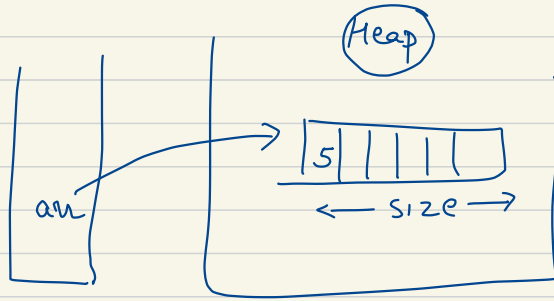


2D Arrays

Arrays → Primitives
→ objects

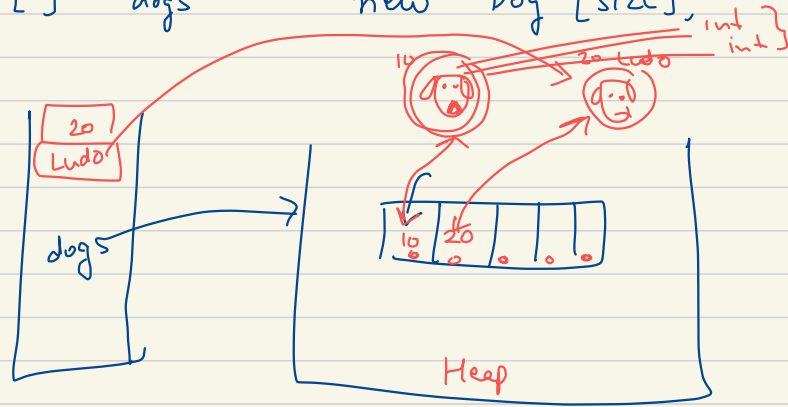
Memory Difference



```
int[] arr = new int[size];
```

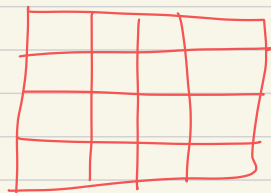
```
arr[0] = 5;
```

Dog[] dogs = new Dog[size],



dogs[0] = new Dog();
dogs[1] = Ludo;

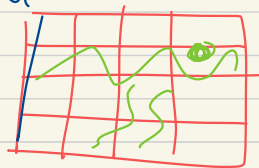
Dog Ludo = new Dog();



Matrix

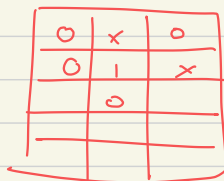
Matrix of Pixel values (RGB)

⇒



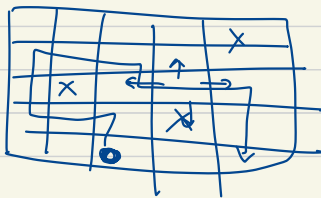
Images

Puzzle - Sudoku / Tic - Tac - Toe



"Game"

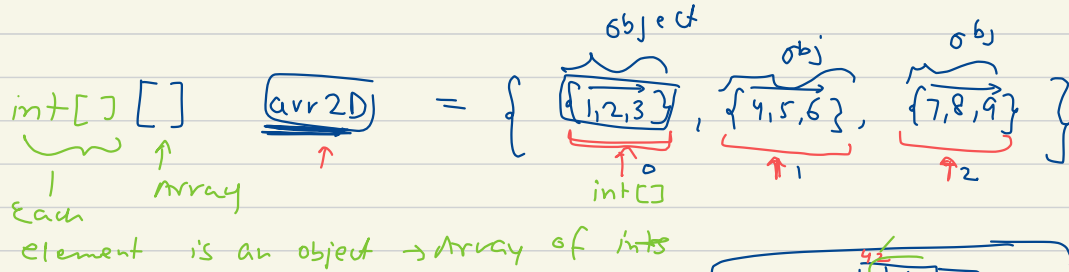
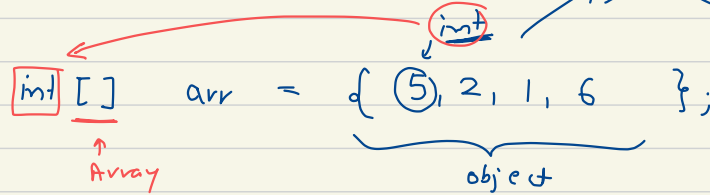
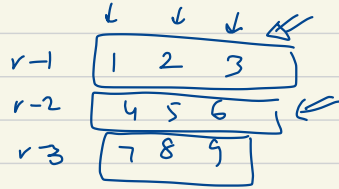
Id	P	C	M
0	10	20	30
1	40	50	60
2	-	-	-
3	-	-	-



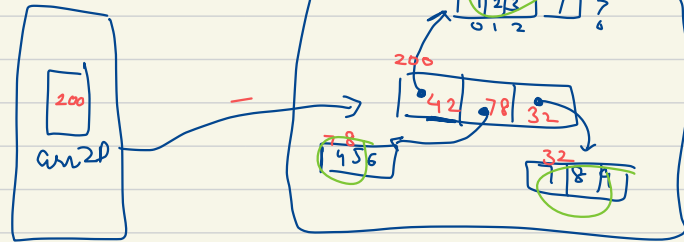
Graph (implicit graphs)

Memory Level

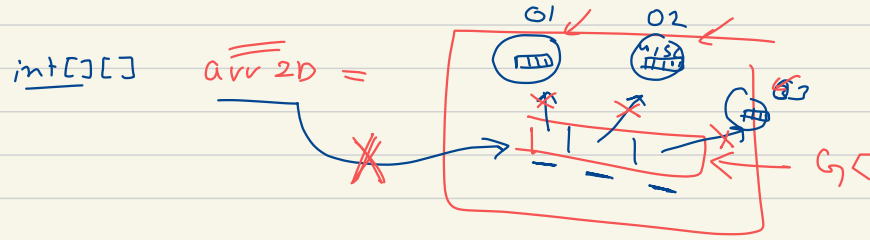
create an Array of Objects
Array



arr2D → 200
arr2D[0] → 42
arr2D[1] → 78
arr2D[0][2] → 3
↑ ↑
Row Column



arr2D = { 01 02 03
 obj obj obj
 {1,2,3} {4,5,6} {7,8,9}



arr2D [0] \Rightarrow Add of 3rd Array (obj Ref)

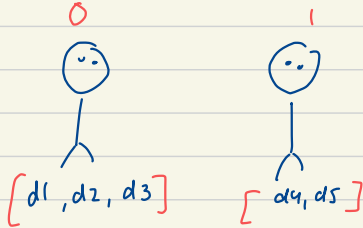
2D Array of Dogs

`Dog[][] dogs = {`

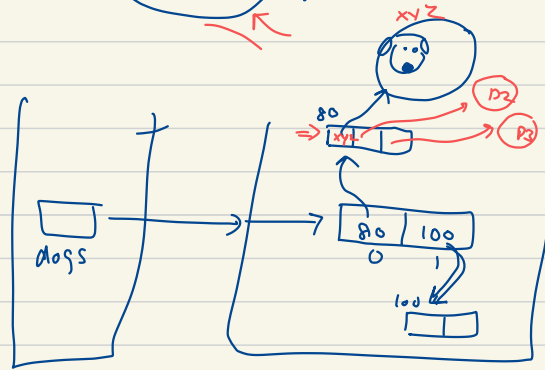
`{ (d1, d2, d3),`

`dogs[0][0] = d1`

`{d4, d5} };`

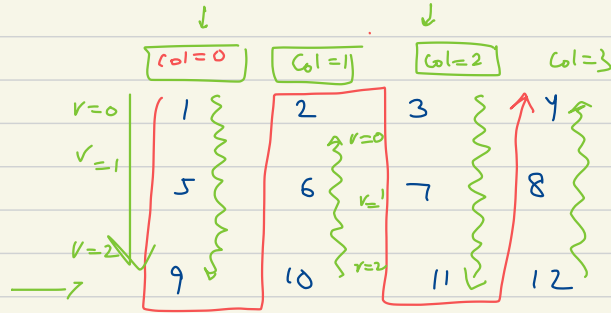


`d1 = new Dog();`
`d2`
`d3`
`d4`
`d5`



Time To TRY (Fixed cols) wave Print

Live Assgn



Output:

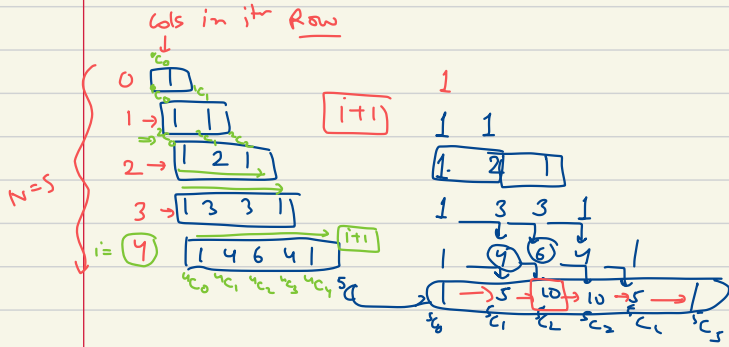
Print

1, 5, 9, 10, 6, 2, 3, 7, 11, 12, 8, 4

5 Mins +
10 Break.)

10:30



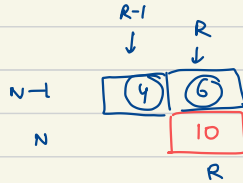
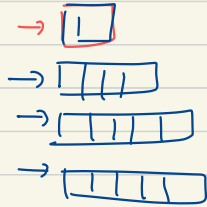


① Fact ↑

② 2D Array

③ formula ${}^N C_R \rightarrow k \cdot {}^N C_{R-1}$

$N \leftarrow N^M$
 ${}^N C_R$ Colm



$$\underline{\underline{arr(n, r)}} = arr(n-1, r) + arr(n-1, r-1)$$

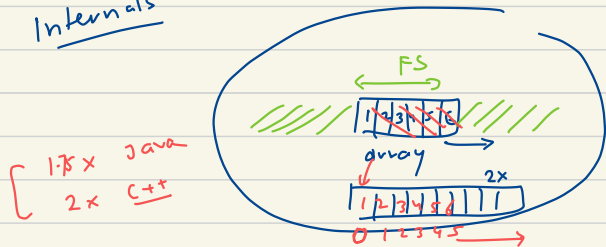
" ARRAY LISTS "

Array that can
Dynamic \Rightarrow grow & shrink in
size.

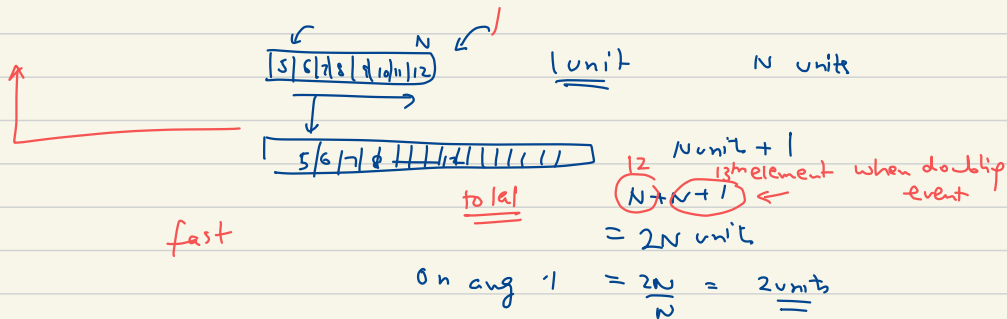
Java Collections framework

Library of
Data structures,
predefined
classes.

Internals



~~Reverse some init classes.~~
Capacit to avoid freq
↓
Doubling is a expensive doubling
op.



Space Complexity

→ Additional space as fn of n .

Give
an
array

1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 8

$O(1)$ Constant

Given
a
stream
of
numbers

1, 3, 5, 2, 6, 8

→ $O(1)$

largest → 8

⇒ 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 6 | 8

→ 8 $O(N)$

$O(N^2)$

