



Math for the people, by the people.

proof of ratio test

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Assume $k < 1$. By definition $\exists N$ such that
 $n > N \implies \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} - k \right| < \frac{1-k}{2} \implies \left| \frac{a_{n+1}}{a_n} \right| < \frac{1+k}{2} < 1$
 i.e. eventually the series $|a_n|$ becomes less than a convergent geometric series, therefore a shifted subsequence of $|a_n|$ converges by the comparison test. Note that a general sequence b_n converges iff a shifted subsequence of b_n converges. Therefore, by the absolute convergence theorem, the series a_n converges.

Similarly for $k > 1$ a shifted subsequence of $|a_n|$ becomes greater than a geometric series tending to ∞ , and so also tends to ∞ . Therefore a_n diverges.