



**PES UNIVERSITY, BANGALORE**  
(Established under Karnataka Act 16 of 2013)

**UE20MA151**

**END SEMESTER ASSESSMENT B. Tech. II SEMESTER– Dec 2021**  
**UE20MA151 – Engineering Mathematics - II**

**Time: 3 Hrs**

**Answer All Questions**

**Max Marks: 100**

1.	a)	Find the average value of the function $\sqrt{xy - y^2}$ over the triangle with vertex (0,0), (10, 1), (1,1).	6
	b)	Change the order of integration in $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} xy \, dy \, dx$ and hence evaluate.	7
	c)	Find the volume of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 2ax$ intercepted between the paraboloid $z = \frac{x^2+y^2}{2a}$ and the xyplane.	7
2.	a)	Find the constants a, b if the directional derivative of the function $\phi = ay^2 + 2bxy + xz$ at $P(1, 2, -1)$ is maximum in the direction of the tangent to the curve, $\vec{r} = (t^3 - 1)\hat{i} + (3t - 1)\hat{j} + (t^2 - 1)\hat{k}$ at the point (0, 2, 0).	6
	b)	Show that $\vec{F} = (x^2 + xy^2)\hat{i} + (y^2 + x^2y)\hat{j}$ is conservative force field and find the scalar potential $\phi$ such that $\vec{F} = \nabla\phi$ .	7
	c)	Using divergence theorem, evaluate $\iiint_S \vec{A} \cdot \hat{n} \, dS$ where $\vec{A} = x^3\hat{i} + y^3\hat{j} + z^3\hat{k}$ and S is the surface of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = a^2$ .	7
3.	a)	Find the Laplace transform of $t \cdot u(t - 4) + t^2 \cdot \delta(t - 4) + t \cdot \cos 2t + \sqrt{t} \cdot e^{4t} + \frac{\sin at}{t} + 5^t$	6
	b)	Sketch the graph of $f(t)$ as a periodic function and show that $L\{f(t)\} = \frac{1}{s^2} \tanh\left(\frac{as}{2}\right)$ $f(t) = \begin{cases} t & 0 \leq t \leq a \\ 2a - t & a < t \leq 2a \end{cases}, \quad f(t + 2a) = f(t)$	7
	c)	Express the following function $f(t)$ in terms of unit step function and hence find the Laplace transform $f(t) = \begin{cases} t - 1 & 1 < t < 2 \\ 3 - t & 2 < t < 3 \end{cases}$	7
4.	a)	Evaluate $L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3s+7}{(s^2+6s+10)^2}\right\}$ , $L^{-1}\left\{\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{2}{s^2}\right)\right\}$	6
	b)	Solve the differential equation $ty'' + 2y' + ty = \cos t$ , if $y(0) = 1$ , $y'(0) = 0$ using Laplace transform.	7
	c)	Using convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{(s+1)(s^2+1)}\right]$	7

5.	a)	Find the Fourier Series expansion of $f(x) = 2x - x^2$ in the interval $0 < x < 3$ and hence deduce that $\frac{1}{1^2} - \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} - \frac{1}{4^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi}{12}$	7																
	b)	By using the sine series for $f(x) = 1$ in $0 < x < \pi$ , show that $\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8}$ .	6																
	c)	Find the direct current part and the first two harmonics from the following table consisting of the variations of periodic current over a period T. <table><tr><td>t sec</td><td>0</td><td><math>T/6</math></td><td><math>T/3</math></td><td><math>T/2</math></td><td><math>2T/3</math></td><td><math>5T/6</math></td><td>T</td></tr><tr><td>A amp</td><td>1.98</td><td>1.30</td><td>1.05</td><td>1.30</td><td>-0.88</td><td>-0.25</td><td>1.98</td></tr></table>	t sec	0	$T/6$	$T/3$	$T/2$	$2T/3$	$5T/6$	T	A amp	1.98	1.30	1.05	1.30	-0.88	-0.25	1.98	7
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