



END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT (ESA) B TECH. I SEMESTER DEC 2018

ENGINEERING PHYSICS

Time: 3 hours

Answer all questions

Max marks: 100

Useful constants:	$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$	$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12} \text{ Fm}^{-1}$	$m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$	$N_A = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ per mol}$	
1 a)	Using Maxwell's wave equations for electromagnetic waves in free space, estimate the energy carried by EM waves.		6
b)	Estimate the Compton shift for X rays scattered at 95° with respect to the incident direction. If the momentum of the scattered X rays is $4.5 \times 10^{-24} \text{ kg m s}^{-1}$ estimate the wavelength of the incident X Rays.		4
c)	Elaborate the concept of matter waves and obtain the expression for the phase and group velocities associated with wave packets.		5
d)	What is the physical significance of normalization of a wave function? Normalize the wave function given by $\psi = A \sin(\frac{\pi}{2}x)$ for $0 < x < 1$ and $\psi = 0$ for all other x .		5
2 a)	Starting from the Schrodinger's time dependent wave equation arrive at the Schrodinger's time independent wave equation.		5
b)	An electron of energy 3eV is incident on a potential step of height 2.75eV. Calculate the probability of transmission over the potential step.		5
c)	In radio activity alpha particle emission is explained as a case of barrier tunneling . Justify the explanation.		5
d)	Discuss the wave functions of a particle in a finite potential well and the method of estimating the energy of the particle in the first state.		5
3 a)	Discuss the concept of Fermi energy and Fermi factor for valence electrons in a metal. Estimate the Fermi factor of an energy state 0.01eV below the Fermi level at 500K		5
b)	From the expression for the density of states for free electrons in a metal with n electrons per unit volume, obtain an expression for the Fermi energy of electrons at zero Kelvin.		5
3c)	Estimate the molar specific heat of free electrons at 500K as per the quantum free electron theory if the Fermi energy of the metal is 3.75 eV.		5
3d)	Draw the E – k graph for electrons in metal as per the band theory of solids and discuss the concept of the effective mass of electrons in the conduction band of the metal.		5

4 a)	From the concept of Einstein's interaction of radiation with matter find the ratios of i) the rate of stimulated emission to the rate of induced absorption. ii) the rate of spontaneous emission to the rate of induced absorption Hence prove that $\frac{R_{\text{spont emission}}}{R_{\text{induced absorption}}} = \frac{N_1 - N_2}{N_1}$	5
b)	Discuss the temporal and spatial coherence of a laser. Why is coherence an important property of the laser?	5
c)	Outline the principles behind the working of a semiconductor laser. Discuss the active medium, energy pump and cavity for the laser system.	6
d)	An emission system has two levels which gives rise to an emission wavelength of 546.1 nm . If the population of the lower state is 4×10^{22} at 600 K , estimate the population of the higher energy state.	4
5 a)	Elaborate on the Curie's law for paramagnetic materials. What are the arguments proposed by Weiss to modify the Curie's law?	5
b)	Elaborate on spin ordered magnetic materials and their classification.	6
c)	A solid dielectric has 5×10^{28} atoms per unit volume and a dielectric constant of 4. Estimate the atomic polarisability.	4
d)	Discuss Ferroelectric materials with a suitable example and discuss the hysteresis in the polarization with varying electric field.	5

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