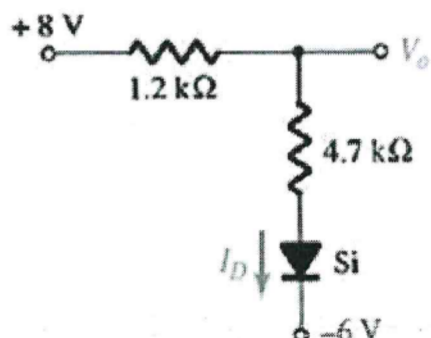
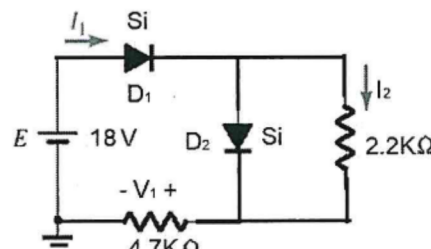
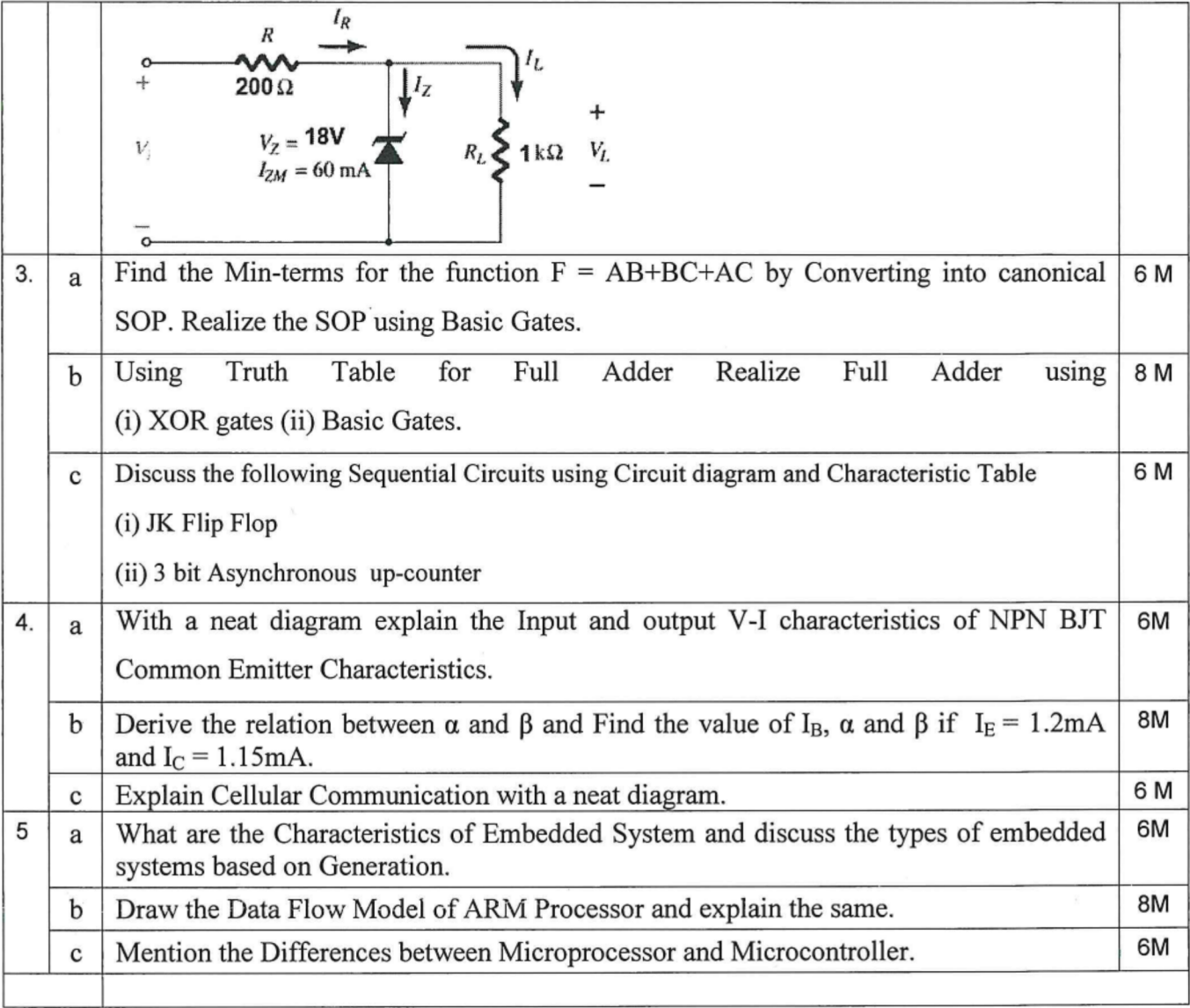


1.	a	<p>Give the Difference between the following.</p> <p>(i) Avalanche Breakdown and Zener Breakdown</p> <p>(ii) Static Resistance and Dynamic Resistance</p> <p>(iii) Ideal diode and Practical diode</p>	6M
	b	<p>Solve the following using second approximation for a diode.</p> <p>(i) Determine V_o and I_D</p>  <p>(ii) Determine I_1, I_2 and V_1 for the circuit shown in the Figure below</p> 	8M
	c	<p>Using Shockley's equation, Find the diode current I_d for a silicon Diode, if the applied voltage $V_D=0.71$ and Reverse Saturation Current is 4×10^{-12} A at a temp of 30° C. Consider ($\eta=1$).</p>	6M
2.	a	<p>With a neat circuit diagram and waveforms explain Half wave Rectifier</p>	6M
	b	<p>Derive the expression for I_{dc}, I_{rms} and hence find the Efficiency for Full wave Rectifier</p>	8M
	c	<p>Determine the range of values of V_i that will maintain the Zener diode in the “on” state.</p>	6M



3.	a	Find the Min-terms for the function $F = AB+BC+AC$ by Converting into canonical SOP. Realize the SOP using Basic Gates.	6 M
	b	Using Truth Table for Full Adder Realize Full Adder using (i) XOR gates (ii) Basic Gates.	8 M
	c	Discuss the following Sequential Circuits using Circuit diagram and Characteristic Table (i) JK Flip Flop (ii) 3 bit Asynchronous up-counter	6 M
4.	a	With a neat diagram explain the Input and output V-I characteristics of NPN BJT Common Emitter Characteristics.	6M
	b	Derive the relation between α and β and Find the value of I_B , α and β if $I_E = 1.2\text{mA}$ and $I_C = 1.15\text{mA}$.	8M
	c	Explain Cellular Communication with a neat diagram.	6 M
5	a	What are the Characteristics of Embedded System and discuss the types of embedded systems based on Generation.	6M
	b	Draw the Data Flow Model of ARM Processor and explain the same.	8M
	c	Mention the Differences between Microprocessor and Microcontroller.	6M