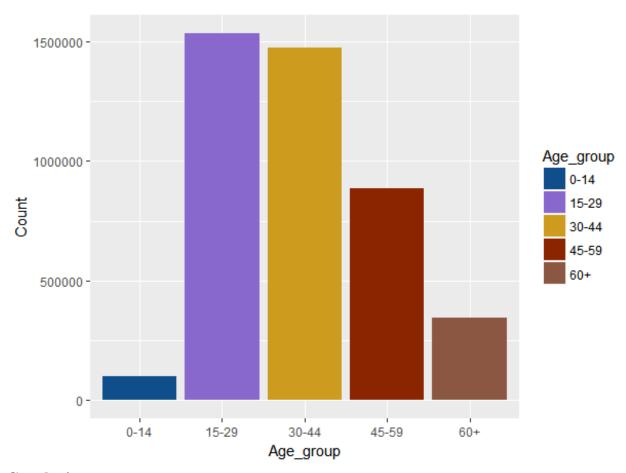
According to the result, around 64% Male and 36% Females commit suicide, i.e. Male commits more suicide than female.

## 1.2. Age Group



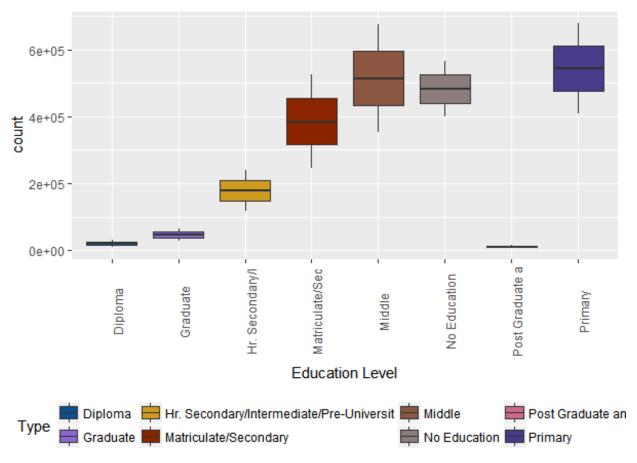
**Suicide and Age Groups** 

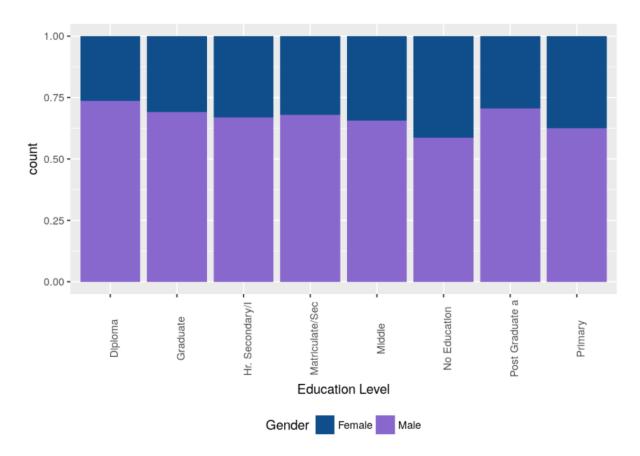




**Conclusion:** Which Age group makes more suicide attempts? 15-29 Age group, i.e. Teenagers commits most suicides followed by age group of 30-44, which seems about right. Teenagers have study burden and adults have family problems which makes them take such a huge step.

## 1.3. Education Level





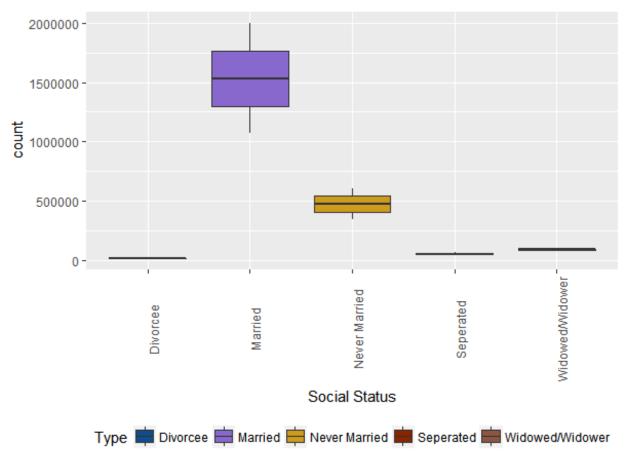
**Conclusion:** Levels of Primary, Middle got more suicide counts.

Academic performance and pressures have been found to be strongly related to teenage suicide problem and are one of the main causes leading to it.

Also Uneducated people also attempts for it. People who are post graduate, diploma, graduate counts seems comparatively less.

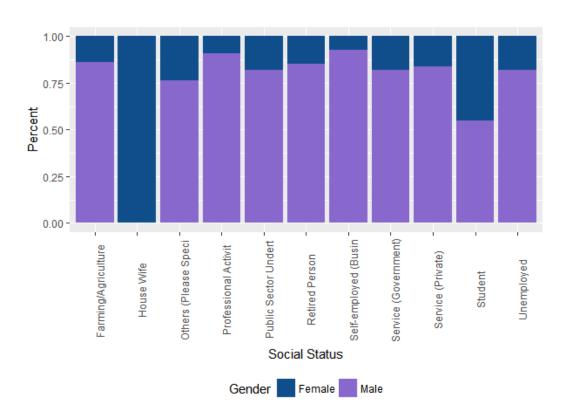
Education is the most powerful weapon which can change the world. School should do proper mentoring to the students.

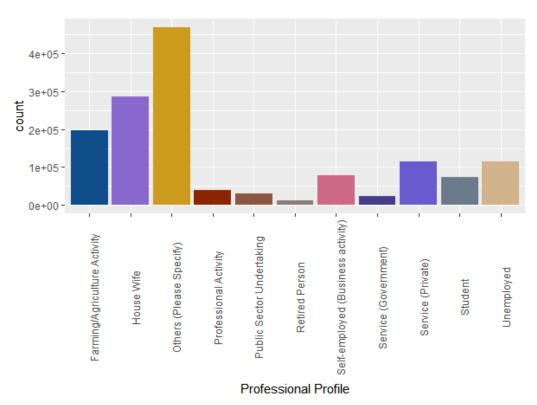
### 1.4. Social Status



**Conclusion:** Married people are the major victims of suicide comparing to other category.

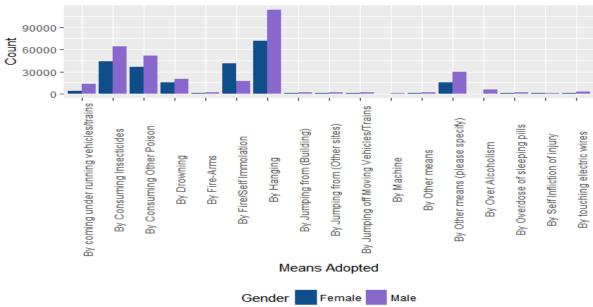
### 1.5. Professional Profile

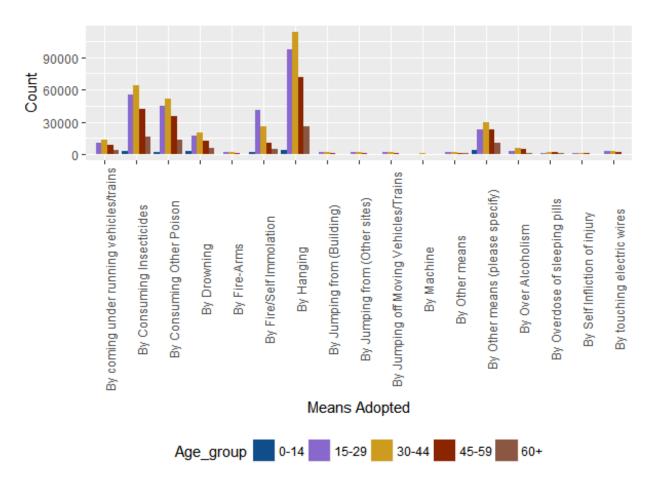




**Conclusion:** Housewife are the major victims in suicide and next one was the people wo do farming and Agriculture.

## 1.6. Means Adopted to commit Suicide





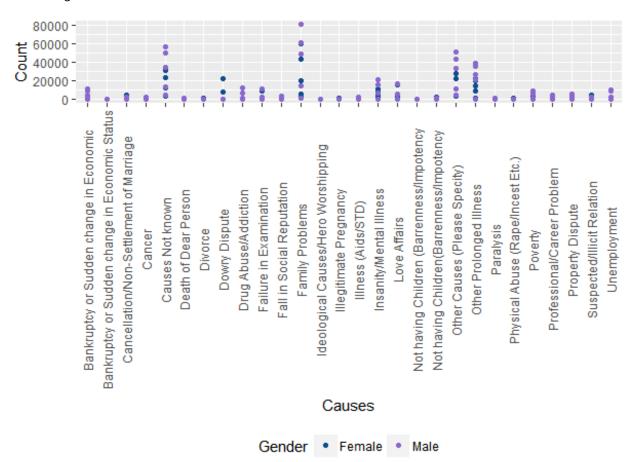
**Conclusion:** Hanging is the most frequently used method of suicide.

Materials for hanging were easily accessed and respondents considered it 'simple' to perform without the need for planning or technical knowledge.

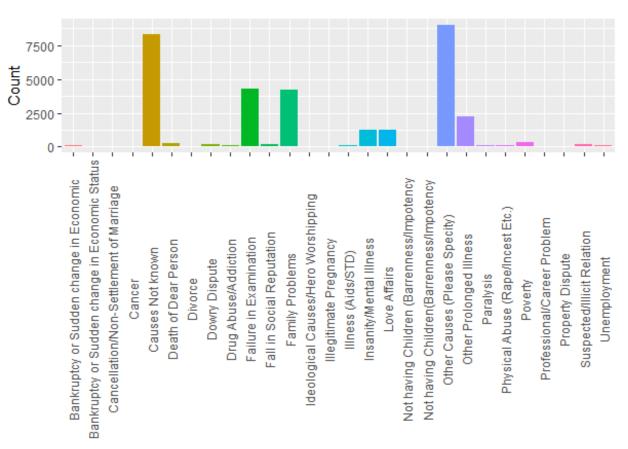
Hanging was thus seen as the 'quickest' and 'easiest' method with few barriers to completion and sometimes adopted despite not being a first choice.

Prevention strategies should focus on countering perceptions of hanging as a clean, painless and rapid method that is easily implemented. However, care is needed in the delivery of such messages as some individuals could gain information that might facilitate fatal implementation.

## 1.7. Major Causes:

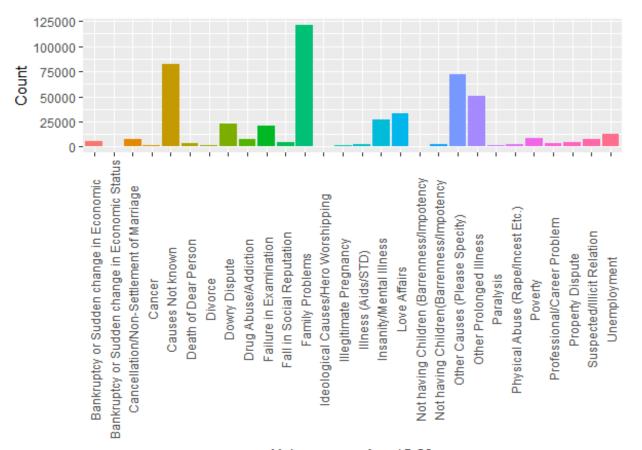


### 1.7.1. Major Causes: Age (0-14):



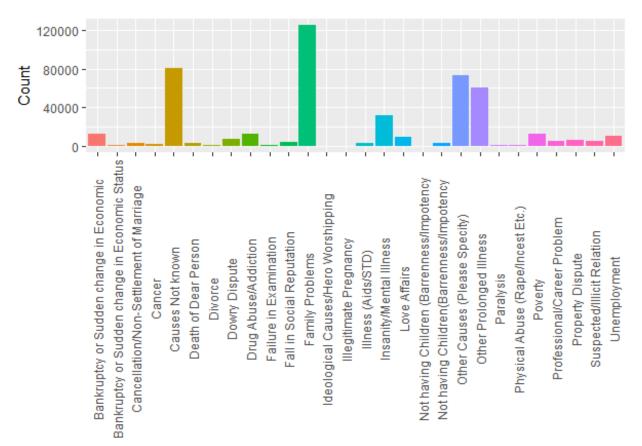
Major causes-Age 0-14

#### 1.7.2. Major Causes – Age (15-29)



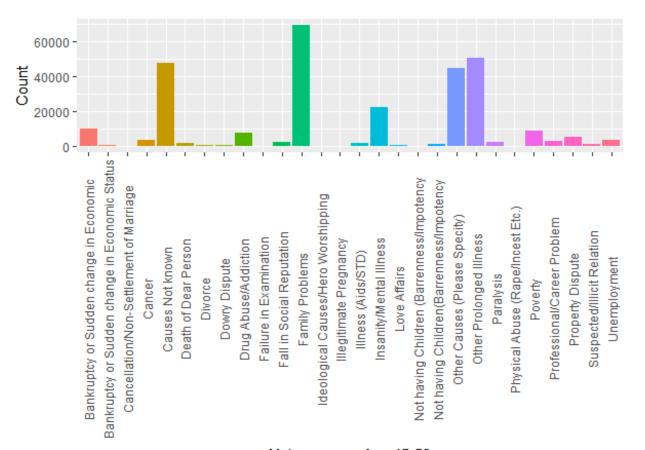
Major causes-Age 15-29

#### 1.7.3. Major Causes – Age (30-44)



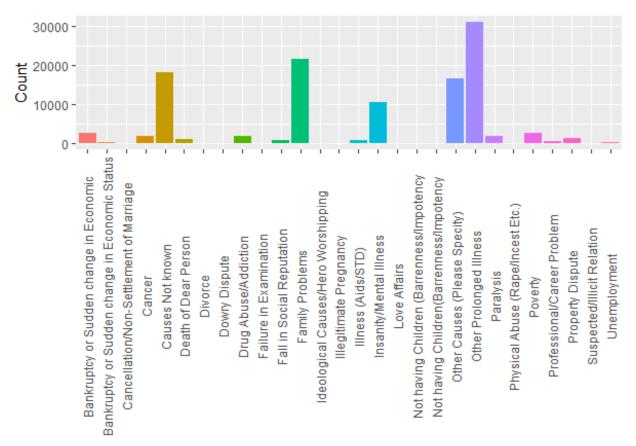
Major causes-Age 30-44

#### 1.7.4. Major Causes – Age (45-59)



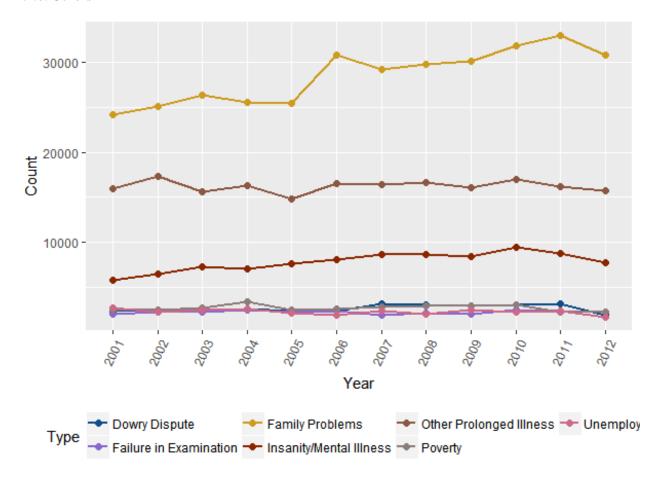
Major causes-Age 45-59

#### 1.7.5. Major Causes – Age (60+)



Major causes-Age 60+

#### 1.7.6. Others

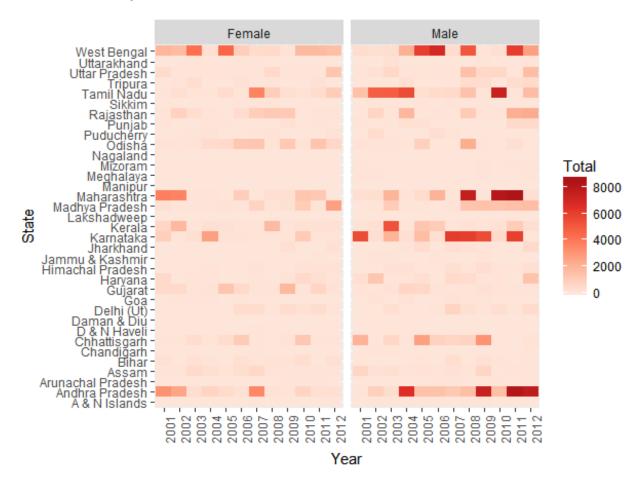


**Conclusion:** At all age groups \*\* family Problems\*\* seems to be the major cause for suicide, next stands prolonged illness/mental illness.

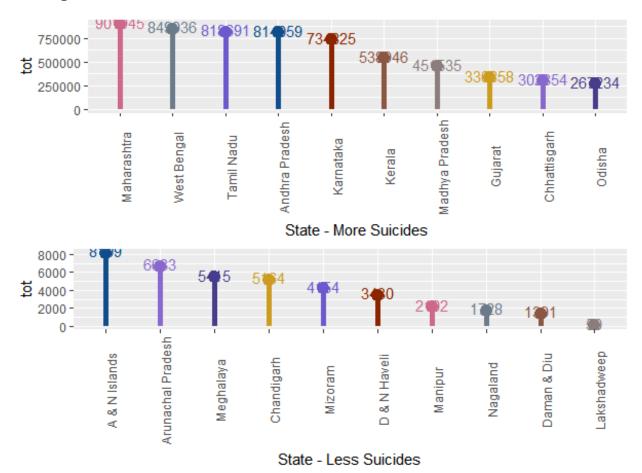
At age group of 0-14, failure in examination was one of the main cause.

Analysing the trend for the major causes for the suicides, from the graph given in section 5.7.6, left the Reason unknown and Other causes, which are two major causes but it didn't give any specific meaning.

#### 1.8. State Wise analysis



### 1.9. Top 10 and bottom 10 States



**Conclusion:** Finding the top 10 and bottom 10 states based on number of suicides, Maharashtra is the state which has highest number of suicides, Next comes West Bengal, Tamilnadu, Andhrapradesh and Karnataka.

So we have to find what was the main causes in those states.

Farming/Agriculture is the major occupation across all states of India, due of shortage of rainfall. Farming was impacted more which causes more suicide attempts.