## Task 1: Generics and Type Safety

Create a generic Pair class that holds two objects of different types, and write a method to return a reversed version of the pair.

package com.assig.advancejavafeatureandjava8;

```
public class Pair<T, U> {
  private T first;
  private U second;
  public Pair(T first, U second) {
     this.first = first;
     this.second = second;
  }
  public T getFirst() {
     return first;
  }
  public U getSecond() {
     return second;
  }
  // Method to reverse the pair
  public Pair<U, T> reverse() {
     return new Pair<>(second, first);
  }
   @Override
  public String toString() {
```

```
return "Pair{" +

"first=" + first +

", second=" + second +

'}';

}

public static void main(String[] args) {

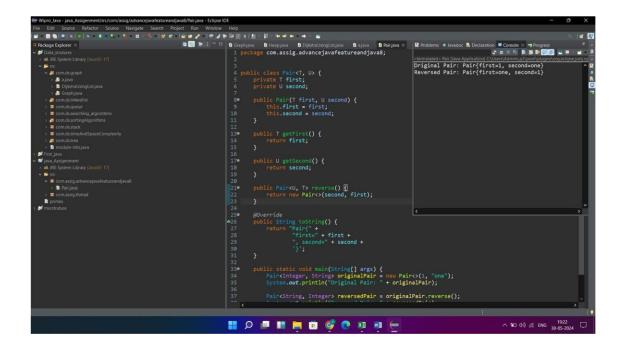
Pair<Integer, String> originalPair = new Pair<>(1, "one");

System.out.println("Original Pair: " + originalPair);

Pair<String, Integer> reversedPair = originalPair.reverse();

System.out.println("Reversed Pair: " + reversedPair);

}
```



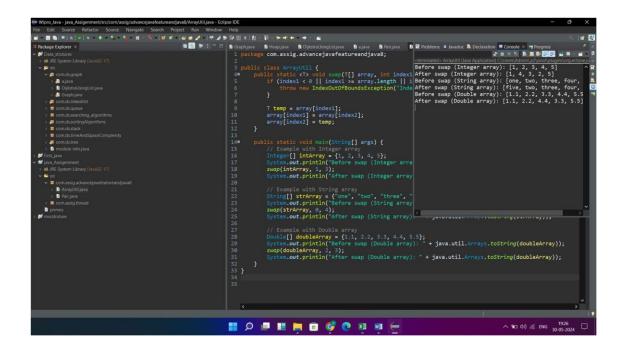
Task 2: Generic Classes and Methods

Implement a generic method that swaps the positions of two elements in an array, regardless of their type, and demonstrate its usage with different object types

```
package com.assig.advancejavafeatureandjava8;

public class ArrayUtil {
   public static <T> void swap(T[] array, int index1, int index2) {
      if (index1 < 0 || index1 >= array.length || index2 < 0 || index2 >= array.length) {
        throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException("Index out of bounds");
    }
}
```

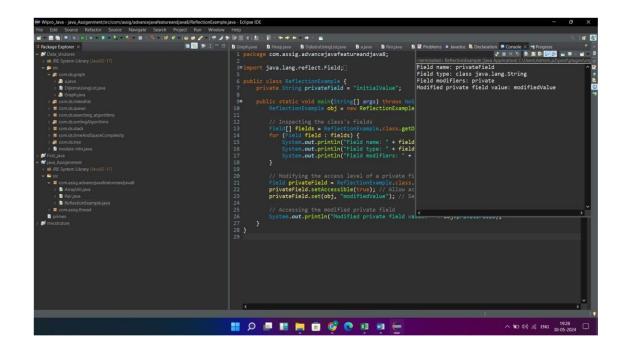
```
T temp = array[index1];
array[index1] = array[index2];
array[index2] = temp;
}
```



Task 3: Reflection API

Use reflection to inspect a class's methods, fields, and constructors, and modify the access level of a private field, setting its value during runtime

```
package com.assig.advancejavafeatureandjava8;
import java.lang.reflect.Field;
import java.lang.reflect.Modifier;
public class ReflectionExample {
    private String privateField = "initialValue";
    public static void main(String[] args) throws NoSuchFieldException,
    IllegalAccessException {
        ReflectionExample obj = new ReflectionExample();
```



## Task 4: Lambda Expressions

Implement a Comparator for a Person class using a lambda expression, and sort a list of Person objects by their age..

package com.assig.advancejavafeatureandjava8;

```
import java.util.ArrayList; import
java.util.Comparator; import
java.util.List;

public class PersonComparators { private
   String name;
   private int age;

public PersonComparators(String name, int age) { this.name =
      name;
      this.age = age;
   }

public String getName() { return
      name;
   }

public int getAge() {
```

```
return age;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) { List<PersonComparators>
     personList = new ArrayList<>(); personList.add(new
     PersonComparators("Alice", 25));
     personList.add(new PersonComparators("Bob", 30));
     personList.add(new PersonComparators("Charlie", 20));
     // Sorting the list by age using a lambda expression
personList.sort(Comparator.comparingInt(PersonComparators::getA ge));
     // Printing the sorted list
     for (PersonComparators person: personList) { System.out.println("Name: "
       + person.getName() + ", Age: " +
person.getAge());
     }
  }
}
```

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Task 5: Functional Interfaces

Create a method that accepts functions as parameters using Predicate, Function, Consumer, and Supplier interfaces to operate on a Person object.

package com.assig.advancejavafeatureandjava8;

import java.util.function.Consumer; import java.util.function.Function; import java.util.function.Predicate; import java.util.function.Supplier;

public class Person { private
 String name; private int age;

```
public Person(String name, int age) {
  this.name = name;
  this.age = age;
}
public String getName() { return
  name;
}
public int getAge() { return
  age;
}
public void setName(String name) {
  this.name = name;
}
public void setAge(int age) {
  this.age = age;
}
public static void processPerson(Person person,
                     Predicate<Person> predicate, Function<Person,
                     String> function,
```

```
Consumer<String> consumer, Supplier<Integer>
                       supplier) {
     if (predicate.test(person)) {
       String result = function.apply(person); consumer.accept(result);
       int newAge = supplier.get(); person.setAge(newAge);
    }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) { Person
     person = new Person("vijay", 25);
     // Example usage of the processPerson method processPerson(
          person,
          p -> p.getAge() >= 18, // Predicate to check if person is an
adult
          p -> "Name: " + p.getName() + ", Age: " + p.getAge(), //
Function to get person details as string
          System.out::println, // Consumer to print the person details () -> 30 //
          Supplier to provide a new age for the person
     );
```

```
System.out.println("Updated age: " + person.getAge());
}
```

}

```
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