

## Experiment No-6

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Batch – B

Problem statement: Represent a given graph using an adjacency list or array and find the shortest path using Dijkstra's algorithm.

Code:

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
typedef pair<int, int> iPair;
struct Graph
{
    int V, E;
    vector<pair<int, iPair>> edges;
    Graph(int V, int E)
    {
        this->V = V;
        this->E = E;
    }
    void addEdge(int u, int v, int w)
    {
        edges.push_back({w, {u, v}});
    }
    int kruskalMST();
};
struct DisjointSets
{
    int *parent, *rnk;
    int n;
    DisjointSets(int n)
    {
        this->n = n;
        parent = new int[n + 1];
        rnk = new int[n + 1];
        for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++)
        {
            rnk[i] = 0;
            parent[i] = i;
        }
    }
    int find(int u)
    {
        if (u != parent[u])
            parent[u] = find(parent[u]);
    }
};
```

```

        return parent[u];
    }
    void merge(int x, int y)
    {
        x = find(x), y = find(y);
        if (rnk[x] > rnk[y])
            parent[y] = x;
        else // If rnk[x] <= rnk[y]
            parent[x] = y;
        if (rnk[x] == rnk[y])
            rnk[y]++;
    }
};

int Graph::kruskalMST()
{
    int mst_wt = 0; // Initialize result
    // Sort edges in increasing order on basis of cost
    sort(edges.begin(), edges.end());
    // Create disjoint sets
    DisjointSets ds(V);
    // Iterate through all sorted edges
    vector<pair<int, iPair>>::iterator it;
    for (it = edges.begin(); it != edges.end(); it++)
    {
        int u = it->second.first;
        int v = it->second.second;
        int set_u = ds.find(u);
        int set_v = ds.find(v);
        if (set_u != set_v)
        {
            cout << u << " - " << v << endl;
            mst_wt += it->first;
            ds.merge(set_u, set_v);
        }
    }
    return mst_wt;
}

int main()
{
    int V = 9, E = 14;
    Graph g(V, E);
    g.addEdge(0, 1, 4);
    g.addEdge(0, 7, 8);
    g.addEdge(1, 2, 8);
    g.addEdge(1, 7, 11);
    g.addEdge(2, 3, 7);
    g.addEdge(2, 8, 2);
    g.addEdge(2, 5, 4);

```

```

g.addEdge(3, 4, 9);
g.addEdge(3, 5, 14);
g.addEdge(4, 5, 10);
g.addEdge(5, 6, 2);
g.addEdge(6, 7, 1);
g.addEdge(6, 8, 6);
g.addEdge(7, 8, 7);
cout << "Edges of MST are \n";
int mst_wt = g.kruskalMST();
cout << "\nWeight of MST is " << mst_wt;
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

Edges of MST are
6 - 7
2 - 8
5 - 6
0 - 1
2 - 5
2 - 3
0 - 7
3 - 4

Weight of MST is 37

```