PANDAS PART 2

Working with columns

Creating new columns

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
[17]: # create a tuple of tuples
      tpl = ((1001, 'Nagesh'), (1002, 'Laxmi'), (1003, 'Ganesh'))
[18]: df = pd.DataFrame(tpl)
[18]:
                  1
       0 1001 Nagesh
       1 1002 Laxmi
       2 1003 Ganesh
[19]: # add column names
      df.columns = ['col1', 'col2']
      df
[19]:
          col1
                 col2
       0 1001 Nagesh
       1 1002
               Laxmi
       2 1003 Ganesh
[20]: # rename the column names
      df.rename(columns= {'coll':'empid', 'col2': 'name'}, inplace=True)
      df
[20]:
         empid
                 name
          1001 Nagesh
          1002
                Laxmi
          1003 Ganesh
```

Add a new column by typing its name and values

```
[21]: # add a new column name with its values
df['dept'] = 'Sales'
df
```

[21]:

	empid	name	dept
0	1001	Nagesh	Sales
1	1002	Laxmi	Sales
2	1003	Ganesh	Sales

```
[22]: # same as above with multiple values
df['dept'] = ['Sales', 'HR', 'Production']
df
```

[22]:

	empid	name	dept
0	1001	Nagesh	Sales
1	1002	Laxmi	HR
2	1003	Ganesh	Production

Adding a new column in a particular position using insert() method

```
[23]: # insert() can be used to insert a new col in a particular location df.insert(loc=1, column='Salary', value=[35000, 22000, 25000]) df
```

[23]:

dept	name	Salary	empid	
Sales	Nagesh	35000	1001	0
HR	Laxmi	22000	1002	1
Production	Ganesh	25000	1003	2

Creating new column from existing columns

```
[24]: # create a new column income tax as 10% of Salary
df['Tax'] = df['Salary']*10/100
df
```

[24]:

	empid	Salary	name	dept	Tax
0	1001	35000	Nagesh	Sales	3500.0
1	1002	22000	Laxmi	HR	2200.0
2	1003	25000	Ganesh	Production	2500.0

Creating new column from existing columns using lambda

