NUMPY_COMPLETE_Buildin_Function

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
In [3]: # Create an array from a list
        a = np.array([1,2,3])
        print('Array a:',a)
       Array a: [1 2 3]
In [4]: # Create an array with evenly spaced values
        b = np.arange(0,10,2) # Values from 0 to 10 with step 2
        print('Array b:',b)
       Array b: [0 2 4 6 8]
In [5]: # Create an array with linear spaced values
        c = np.linspace(0,1,5) # 5 values evenly spaced between 0 and 1
        print('Array c:',c)
       Array c: [0. 0.25 0.5 0.75 1. ]
In [6]: #Create an array filled with zeros
        ex = np.zeros(5)
        print('Array ex:',ex)
       Array ex: [0. 0. 0. 0. 0.]
In [7]: # Create an array filled with zeros
                              # if use single bracket 3 will consider as datatype
        d = np.zeros((2,3))
        print('Array d:\n',d)
       Array d:
        [[0. 0. 0.]
        [0. 0. 0.]]
In [8]: # Create an array filled with zeros
        e = np.ones((3,2)) # if use single bracket 2 will consider as datatype
        print('Array e:\n',e)
       Array e:
        [[1. 1.]]
        [1. 1.]
        [1. 1.]
In [9]: # Create an identity matrix
        f = np.eye(4) # 4*4 identity matrix
        print('identity matrix f:\n',f)
       identity matrix f:
        [[1. 0. 0. 0.]
        [0. 1. 0. 0.]
        [0. 0. 1. 0.]
        [0. 0. 0. 1.]]
```

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In [10]: # Reshape an array
         a1 = np.array([1,2,3])
         reshaped = np.reshape(a1,(1,3)) # reshape as 1*3 matrix
         print('Reshaped array:',reshaped)
        Reshaped array: [[1 2 3]]
In [11]: | a= np.arange(0,4)
         b = np.reshape(a,(2,2))
Out[11]: array([[0, 1],
                [2, 3]])
In [12]: # Flatten an array
         f1 = np.array([[1,2],[3,4]])
         flattened = np.ravel(f1) # flatten to 1 D array
         print('Flattedned array f1:', flattened)
        Flattedned array f1: [1 2 3 4]
In [13]: # Transpose an array
         e1 = np.array([[1,2],[3,4]])
         transposed = np.transpose(e1)
                                          # Transpose the array
         print('Transposed array:\n',transposed)
         # transpose array is new array got by swaping the values of original array
        Transposed array:
         [[1 3]
         [2 4]]
In [14]: # Stack arrays vertically
         a2 = np.array([1,2])
         b2 = np.array([3,4])
         stacked = np.vstack([a2,b2]) # Stack a and b vertically
         print('Stacked arrays:\n',stacked)
        Stacked arrays:
         [[1 2]
         [3 4]]
In [15]: # Add two arrays
         g = np.array([1,2,3,4])
         added = np.add(g,2) # Add 2 to each element
         print('Added 2 to g:',added)
        Added 2 to g: [3 4 5 6]
In [16]: # Square of each element
         squared= np.power(g,2) # Square of each element
         print('Squared g:',squared)
        Squared g: [ 1 4 9 16]
In [17]: # Square root of each element
         sqrt_val = np.sqrt(g) # Square root of each element
         print('Square root of g:',sqrt val)
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Square root of g: [1.
                                    1.41421356 1.73205081 2.
                                                                    1
In [18]: print (a1)
         print(g)
        [1 2 3]
        [1 2 3 4]
In [19]: # Dot product of two arrays
         a2 = np.array([1,2,3])
                                     # dot product of a and g
         dot_product = np.dot(a2,g)
         print('Dot product of a and g;', dot_product)
        ValueError
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[19], line 3
             1 # Dot product of two arrays
             2 a2 = np.array([1,2,3])
                                            # dot product of a and g
        ----> 3 dot product = np.dot(a2,g)
             4 print('Dot product of a and g;', dot_product)
       ValueError: shapes (3,) and (4,) not aligned: 3 (dim 0) != 4 (dim 0)
In [20]: a= np.arange(1,4)
In [21]: print(a)
         print(a1)
        [1 2 3]
        [1 2 3]
In [22]: dot_product = np.dot(a1,a) # Dot product of a and g
         print('Dot product of a1 and a:',dot_product)
       Dot product of a1 and a: 14
In [23]: # Mean of array
         s = np.array([1,2,3,4])
         mean = np.mean(s)
         print('Mean of s:',mean)
       Mean of s: 2.5
In [24]: # Standard deviation of array
         std dev = np.std(s)
         print('Standard deviation of s:',std_dev)
        Standard deviation of s: 1.118033988749895
In [25]: # Minimum element of array
         minimum = np.min(s)
         print('Minimum value of s:',minimum)
        Minimum value of s: 1
In [26]: # Maximum element of an array
         maximum = np.max(s)
         print('Maximum of s:',maximum)
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Maximum of s: 4
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In [27]: # Create a matrix
         matrix = np.array([[1,2],[3,4]])
In [28]: # Determinant of a matrix
         determinant = np.linalg.det(matrix)
         print('Determinant of matrix:',determinant)
        Determinant of matrix: -2.00000000000000000
In [29]: # Inverse of a metrix
         inverse = np.linalg.inv(matrix)
         print('Inverse of matrix:\n',inverse)
        Inverse of matrix:
         [-2. 1.]
         [1.5 - 0.5]
In [30]: # Generate random values between 0 and 1
         random vals = np.random.rand(3)
                                          # Array of 3 random values between 0 to 1
         print('Rndom valiues:',random vals)
        Rndom valiues: [0.52523076 0.21826376 0.22879057]
In [31]: # Set seed for reproduciability
         np.random.seed(0)
         # Generate random values between 0 and 1
         random vals = np.random.rand(3) # Array of 3 random values between 0 to 1
         print('Rndom valiues:',random_vals)
        Rndom valiues: [0.5488135  0.71518937  0.60276338]
In [32]: # Generate random integers
         rand ints = np.random.randint(0,10,size=5) # 5 random integers between 0 to 10
         print('Randonintegers:',rand_ints)
        Randonintegers: [3 7 9 3 5]
In [33]: # Setting seed for reproduciability
         np.random.seed(0)
         # there can be any value in place of 0; random output will be according to this see
         # Generate random integers
         rand ints = np.random.randint(0,10,size=5) # 5 random integers between 0 to 10
         print('Randonintegers:',rand_ints)
        Randonintegers: [5 0 3 3 7]
In [34]: # Setting seed for reproduciability
         np.random.seed(3)
         # there can be any value in place of 0; random output will be according to this see
         # Generate random integers
         rand ints = np.random.randint(0,10,size=5) # 5 random integers between 0 to 10
         print('Randonintegers:',rand_ints)
        Randonintegers: [8 9 3 8 8]
```

for that specific seed value it reproduces same random output values

```
In [35]: # Check if all elements are True
         # all
         logical test = np.array([True,False,True])
         all true = np.all(logical test) # Check if all elements are True
         print("All elements True:",all_true)
        All elements True: False
In [36]: # Check if all elements are True
         # all
         logical test = np.array([False,False,False])
         all true = np.all(logical test) # Check if all elements are True
         print("All elements True:",all true)
        All elements True: False
In [37]: # Check if any elements are True
         # any
         logical test = np.array([True,False,True])
         any true = np.any(logical test) # Check if any are True
         print("Any elements True:",any_true)
        Any elements True: True
In [38]: # Intersection of two arrays
         set_a = np.array([1,2,3,4])
         set_b = ([3,4,5,6])
         intersection = np.intersect1d(set_a,set_b)
         print('Intersection of a and b:',intersection)
        Intersection of a and b: [3 4]
In [39]: # Union of two arrays
         union = np.union1d(set_a, set_b)
         print('Union of a and b:',union)
        Union of a and b: [1 2 3 4 5 6]
In [40]: # Array attributes
         a = np.array([1,2,3])
         shape = a.shape
                                 # shape of the aarray
         size = a.size # Number of element
         dimensions = a.ndim # Number of dimensions
         dtype = a.dtype # Data type of the array
         print('Shape of a:',shape)
         print('Size of a:',size)
         print('Dimensions of a:',dimensions)
         print('Data type of a :',dtype)
        Shape of a: (3,)
        Size of a: 3
        Dimensions of a: 1
        Data type of a : int32
```

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In [41]: # Create a copy of an array
    a = np.array([1,2,3])
    copied_array = np.copy(a) # Create a copy of array a
    print('Copied array:',copied_array)

Copied array: [1 2 3]

In [42]: # Size in bytes of an array
    array_size_in_bytes = a.nbytes # size in bytes
    print('Size of array in bytes:',array_size_in_bytes)

Size of array in bytes: 12

In [43]: # Check if two array share memory
    shared = np.shares_memory(a,copied_array) # check if a and copied_array sha
    print('Do a and copied_array share memory? :',shared)

Do a and copied_array share memory? : False
```