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Roll no-17

Experiment no-13

Experiment name-Implementing java programs based on multithreading.

Multithreading in Java

Multithreading in <u>Java</u> is a process of executing multiple threads simultaneously.

A thread is a lightweight sub-process, the smallest unit of processing. Multiprocessing and multithreading, both are used to achieve multitasking.

However, we use multithreading than multiprocessing because threads use a shared memory area. They don't allocate separate memory area so saves memory, and context-switching between the threads takes less time than process.

What is Thread in java

A thread is a lightweight subprocess, the smallest unit of processing. It is a separate path of execution.

Threads are independent. If there occurs exception in one thread, it doesn't affect other threads. It uses a shared memory area.

1.program on multithreading using thread class.

```
class my extends Thread
{
    public void run()
    {
        try{
            System.out.println("Thread:"+Thread.currentThread().getId());
            Thread.sleep(1000);
        }
        catch(Exception e)
```

```
{
                           System.out.println(e);
                  }
         }
}
class me
{
         public static void main(String args[])
                  int n=5;
                  for(int i=1;i<5;i++)
                  {
                           my m1=new my();
                           m1.start();
                           System.out.println(m1.getState());
                  }
         }
}
Output-
C:\Users\Vaishnavi\Desktop\v>java me
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
RUNNABLE
TUNNABLE
Thread:23
Thread:24
Thread:21
Thread:22
 :\Users\Vaishnavi\Desktop\v>
2.program for multithreading using runnable interface.
```

class my1 implements Runnable

public void run()

{

```
{
              try{
                      System.out.println("Thread:"+Thread.currentThread().getId());
                      Thread.sleep(1000);
                 }
              catch(Exception e)
                      System.out.println(e);
               }
       }
}
class hari
{
       public static void main(String args[])
              int n=10;
              for(int i=1;i<10;i++)
               {
                      Thread t1=new Thread(new my1());
                      t1.start();
                      System.out.println(t1.getState());
               }
       }
}
```

Output-