

*E:\CDAC\K10_Feb25_OOP\Feb25 OOP.java - Notepad++

File Edit Search View Encoding Language Settings Tools Macro Run Plugins Window 2

DAC Mar24 Feb25 OOP.java test.java

Kiran Waghmare abc.txt

```

1665 -Exception Handling in Java is a mechanism to handle runtime errors and
1666 maintain the normal flow of the application.
1667 -Exceptions occur when the normal execution flow is disrupted, such as
1668 invalid user input, file not found, division by zero, etc.
1669 -Java provides a robust exception-handling mechanism using try, catch,
1670 finally, throw, and throws.
1671
1672 Exception:
1673 -----
1674 -An exception is an event that occurs during the execution of a program and
1675 disrupts the normal flow of instructions.
1676 -Exceptions are represented as objects in Java and belong to the java.lang.
1677 Exception class hierarchy.
1678
1679 Ex: Exception Occurrence
1680
1681 public class ExceptionExample {
1682     public static void main(String[] args) {
1683         int result = 10 / 0; // Throws ArithmeticException
1684     }
1685 }
1686
1687 O/P :- Exception in thread "main" java.lang.ArithmaticException: / by zero
1688 length: 42,832 lines: 1,790 Ln: 1,789 Col: 23 Pos: 42,808 Windows (CR LF) UTF-8 INS

```

Java source file

BTW Smoke

Search

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CDACFeb25 - OOP/src/Day12/TestDemo1.java - Eclipse IDE

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Package Explorer Test Demo1.java TestDemo1.java Demo1.java

Talking: Kiran Waghmare

Day12 Day13

```

1 package Day12;
2
3 class A{
4
5 }
6
7 public class TestDemo1 {
8
9     public static void main(String[] args) {
10         System.out.println("Welcome java!!!");
11     }
12 }
13
14 }
15

```

Input → Processing → Report

package input; class Employee{}

package eval; class Salcal{}

package report; class Report{}

Console

Welcome java!!!

terminated> TestDemo1 Java Application C:\Users\DELL\p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.jdt\openjdk hotspot\jre\full\win32\x86_64_23.0.0.v20240919-1706\jre\bin\javaw.exe (Mar 18, 2025, 10:46:06 AM - 10:46:07 AM) [pid: 7092]

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BTW Smoke

Search

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*E:\CDACK10_Feb25 OOP\Feb25 OOP.java - Notepad++

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Folder as Workspace DAC Mar24 Feb25 OOP.java test.java

Talking: Kiran Waghmare

IDE: Eclipse, Netbeans, IntelJ, Visual Studio

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Package:

Collection of related classes and interface
-use to organize classes logically
-use it to avoid name conflicts

syntax:
package Day12;

Two types of package:

1. Built-in Package
-Predefined in Java
-Ex: java.util, java.lang, java.io

2. User defined Package
-Created by user
-Ex: developer defined named to organise the classes.

Java source file length: 43,284 lines: 1,811 Ln: 1,811 Col: 58 Pos: 43,285 Windows (CR LF) UTF-8 INS

86°F Smoke

Search

length: 43,284 lines: 1,811 Ln: 1,811 Col: 58 Pos: 43,285 Windows (CR LF) UTF-8 INS

11:03 AM 3/18/2025

Feb24 Feb25 OOP.java Test.java

syntax:
package Day12;

Two types of package:

1. Built-in Package
-Predefined in Java
-Ex: java.util, java.lang, java.io

2. User defined Package
-Created by user
-Ex: developer defined named to organise the classes.

advantages:

1. Encapsulation
2. Avoid name clashes
3. Code Reusability
4. Access Control

Talking: Kiran Waghamare

Access Modifiers

Modifier	Class	Package	Subclass	Global
Public	✓	✓	✓	✓
Protected	✓	✓	✓	✗
Default	✓	✓	✗	✗
Private	✓	✗	✗	✗

The screenshot shows a Windows desktop environment. At the top, there's a presentation slide titled "Access Modifiers" with a table comparing access levels across Class, Package, Subclass, and Global scopes. Below the slide is a Java code editor window. The code discusses user-defined packages, advantages like encapsulation and code reusability, and access modifiers. It notes that private methods can be accessed in interfaces starting from Java 9. It also lists the four access levels: public, protected, default, and private, along with their descriptions.

```

809 2. User defined Package
810   -Created by user
811   -Ex: developer defined named to organise the classes.
812
813 Advantages:
814 -----
815 1. Encapsulation
816 2. Avoid name clashes
817 3. Code Reusability
818 4. Access Control
819
820
821 Access Modifier: 1.2 version, Java 9: private methods can be access in
822 interface
823 -----
824 -public : Accessible from everywhere
825 -protected : Accessible in same package ans subclasses
826 -default : Accessible only within same package
     -private : Accessible only within the same class
  
```

```
8_Vaishnavi Kulkarni_JH Kiran Waghmare 124_Trushita Mahajan_KH 040_Gouri Chavan_KH 043_Mrunal Shedge_JH

-1.2 version,
-Java 9: private methods can be access in interface

Non-Access Modifier:
-----
-static: Belongs to classes, no objects required to create, can be called without creating an object(reference)

-final: var: constant, method: override not possible, class: cannot inherited

-abstract: class and method cannot be instantiated

-synchronized : restricts access to only one thread at a time

-volatile : value of a variable may be changed by multiple threads

-transient: prevents a field from being serialized

-native: I Specifies a method implemented in native code

-strictfp: ensure floating point
```

```
CDACFeb25 - OOP/src/Day13/Singleton.java - Eclipse IDE
File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help
Red Hat Central D Demo1.java D B.java D Employee.java D PrivateDemo.java D TestDemo.java D TestDemo2.java D String class D ConstantDesc.class
5  private static Singleton s1;
6 //Step 2
7  private Singleton() {
8      System.out.println("Singleton reference instance is created!");
9  }
10 //Step 3
11  public static Singleton getInstance() {
12      if(s1 == null) {
13          s1 = new Singleton(); //Object will be created
14      }
15      return s1;
16  }
17
18  public void show() {
19      System.out.println("Hello, I am here!");
20  }
21
22  public static void main(String args[]) {
23      Singleton obj1 = Singleton.getInstance();
24      Singleton obj2 = Singleton.getInstance();
25
26      obj1.show();
27      System.out.println(obj1 == obj2); //true
```

<terminated> Singleton [Java Application] C:\Users\057.Pradyna More_JH
Singleton reference instance is created
Hello, I am here!
true

94°F Smoke Audio Video Participants Chat React Share AI Companion Meeting Info Apps Record Show captions More Leave 1:29 PM 3/18/2025 ENG IN



CDACFeb25 - OOPJ/src/Day13/Singleton.java - Eclipse IDE

```
1 package Day13;
2
3 public class Singleton {
4     //Step 1
5     private static Singleton s1;
6     //Step 2
7     private Singleton() {
8         System.out.println("Singleton reference instance is created!");
9     }
10    //Step 3
11    public static Singleton getInstance() {
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14        }
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23        Singleton obj1 = Singleton.getInstance();
24
25        obj1.show();
26        System.out.println(obj1 == obj2); //true
27    }
28
29
30 }
```

From 006_akshay_janrao_JH to e... x

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CDACFeb25 - OOPJ/src/Day13/Singleton.java - Eclipse IDE

```
10    //Step 3
11    public static Singleton getInstance() {
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21
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23        Singleton obj1 = Singleton.getInstance();
24        Singleton obj2 = Singleton.getInstance();
25
26        obj1.show();
27        System.out.println(obj1 == obj2); //true
28    }
29
30 }
```

From 006_akshay_janrao_JH to e... x

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CDACFeb25 - OOP/src/Day13/Singleton.java - Eclipse IDE

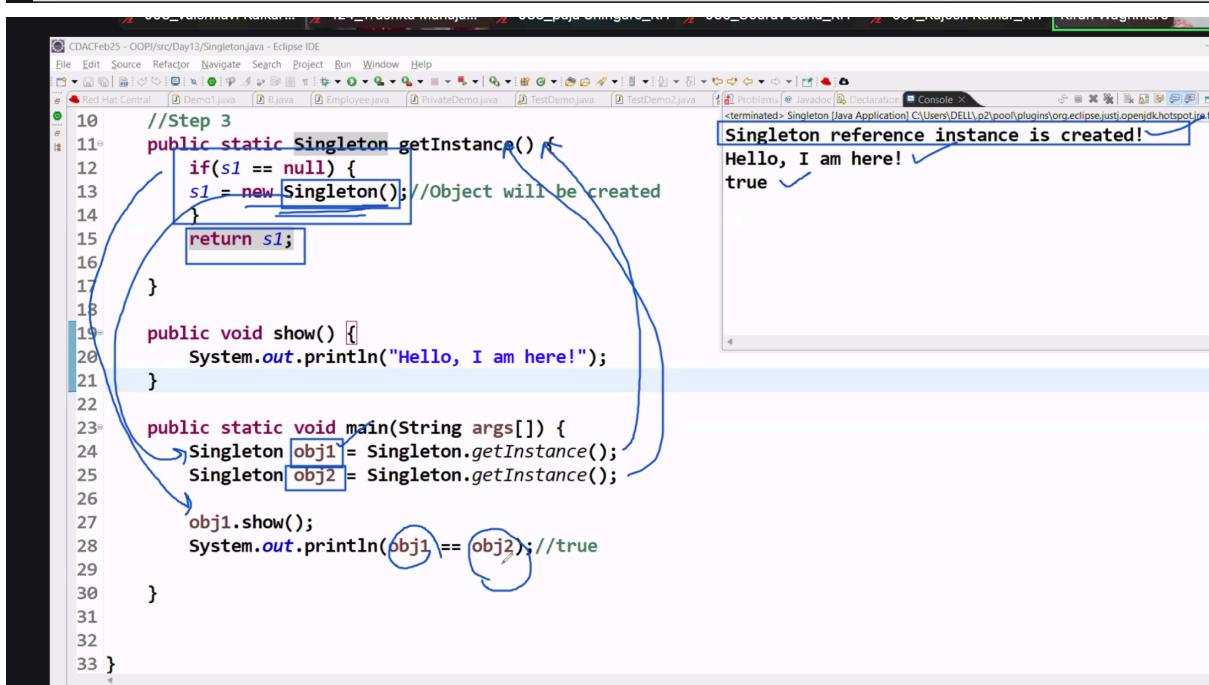
```
10 //Step 3
11 public static Singleton getInstance() {
12     if(s1 == null) {
13         s1 = new Singleton(); //Object will be created
14     }
15     return s1;
16 }
17
18
19 public void show() {
20     System.out.println("Hello, I am here!");
21 }
22
23 public static void main(String args[]) {
24     Singleton obj1 = Singleton.getInstance();
25     Singleton obj2 = Singleton.getInstance();
26
27     obj1.show();
28     System.out.println(obj1 == obj2); //true
29 }
30
31
32
33 }
```

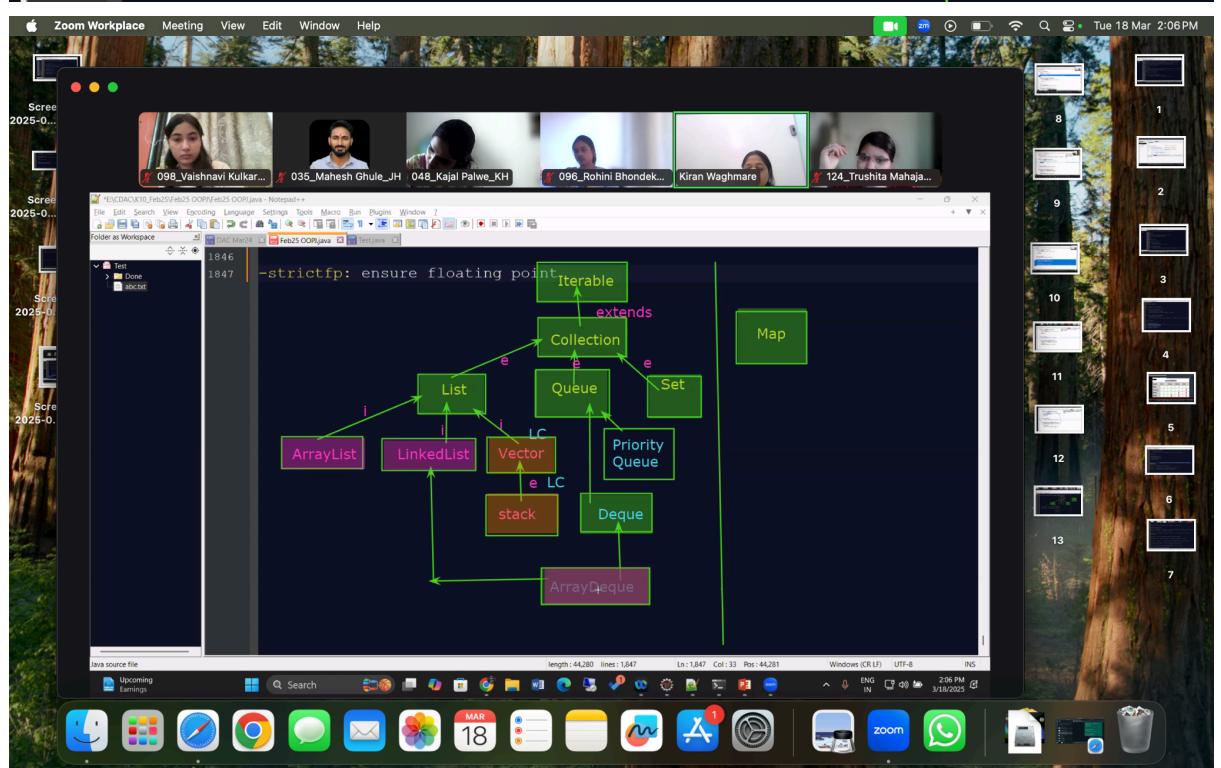
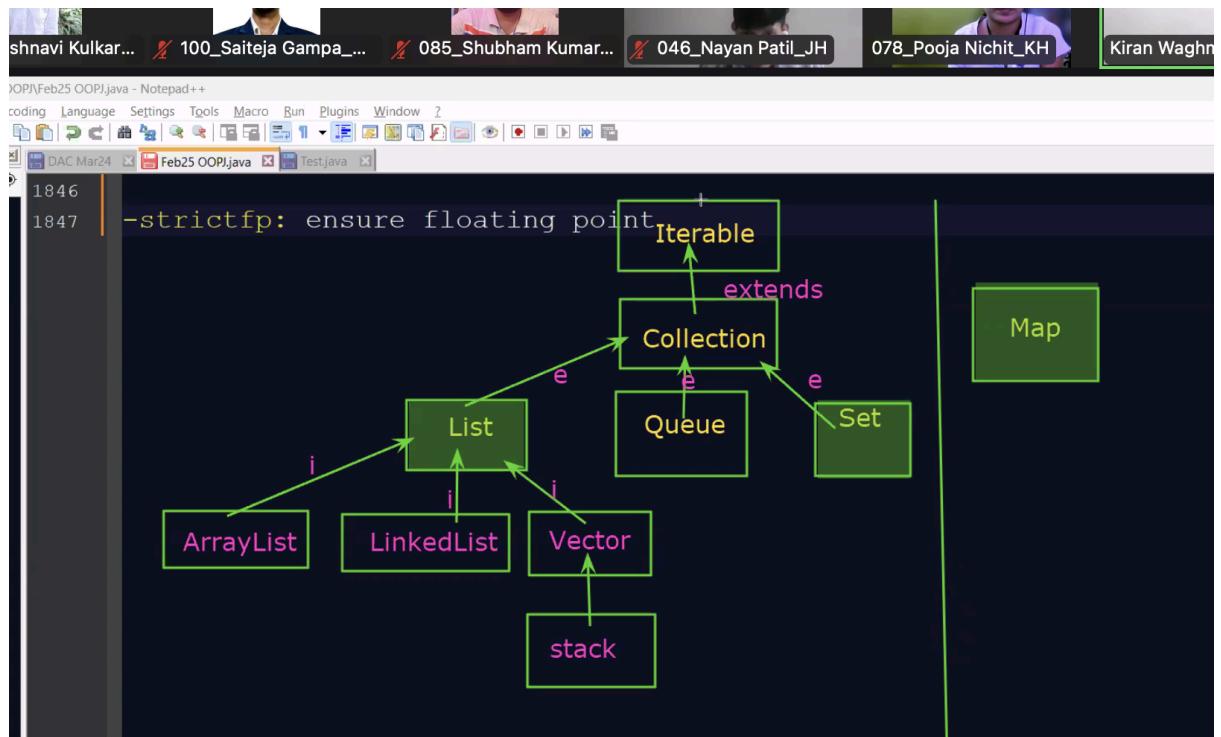
Singleton reference instance is created!
Hello, I am here!
true

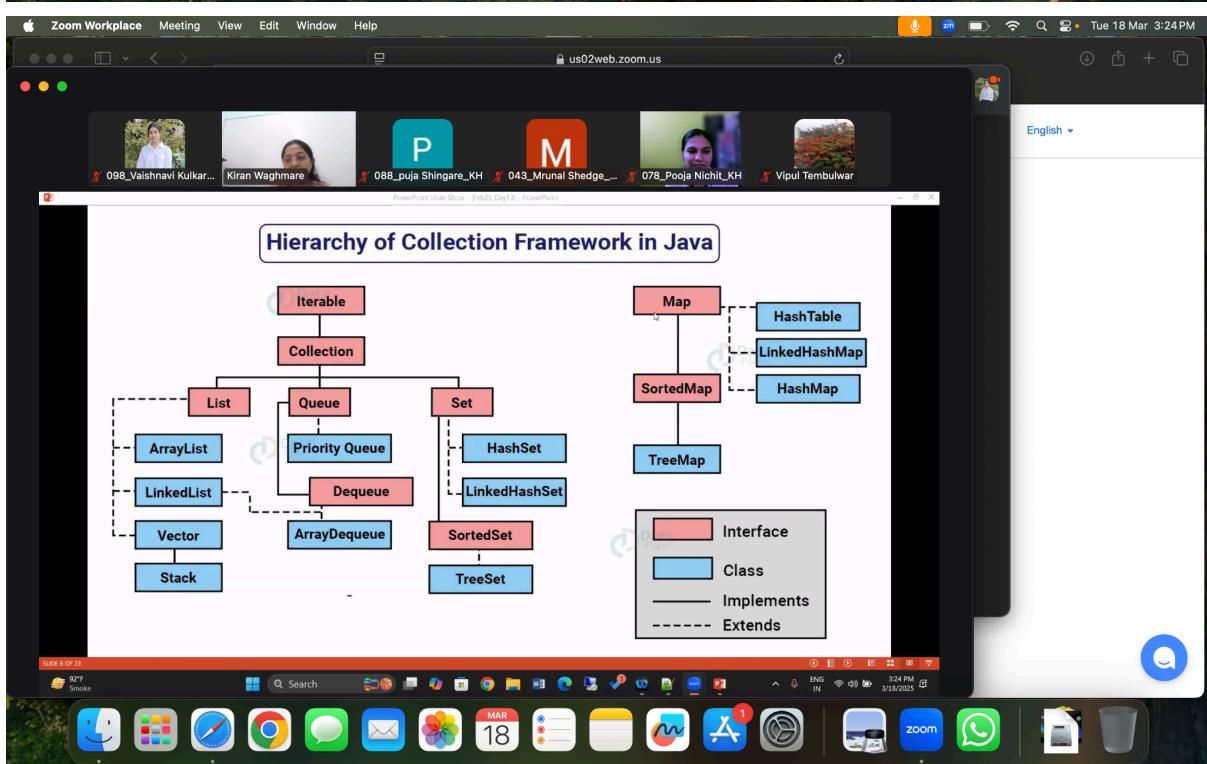
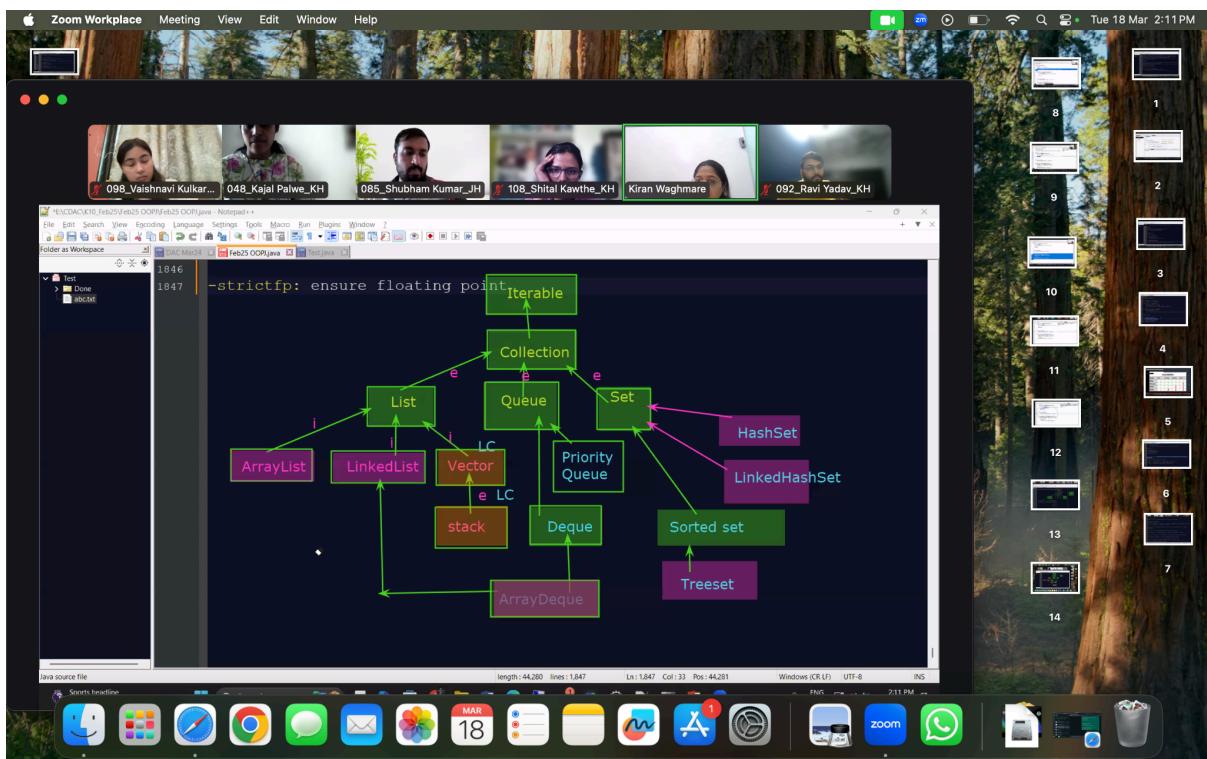
CDACFeb25 - OOP/src/Day13/Singleton.java - Eclipse IDE

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25     Singleton obj2 = Singleton.getInstance();
26
27     obj1.show();
28     System.out.println(obj1 == obj2); //true
29 }
30
31
32
33 }
```

Singleton reference instance is created!
Hello, I am here! ✓
true ✓







```

1852 - ready made architecture composed of classes and interface
1853
1854 ArrayList:
1855
1856 ArrayList al = new ArrayList();
1857 al.add(10);
1858 al.add("10");
1859 al.add(10);
1860
1861 ArrayList<String> al = new ArrayList<>();
1862 ArrayList al = new ArrayList();
1863
1864 al.add(10.0);
1865 al.add("10"); // Error
1866 al.add(10.0);
1867

68
69 LinkedList l1 = new LinkedList();
70 LinkedList<Integer> l1 = new LinkedList<>();
71 l1.add(23);
72
73 Vector v = new Vector();
74 Vector<String> v = new Vector<>();
75 v.add("Abc");
76
77 Stack s1 = new Stack();
78 Stack<String> s1 = new Stack<>();
79 stack.push("Ketki");

```

```

1881 stack.push("Ketki");
1882
1883 List Interface: (Ordered collection, Allow duplicates)
1884 Implements:
1885     -ArrayList : Fast retrieval, slow insertion/deletion
1886     -LinkedList: Fast insertion/deletion
1887     -Vector : Legacy class
1888     -Stack : LIFO(Last In First Out)
1889
1890     List l1 = new ArrayList();
1891     List l1 = new LinkedList();

```



```

2     Collection l1 = new ArrayList();
3     List<Integer> l1 = new ArrayList<>();
4
5 Set Interface: (Unique elements)
6 Implements:
7   -HashSet : Unordered, fast access
8   -LinkedHashSet : Maintains insertion order
9   -TreeSet : Sorted order

```

4
3
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Finder File Edit View Go Window Help

Tue 18 Mar 4:30PM

File Edit Search View Encoding Language Setting Tools Macro Run Plugins Window ?

Folder as Workspace

Feb25 OOP.java

```

1890 List l1 = new ArrayList();
1891 List l1 = new LinkedList();
1892 Collection l1 = new ArrayList();
1893 List<Integer> l1 = new ArrayList<>();
1894
1895 Set Interface: (Unique elements, no duplicates)
1896 Implements:
1897   -HashSet : Unordered, fast access
1898   -LinkedHashSet : Maintains insertion order
1899   -TreeSet : Sorted order
1900
1901 Set s1 = new HashSet();
1902 Set<Integer> s1 = new HashSet<>();
1903 Set<int> s1 = new HashSet<>(); //Error
1904
1905 Queue Interface: FIFO (First In First Order)
1906 Implementation:
1907   -Priority Queue : Orders element based on priority
1908   -ArrayDeque : Double ended queue
1909
1910 Queue s1 = new PriorityQueue();

```

Java source file

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ENG IN 4:30 PM 3/18/2025

Mac OS X Dock icons: Finder, Mail, Safari, Calendar, Reminders, Notes, Stocks, Wallet, App Store, App Icons, Zoom, WhatsApp, Files, Screen Mirroring, Control Center, and others.