

Database Assignment 1

Note : Use Emp, dept and salgrade table

1. To list all records with sal > 2000 and comm>200

Ans : select * from emp where sal>2000 and comm>200;
no rows selected

2. To list all record with job='Clerk' or sal>2000

Ans: select * from emp where job='CLERK' or sal>2000;

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09-DEC-82	3000		20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

3. To list all the record with sal=1250 or 1100 or 2850

Ans:

```
SQL> select * from emp where sal in(1250,1100,2850);
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20

4. To list all employees with sal>1250 and <2850

```
SQL> select * from emp where sal between 1250 and 2850;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30

5. To list all employees with name ends with AS

```
SQL> select * from emp where ename like '%AS';
```

no rows selected

6. To list all employees with job starts with C and ends with K

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job, '^C.*K$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

7. To list all employees with job contains L at third position and M at third last position

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job, '^...L.*M..$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7521	WARD	SALESMAN	7698	22-FEB-81	1250	500	30
7654	MARTIN	SALESMAN	7698	28-SEP-81	1250	1400	30
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30

8. To list all the record with sal not equal to 1250 or 1100 or 2850

```
SQL> select * from emp where sal not in (1250,1100,2850);
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7499	ALLEN	SALESMAN	7698	20-FEB-81	1600	300	30
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09-DEC-82	3000		20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10
7844	TURNER	SALESMAN	7698	08-SEP-81	1500	0	30
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

9. To list all employees with salnot >1250 and <2850

```
SQL> select * from emp where sal not between 1250 and 2850;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09-DEC-82	3000		20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20

10. To list all employees with job starts with C , E at 3rd position and ends with K

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job,'^C.E.*K$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

11. To list all rows with comm is null

```
SQL> select * from emp where comm is null;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10
7788	SCOTT	ANALYST	7566	09-DEC-82	3000		20
7839	KING	PRESIDENT		17-NOV-81	5000		10
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7902	FORD	ANALYST	7566	03-DEC-81	3000		20
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

12. To list all employees with sal is null and name starts with 'S'

```
SQL> select * from emp where sal is null and ename like 'S%';
```

no rows selected

13. To list all employees with job contains 5 characters

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job,'^.....$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job,'^.{5}$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7369	SMITH	CLERK	7902	17-DEC-80	800		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20
7900	JAMES	CLERK	7698	03-DEC-81	950		30
7934	MILLER	CLERK	7782	23-JAN-82	1300		10

14. To list all employees with name contain 'A' at 1 position and job Contains 5 characters

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job,'^.{5}$')and ename like 'A%';
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20

Q2. Solve the following

1. Retrieve the details (Name, Salary and dept no) of the emp who are working in department code 20, 30 and 40.

```
SQL> select ename, sal , deptno from emp where deptno in (20,30,40);
```

ENAME	SAL	DEPTNO
SMITH	800	20
ALLEN	1600	30
WARD	1250	30
JONES	2975	20
MARTIN	1250	30
BLAKE	2850	30
SCOTT	3000	20
TURNER	1500	30
ADAMS	1100	20
JAMES	950	30
FORD	3000	20

2. Display the total salary of all employees . Total salary will be calculated as $sal + comm + sal * 0.10$

```
SQL> select ename,sal,deptno,sal+nvl(comm,0)+sal*0.10 from emp;
```

ENAME	SAL	DEPTNO	SAL+NVL(COMM,0)+SAL*0.10
SMITH	800	20	880
ALLEN	1600	30	2060
WARD	1250	30	1875
JONES	2975	20	3273
MARTIN	1250	30	2775
BLAKE	2850	30	3135
CLARK	2450	10	2695
SCOTT	3000	20	3300
KING	5000	10	5500
TURNER	1500	30	1650
ADAMS	1100	20	1210
JAMES	950	30	1045
FORD	3000	20	3300
MILLER	1300	10	1430

```
14 rows selected.
```

3. List the Name and job of the emp who have joined before 1 jan 1986 and whose salary range is between 1200 and 2500. Display the columns with user defined Column headers.

```
SQL> select ename employee_name , job Designation from emp where hiredate<'1-JAN-1986' and sal between 1200 and 2500;
```

EMPLOYEE_N	DESIGNATI
ALLEN	SALESMAN
WARD	SALESMAN
MARTIN	SALESMAN
CLARK	MANAGER
TURNER	SALESMAN
MILLER	CLERK

4. List the empno, name, and department number of the emp works under manager with id 7698

```
SQL> select empno,ename,deptno from emp where mgr=7698;
```

EMPNO	ENAME	DEPTNO
7499	ALLEN	30
7521	WARD	30
7654	MARTIN	30
7844	TURNER	30
7900	JAMES	30

5. List the name, job, and salary of the emp who are working in departments 10 and 30.

```
SQL> select ename,job,sal from emp where deptno in(10,30);
```

ENAME	JOB	SAL
ALLEN	SALESMAN	1600
WARD	SALESMAN	1250
MARTIN	SALESMAN	1250
BLAKE	MANAGER	2850
CLARK	MANAGER	2450
KING	PRESIDENT	5000
TURNER	SALESMAN	1500
JAMES	CLERK	950
MILLER	CLERK	1300

9 rows selected.

6. Display name concatenated with dept code separated by comma and space. Name the column as 'Emp info'.

```
SQL> select ename || ', ' || deptno Emp_info from emp;

EMP_INFO
-----
SMITH, 20
ALLEN, 30
WARD, 30
JONES, 20
MARTIN, 30
BLAKE, 30
CLARK, 10
SCOTT, 20
KING, 10
TURNER, 30
ADAMS, 20
JAMES, 30
FORD, 20
MILLER, 10
```

7. Display the emp details who do not have manager.

```
SQL> select * from emp where mgr is null;

  EMPNO  ENAME      JOB              MGR HIREDATE          SAL         COMM         DEPTNO
-----
   7839  KING            PRESIDENT              17-NOV-81      5000                10
```

8. Write a query which will display name, department no and date of joining of all employee who were joined January 1, 1981 and March 31, 1983. Sort it based on date of joining (ascending).

```
SQL> select ename,deptno,hiredate from emp where hiredate between '01-jan-81'and '31-mar-83' order by hiredate;
```

ENAME	DEPTNO	HIREDATE
ALLEN	30	20-FEB-81
WARD	30	22-FEB-81
JONES	20	02-APR-81
BLAKE	30	01-MAY-81
CLARK	10	09-JUN-81
TURNER	30	08-SEP-81
MARTIN	30	28-SEP-81
KING	10	17-NOV-81
JAMES	30	03-DEC-81
FORD	20	03-DEC-81
MILLER	10	23-JAN-82
SCOTT	20	09-DEC-82
ADAMS	20	12-JAN-83

9. Display the employee details where the job contains word 'AGE' anywhere in the Job

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(job,'AGE');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7698	BLAKE	MANAGER	7839	01-MAY-81	2850		30
7782	CLARK	MANAGER	7839	09-JUN-81	2450		10

11. List the details of the employee , whose names start with 'A' and end with 'S' or whose names contains N as the second or third character, and ending with either 'N' or 'S'.

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(ename,'^A.*S$|^..?N')and REGEXP_LIKE(ename,'.*N$|^.*S$');
```

EMPNO	ENAME	JOB	MGR	HIREDATE	SAL	COMM	DEPTNO
7566	JONES	MANAGER	7839	02-APR-81	2975		20
7876	ADAMS	CLERK	7788	12-JAN-83	1100		20

12. List the names of the emp having '_' character in their name.

```
SQL> select * from emp where REGEXP_LIKE(ename,'_');
```

no rows selected

Group functions

1. Display the Highest, Lowest, Total & Average salary of all employee. Label the columns Maximum, Minimum, Total and Average respectively for each Department. Also round the result to the nearest whole number.

```
SQL> select max(sal) MAXIMUM,min(sal) MINIMUM,round(avg(sal),2)AVERAGE,sum(sal)TOTAL from emp;
```

MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	AVERAGE	TOTAL
5000	800	2073.21	29025

2. Display Department no and number of managers working in that department. Label the column as 'Total Number of Managers' for each department.

```
SQL> select deptno,job,count(job) Total_Number_of_Managers from emp where job='MANAGER' group by deptno,job ;
```

DEPTNO	JOB	TOTAL_NUMBER_OF_MANAGERS
20	MANAGER	1
30	MANAGER	1
10	MANAGER	1

3. Get the Department number, and sum of Salary of all non managers where the sum is greater than 20000.

```
SQL> select deptno,job,sum(sal) from emp where job!='MANAGER' group by deptno,job having sum(sal)>20000 ;
```

```
no rows selected
```