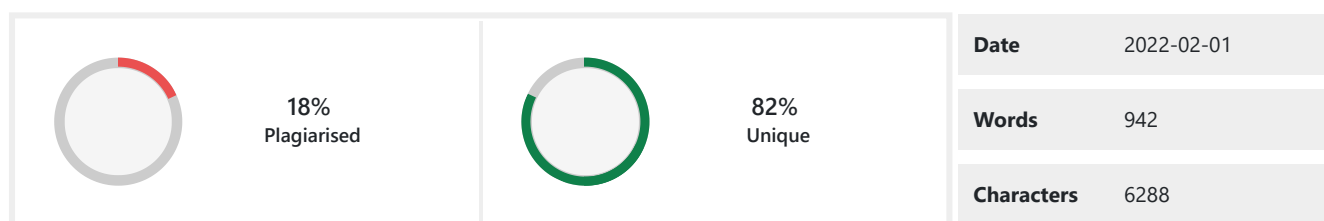


PLAGIARISM SCAN REPORT



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Science

Abstract —The start of status difficulties peaks between adolescence and young adulthood; yet, teenagers confront therapeutic barriers and are often hesitant to seek competent assistance. Many space units are instead seeking support and information about their status over the internet, particularly through social networking sites (SNSs), and so there is a good chance that SNSs will be used to offer or integrate with youth-focused on-line status interventions. Previous evaluations have looked at the effectiveness of SNSs for specific problems in young people, but none have looked at the full range of SNS-based youth status therapies available for all difficulties. I'm working on a Soul area internet application that uses HTML, CSS, and Django for the backend. The scenario is primarily for individuals who are depressed. it's It will greatly assist them in a variety of ways by taking very small efforts. As we all know, getting out of a depression is a difficult task. However, if we want to be relieved for a second, we should visit the howling website. The broadcast will be visible to everyone who visits the scenario. This feed will include mind-refreshing thonglike spiritual songs, musical style genres, and lyrics that have no meaning other than listening to them howl. There will also be some psychologically related thoughts.

Keywords — Depression, motivation, inspiration.

INTRODUCTION

The Soulspace web application is for helping the youngsters' have used the web technology for this.

As we all know many college going students as well as adult and females are worried about depression. So, This platform will help them to get rid of it.

Literature Review

One article I have studied says that Major depression is a common illness that severely limits psychosocial functioning and diminishes quality of life.

In 2008, WHO ranked major depression as the third cause of burden of disease worldwide and projected that the disease will rank first by 2030.

1 In practice, its detection, diagnosis, and management often pose challenges for clinicians because of its various presentations, unpredictable course and prognosis, and variable response to treatment.

The paper "effects of three colors in an office interior on mood and performance" includes Results of this study on mood scores concurred with findings of Kwallek, et a/. (1988), as neither study yielded differences in mean scores on anxiety, depression, or arousal for subjects in an office when painted different colors. Kwallek, et al. (1988) tested red and blue office interior colors, while this study examined white, red, and blue-green. Although we hypothesized that subjects in the red office would have the highest scores on arousal and anxiety, this was not supported. The hypothesis that the white office interior would induce higher arousal and anxiety scores than the blue-green office also was not supported. In contrast, previous findings by Walters, et a/. (1982) showed high arousal scores induced by an environment of warm colors during a work period of 5 hours on 1 day, while scores of low arousals were associated with cool colors. Jacobs and Suess (1975) found a red environment were associated with higher anxiety scores than a blue environment when measured on another instrument, the State-Trait Anxiety Inventory. When examining typing performance, subjects in this study did not achieve significantly different scores when working in an office regardless of its color-red, blue-green, or white, so our hypotheses were not supported. Similarly, the study by Kwallek, et al. (1988) gave no differences on the number of typing

errors for subjects working in red and blue offices. Only when Kwallek's subjects moved from an office of one color to an office of a different color midway during the testing period was an increase in typing errors observed. In conclusion, the effects of three colors of an office interior upon measures of subjects' mood and performance over 1 hour were not statistically significant. Either the effect is too small to be detected with samples of 15 subjects or the effect requires longer work in an office environment of different colors to produce noticeable results. Working an eight-hour period and one or more days as well as an increased sample should be studied. Then after I study to do the integration of HTML, CSS, JavaScript and Django as a backend In modern websites, there is a lot happening on the frontend.

Many websites use asset preprocessors for both CSS and JavaScript, and in this chapter, we saw a possible way to integrate those.

We also looked at how to use tools such as Webpack, React, and Selenium to add interactivity to the site, without leaving the testing part neglected.

However, Selenium tests are slow, and therefore it is best to limit those to the most critical parts of the web application.

Jest, on the other hand, tests React on its own, and it is much faster.

The libraries that I picked for this chapter are by no means the only ones present in this space. There are many tools available and you should decide which ones suit your needs and desires. The choice of tools here was mainly made based on the usage in the Django community. In the next chapter we will talk about some external Django libraries that are commonly used to add to Django even more power.

Methodology/Experimental

As the technology evolved the system of interchanging information is changed. Nowadays everyone shares information by the use of internet. To harness power of internet we use tool called as web browser and in browsers we use web applications. Web applications are the applications which are stored on the server can be downloaded on the client side just by reaching on a link and runs inside a web browser.

Matched Source

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Title:[SAMHSA's National Helpline](https://www.samhsa.gov/find-help/national-helpline)

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Major depression is a common illness that severely limits psychosocial functioning and diminishes quality of life. In 2008, WHO ranked major depression as the third cause of burden of disease worldwide and projected that the disease will rank first by 2030.¹ In practice, its detection, diagnosis, and management often pose challenges for clinicians because of its ...

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