

Experiment No.2

Title : Sorting on Array

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Program1:

Quick Sort -

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#define SIZE 50
```

```
void swap(int *x, int *y)
```

```
{
```

```
    int temp = *x;
```

```
    *x = *y;
```

```
    *y = temp;
```

```
}
```

```
int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
```

```
    int pivot = arr[low];
```

```
    int start = low;
```

```
    int end = high;
```

```

while (start < end)
{
    while (arr[start] <= pivot)
        start++;
    while (arr[end] > pivot)
        end--;
    if (start < end)
        swap(&arr[start], &arr[end]);
}
swap(&arr[low], &arr[end]);
return end;
}

void quick_sort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
    if (low < high) {
        int loc = partition(arr, low, high);
        quick_sort(arr, low, loc - 1);
        quick_sort(arr, loc + 1, high);
    }
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int arr[SIZE], n, i;

    printf("\nQuick Sort\n\n");

    printf("Enter size of array (max %d): ", SIZE);

    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter array elements:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }

    printf("\nUnsorted Array:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
    }

    printf("\nApplying Quick Sort");

    quick_sort(arr, 0, n - 1);

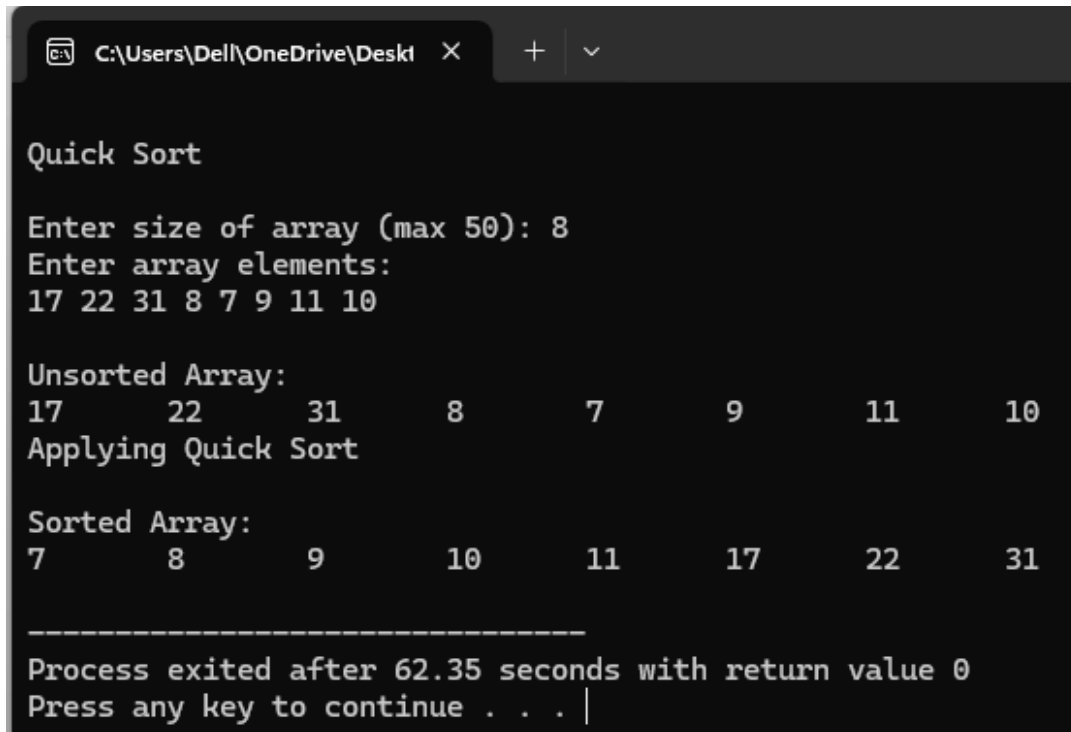
    printf("\n\nSorted Array:\n");

    for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        printf("%d\t", arr[i]);
    }
}

```

```
    printf("%n");  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window with the title bar "C:\Users\Del\OneDrive\Deskt". The program output is as follows:

```
Quick Sort  
  
Enter size of array (max 50): 8  
Enter array elements:  
17 22 31 8 7 9 11 10  
  
Unsorted Array:  
17      22      31      8      7      9      11      10  
Applying Quick Sort  
  
Sorted Array:  
7       8       9       10      11      17      22      31  
  
-----  
Process exited after 62.35 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . . |
```

Program2:

Merge Sort -

```
#include <stdio.h>  
  
#define SIZE 50  
  
void merge(int arr[], int lb, int mid, int ub)  
{  
  
    int brr[SIZE];
```

```
    int i = lb;
    int j = mid + 1;
    int k = lb;
while (i <= mid && j <= ub)
{
    if (arr[i] < arr[j])
    {
        brr[k++] = arr[i++];
    }
    else
    {
        brr[k++] = arr[j++];
    }
    while (i <= mid)
    {
        brr[k++] = arr[i++];
    }
    while (j <= ub)
    {
        brr[k++] = arr[j++];
    }
}
```

```

        for (k = lb; k <= ub; k++)
        {
            arr[k] = brr[k];
        }
    }

```

```

void mergeSort(int arr[], int lb, int ub)
{
    if (lb < ub)
    {
        int mid = (lb + ub) / 2;
        mergeSort(arr, lb, mid);
        mergeSort(arr, mid + 1, ub);
        merge(arr, lb, mid, ub);
    }
}

```

```

int main()
{
    int arr[SIZE], n;
    int i;
    printf("¥nMerge Sort¥n");
}

```

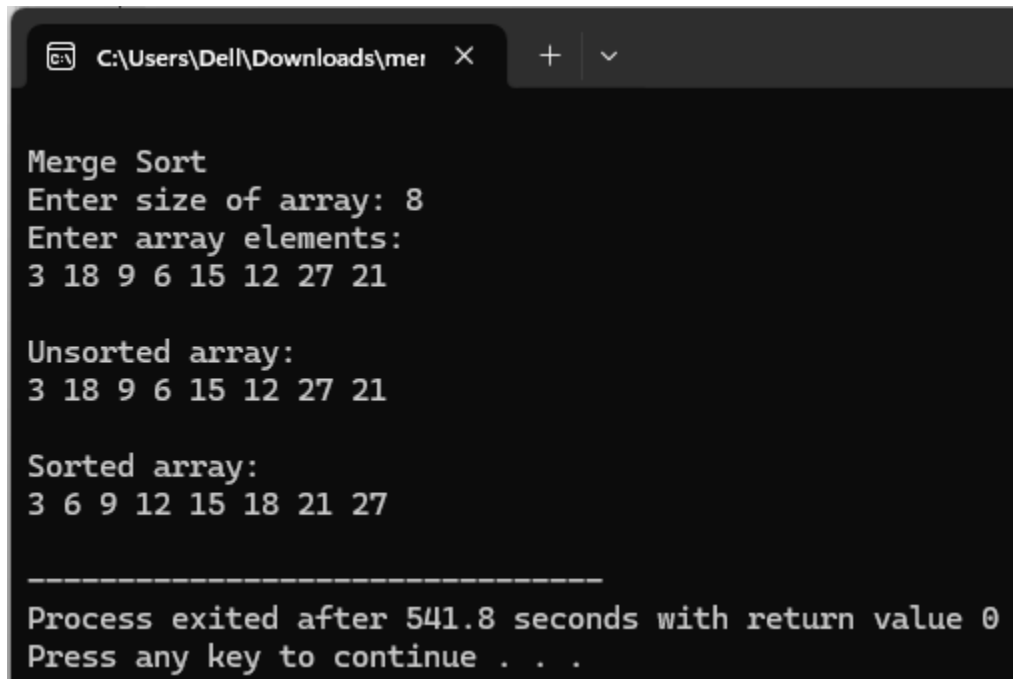
```

printf("Enter size of array: ");
scanf("%d", &n);
    if (n > SIZE)
{
printf("Array size exceeds maximum allowed size (%d).\n", SIZE);
    return 1;
}
printf("Enter array elements:\n");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++) {
scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}
printf("\nUnsorted array:\n");
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}
mergeSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
printf("\n\nSorted array:\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");

```

```
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Del\Downloads\mer X + v  
  
Merge Sort  
Enter size of array: 8  
Enter array elements:  
3 18 9 6 15 12 27 21  
  
Unsorted array:  
3 18 9 6 15 12 27 21  
  
Sorted array:  
3 6 9 12 15 18 21 27  
  
-----  
Process exited after 541.8 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```