Azure Administrator Capstone Project -1 Az-104

Task to be performed:

You work as an Azure professional for a Corporation. You are assigned the task of implementing the below architecture for the company's website.

There are three web pages to be deployed:

- 1. The home page is the default page (VM2)
- 2. The upload page is where you can upload the files to your Azure Blob Storage (VM1)
- 3. The error page for 403 and 502 errors

Application Gateway has to be configured in the following manner:

- 1. Example.com should be pointed to the home page
- 2. Example.com/upload should be pointed to the upload page
- 3. Application Gateway's error pages should be pointed to error.html which should be hosted as a static website in Azure Containers. The error.html file is present in the GitHub repository

The term 'Example' here refers to the Traffic Manager's domain name.

The client wants you to deploy them in the Central US and the West US regions such that the traffic is distributed optimally between both regions.

Storage Account has to be configured in the following manner:

- 1. You need to host your error.html as a static website here, and then point the application gateway's 403 and 502 errors to it.
- 2. Create a container named upload, this will be used by your code to upload

the files.

Technical specifications for the deployments are as follows:

1. Deployments in both regions should have VMs inside VNets.

2. Clone the GitHub repo https://github.com/azcloudberg/azproject to all the

VMs.

3. On VM1, please run vm1.sh this will deploy the upload page, on VM2

please run VM2.sh, this will install the home page.

4. For running the scripts, please run the following command inside the

GitHub directory from the terminal

VM1: ./vm1.sh

VM2: ./vm2.sh

5. After running the scripts, please edit the config.py file on VM1, and enter the

details related to your storage account where the files will be uploaded.

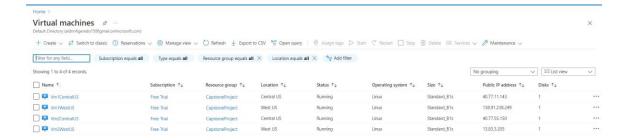
6. Once done, please run the following command: sudo python3 app.py

7. Both regions should be connected o each other using VNet-VNet Peering.

8. Finally, your Traffic Manager should be pointing to the application gateway of

both the regions

Solution:







No storage accounts to display

Create a storage account to store up to 500TB of data in the cloud. Use a general-purpose storage account to store object data, use a NoSQL data store, define and use queues for message processing, and set up file shares in the cloud. Use the Blob storage account and the hot or cool access sters to optimize your costs based on how frequently your object data is accessed.

Create storage account

Learn more

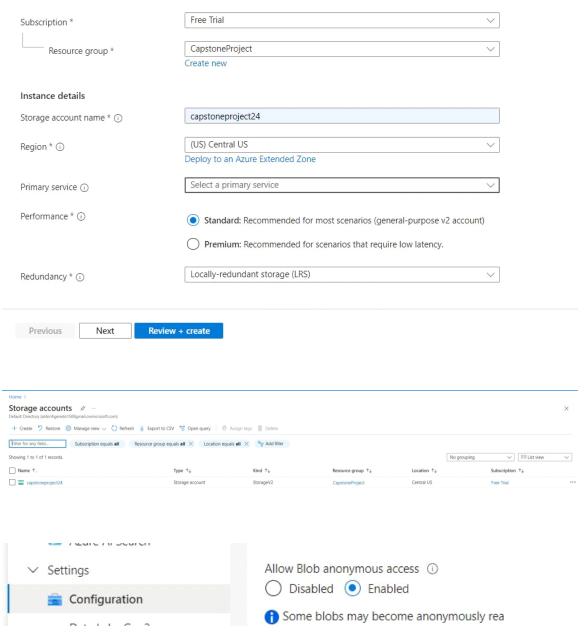
Home > Storage accounts >

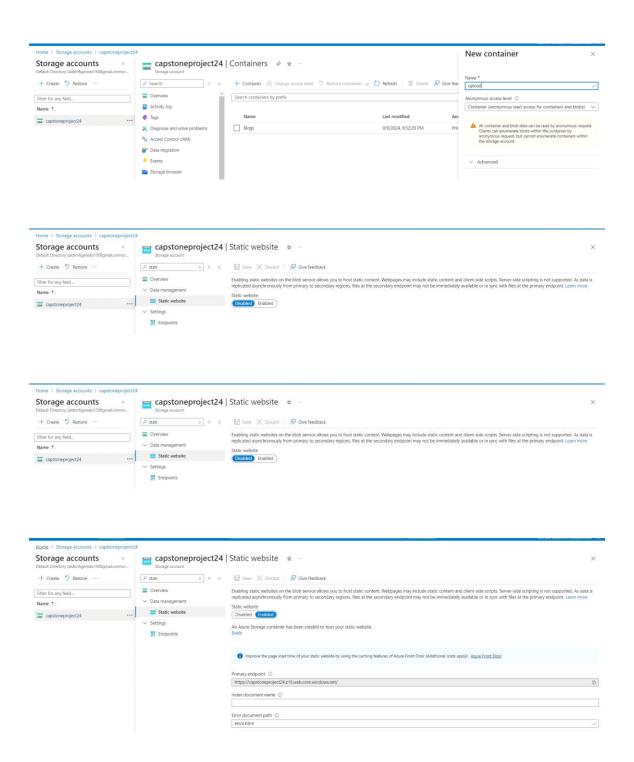
Create a storage account

Azure Storage is a Microsoft-managed service providing cloud storage that is highly available, secure, durable, scalable, and redundant. Azure Storage includes Azure Blobs (objects), Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2, Azure Files, Azure Queues, and Azure Tables. The cost of your storage account depends on the usage and the options you choose below. Learn more about Azure storage accounts 27

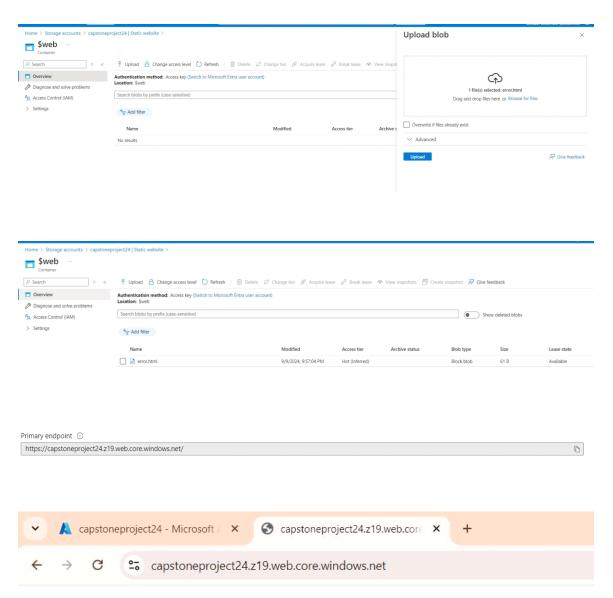
Project details

Select the subscription in which to create the new storage account. Choose a new or existing resource group to organize and manage your storage account together with other resources.





An Azure Storage container has been created to host your static website. \$web

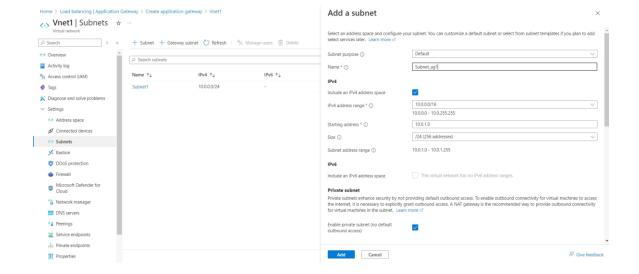


ERROR 404

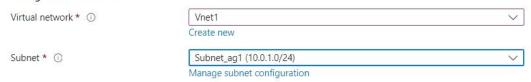
Page Not Found

Create application gateway

1 Basics 2 Frontends 3 Back	ends 4 Configuration 5 Tags 6 Review + create			
An application gateway is a web traffic load balancer that enables you to manage traffic to your web application. Learn about creating application gateway [2]				
Project details				
Select the subscription to manage deploye your resources. $\vec{\square}$	d resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage	all all		
Subscription * ①	Free Trial	~		
Resource group * ①	CapstoneProject	~		
	Create new			
Instance details				
Application gateway name *	AG1	✓		
Region *	Central US	~		
Tier ①	Standard V2	~		
Enable autoscaling	Yes No			
Minimum instance count * ①	1	✓		
Maximum instance count	s	✓		
Availability zone * ①	Zones 1, 2, 3	~		
Previous Next : Frontends >				
Configure virtual network				
Virtual network * ①	Vnet1	~		
	Create new			
Subnet * ①	Subnet1 (10.0.0.0/24)	~		
	Manage subnet configuration			
	Subnet must only have application gateway			
Previous Next : Frontends >				



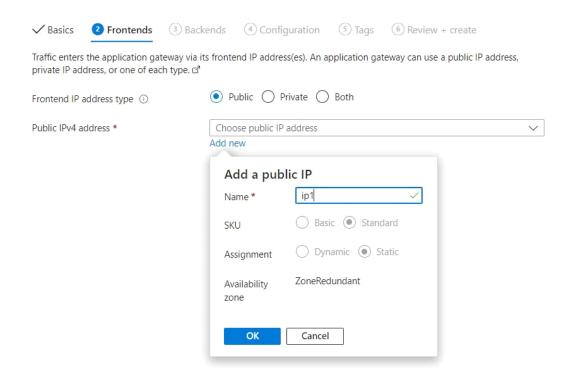
Configure virtual network



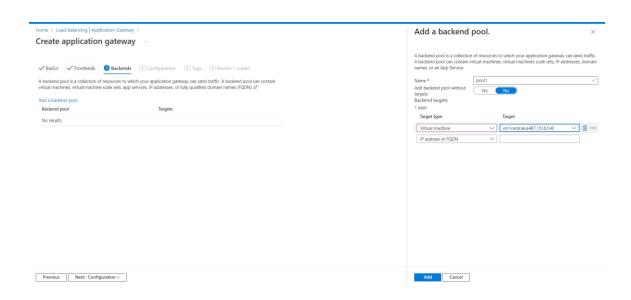
Previous Next : Frontends >

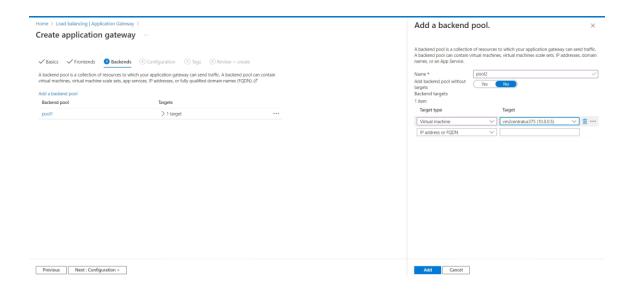
Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway



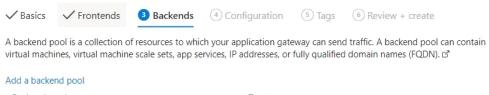
Previous Next : Backends >





Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

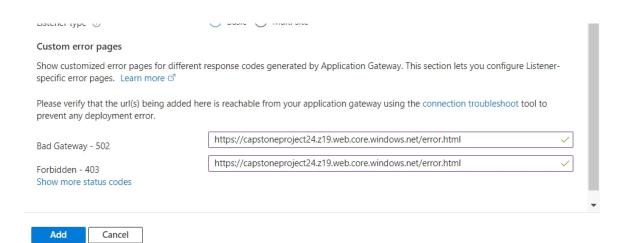




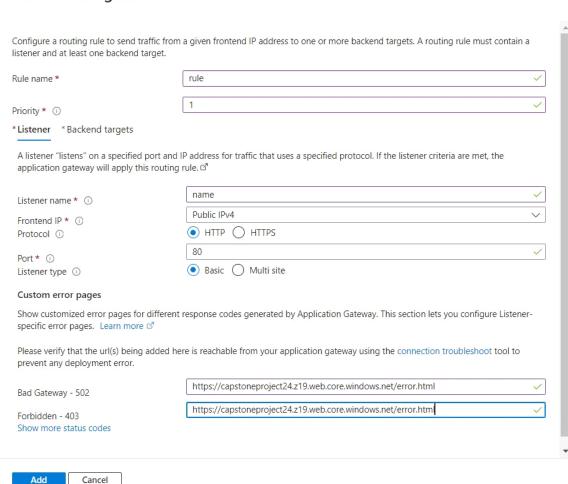


capstoneproject24.z19.web.core.windows.net

Custom error pages Show customized error pages for different response codes generated by Application Gateway. This section lets you configure Listener-specific error pages. Learn more Please verify that the url(s) being added here is reachable from your application gateway using the connection troubleshoot tool to prevent any deployment error. Bad Gateway - 502 https://capstoneproject24.z19.web.core.windows.net/ The URL must point to a HTML file. Forbidden - 403 Show more status codes Add Cancel



Add a routing rule



X

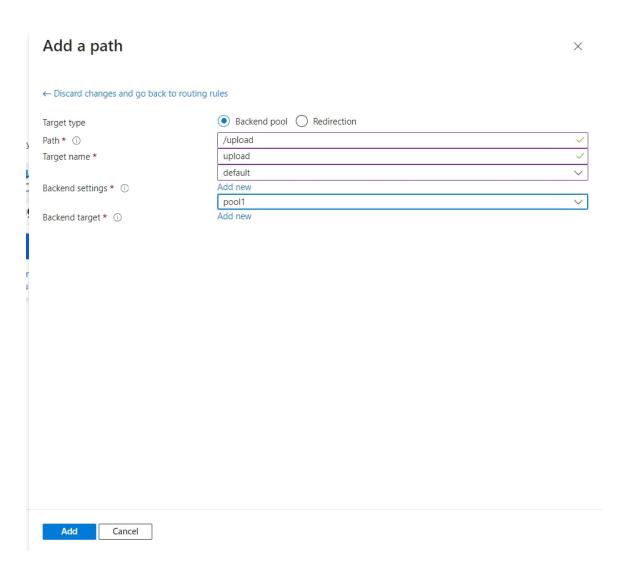
Add Backend setting

\times

\leftarrow Discard changes and go back to routing rules

Backend settings name *	default	/
Backend protocol	• HTTP O HTTPS	
Backend port *	80	/
Additional settings		
Cookie-based affinity ①	○ Enable ● Disable	
Connection draining ①	○ Enable ● Disable	
Request time-out (seconds) * ①	20	
Override backend path ①		
Host name		
By default, the Application Gateway sends the application/service requires a specific host va	same HTTP host header to the backend as it receives from the client. If your backend lue, you can override it using this setting.	
	Yes No	
Override with new host name	Yes No	
Create custom probes		

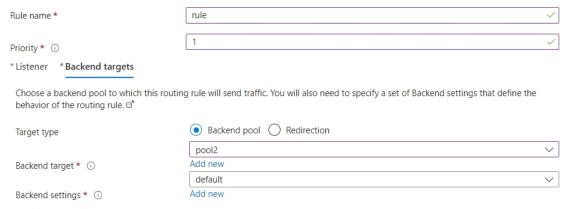
Add Cancel



Add a routing rule

Configure a routing rule to send traffic from a given frontend IP address to one or more backend targets. A routing rule must contain a listener and at least one backend target.

X



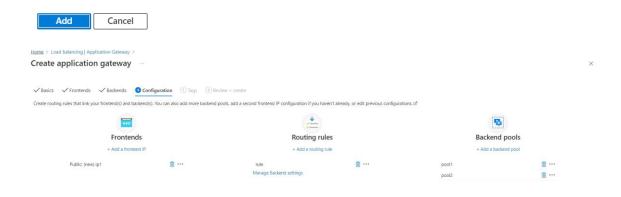
Path-based routing

You can route traffic from this rule's listener to different backend targets based on the URL path of the request. You can also apply a different set of Backend settings based on the URL path. 🗗

Path based rules

Path	Target name	Backend setting name	Backend pool	
/upload	upload	default	pool1	•••

Add multiple targets to create a path-based rule



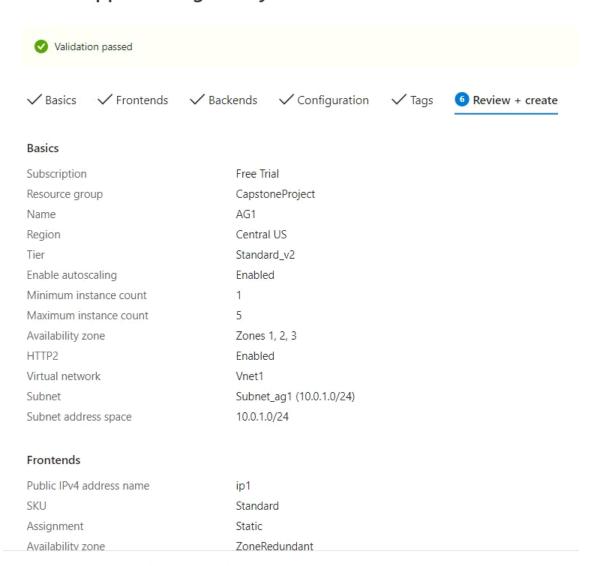
Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create

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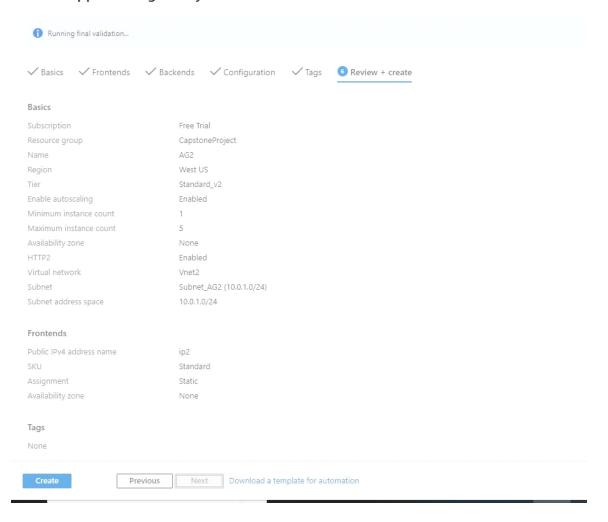
Create application gateway

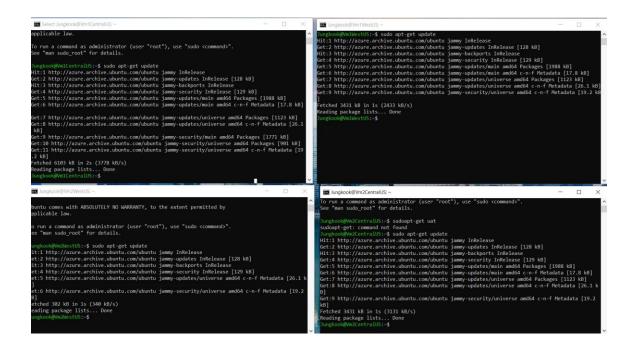


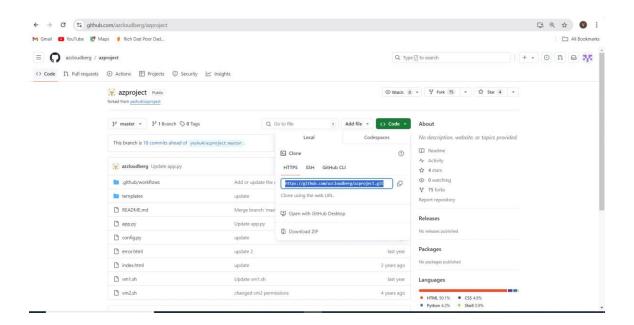
Download a template for automation

Home >

Create application gateway





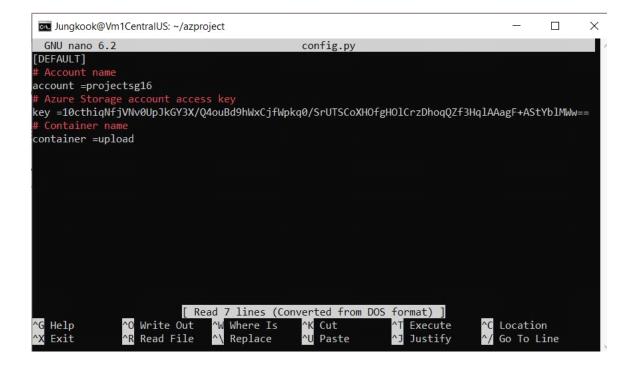


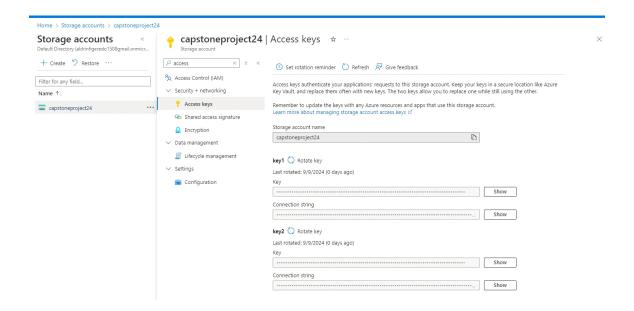
```
Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~$ Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~$ git clone https://github.com/azcloudberg/azproject.git Cloning into 'azproject'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 229, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (26/26), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (12/12), done.
remote: Total 229 (delta 21), reused 14 (delta 14), pack-reused 203 (from 1)
Receiving objects: 100% (229/229), 52.16 KiB | 2.17 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (108/108), done.
Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~$ ls
azproject
Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~$ cd azproject
Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~/azproject$ ls
README.md app.py config.py error.html index.html templates vm1.sh vm2.sh
Jungkook@Vm1WestUS:~/azproject$ ./vm1.sh
```

```
Jungkook@Vm1CentralUS:~$ cd azproject
Jungkook@Vm1CentralUS:~/azproject$ ls
README.md app.py config.py error.html index.html templates vm1.sh vm2.sh
Jungkook@Vm1CentralUS:~/azproject$ ./vm1.sh
Rules undated
```

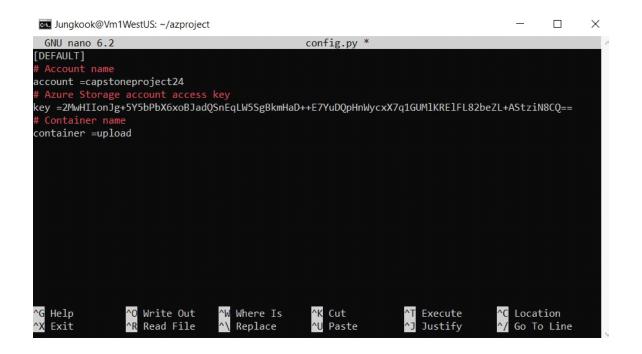
```
lungkook@Vm2WestUS:~$ git clone https://github.com/azcloudberg/azproject.git
Cloning into 'azproject'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 229, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (26/26), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (12/12), done.
remote: Total 229 (delta 21), reused 14 (delta 14), pack-reused 203 (from 1)
Receiving objects: 100% (229/229), 52.16 KiB | 1.80 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (108/108), done.
lungkook@Vm2WestUS:~$ ls
azproject
lungkook@Vm2WestUS:~$ cd azproject
lungkook@Vm2WestUS:~/azproject$ ls
README.md app.py config.py error.html index.html templates vm1.sh vm2.sh
lungkook@Vm2WestUS:~/azproject$ ./vm2.sh
```

```
Jungkook@Vm2CentralUS:~$ ls
azproject
Jungkook@Vm2CentralUS:~$ cd azproject
Jungkook@Vm2CentralUS:~/azproject$ ls
README.md app.py config.py error.html index.html templates vm1.sh vm2.sh
Jungkook@Vm2CentralUS:~/azproject$ ./vm2.sh
Jungkook@Vm2CentralUS:~/azproject$ ./vm2.sh
dit:1 bttp://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu.jammy_InRelease
```

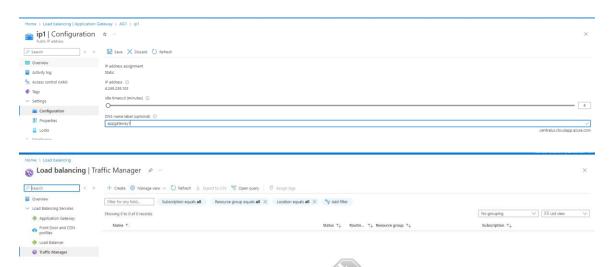




Jungkook@Vm1CentralUS:~/azproject\$ sudo nano config.py Jungkook@Vm1CentralUS:~/azproject\$

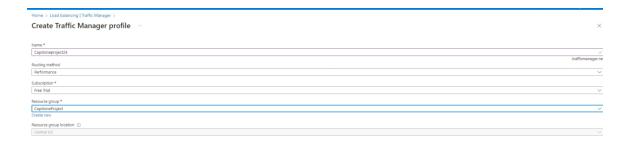


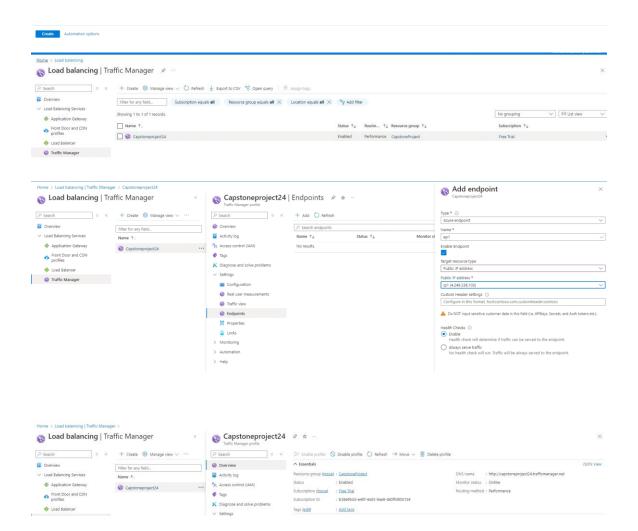






Azure Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer. This service allows you to distribute traffic to your publi facing applications across the global Azure regions. Traffic Manager also provides your public endpoints with high availability and mark repronseness.





DNS name : http://capstoneproject24.trafficmanager.net

Monitor status : Online

