

## planetmath.org

Math for the people, by the people.

## Stolz-Cesaro theorem

Canonical name StolzCesaroTheorem
Date of creation 2013-03-22 13:17:16
Last modified on 2013-03-22 13:17:16

Owner CWoo (3771) Last modified by CWoo (3771)

Numerical id 9

Author CWoo (3771)
Entry type Theorem
Classification msc 40A05
Related topic CesaroMean

Related topic Example Using Stolz Cesaro Theorem

Related topic KroneckersLemma

Let  $(a_n)_{n\geq 1}$  and  $(b_n)_{n\geq 1}$  be two sequences of real numbers. If  $b_n$  is positive, strictly increasing and unbounded and the following limit exists:

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{a_{n+1} - a_n}{b_{n+1} - b_n} = l$$

Then the limit:

$$\lim_{n\to\infty}\frac{a_n}{b_n}$$

also exists and it is equal to l.

**Remark.** This theorem is also valid if  $a_n$  and  $b_n$  are monotone, tending to 0.