Homework 2

0) Complete information below:

NAME: Valeria Aybar PANTHER ID: 6181336

CERTIFICATION: I understand FIU's academic policies, and I certify that this

work is my own and that none of it is the work of any other person.

PROGRAMMER: Valeria Aybar

PANTHER ID: 6181336

#

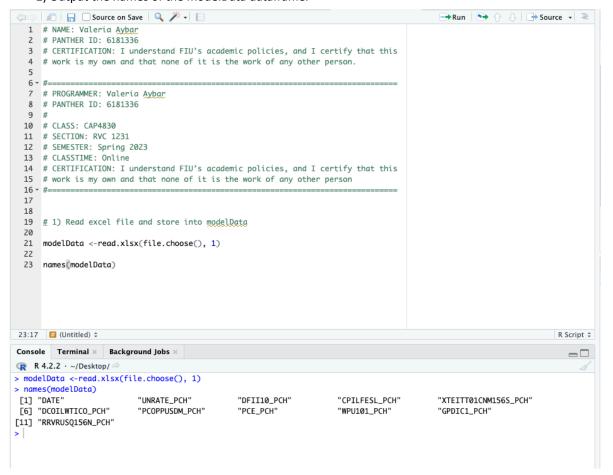
CLASS: CAP 4830 # SECTION: RVC 1231 # SEMESTER: Spring 2023 # CLASSTIME: Online

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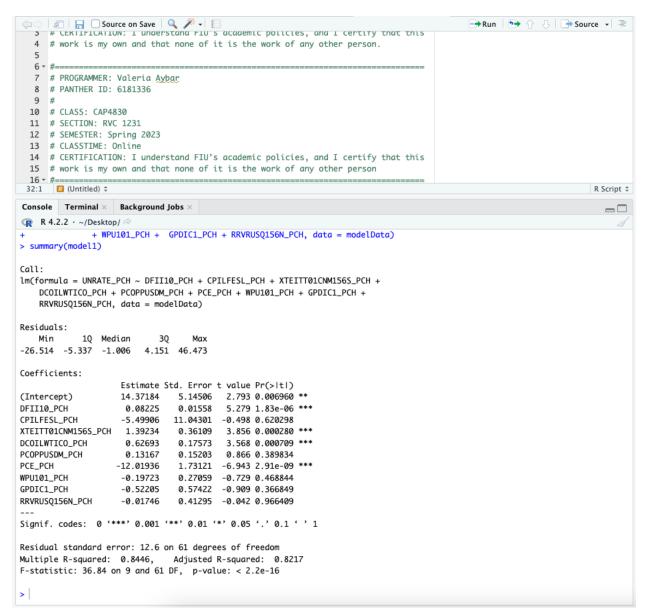
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- 1) Read the excel file "CAP4830_HW2_Data.xlsx" data into R and store the imported data in a variable named "modelData".
- 2) Output the names of the modelData dataframe.



3) Create a variable with name "model1" that stores the estimate of the linear model shown below

UNRATE_PCH = $b_0 + b_1*DFII10_PCH + b_2 * CPILFESL_PCH + b_3 * XTEITT01CNM156S_PCH + b_4 * DCOILWTICO_PCH + b_5 * PCOPPUSDM_PCH + b_6 * PCE_PCH + b_7 * WPU101_PCH + b_8 * GPDIC1_PCH + b_9 * RRVRUSQ156N_PCH$



4) List all the estimate parameters from step 3 that are statistically significant for all $\alpha \le 0.05$

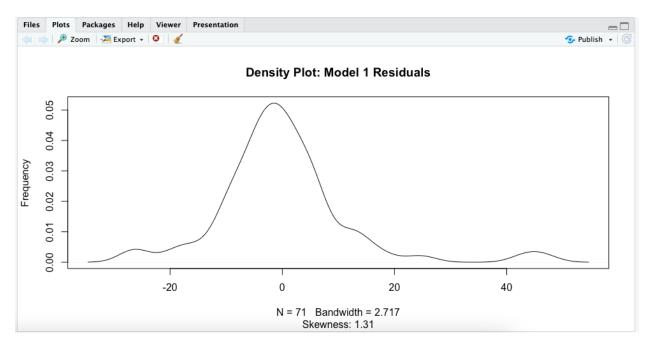
DFII10_PCH: 1.83e-06

XTEITT01CNM156S_PCH: 0.000280

DCOILWTICO_PCH: 0.000709

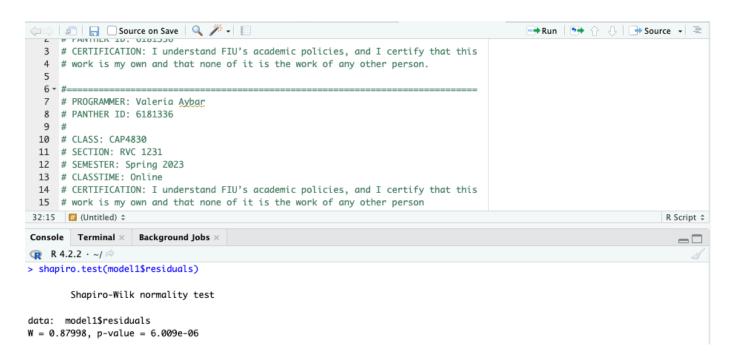
PCE_PCH: 2.91e-09

5) Plot the model1's residual Density Function

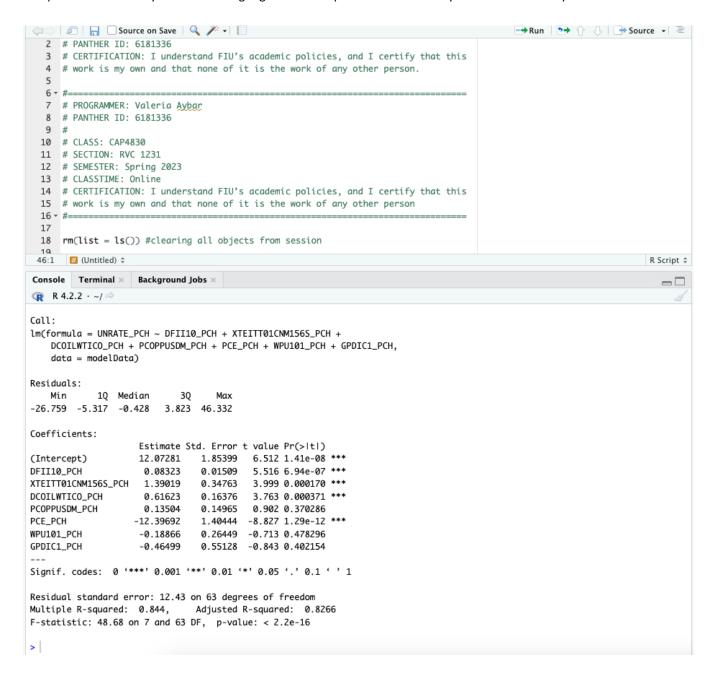


6) Check the model1's residual normality using the Shapiro test. Paste your results below and explain your finding in one to two sentences.

Based on the p-value, since its 6.009e-06 (0.000006009) this number is actually smaller than 0.05, so we can conclude that this is not a normal distribution.



7) Create model2 which is a refinement of model1 by removing all regressors that are statistically insignificant with alpha = 0.55. Hence you are removing regressors with p-value > 0.55. Paste you model's summary below:

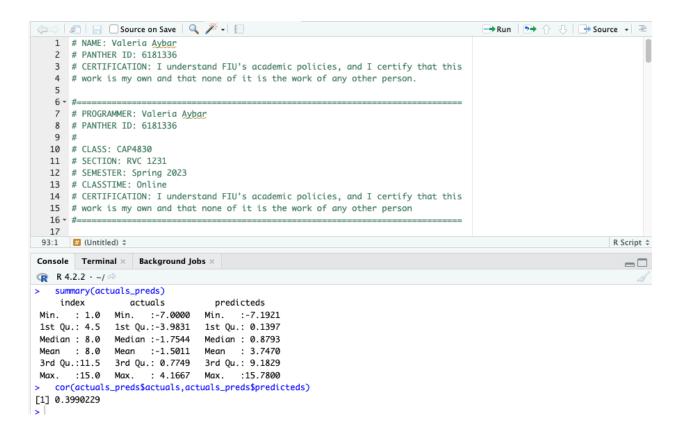


8) What is the difference in your Adjusted R between model1 and model2.

The difference between the adjusted R model1 0.8217 and model2 0.8266 is 0.0049

9) Calculate prediction accuracy and error rates of model2. Look at the R-script in module 10.

The errors were correlated 0.3990229.



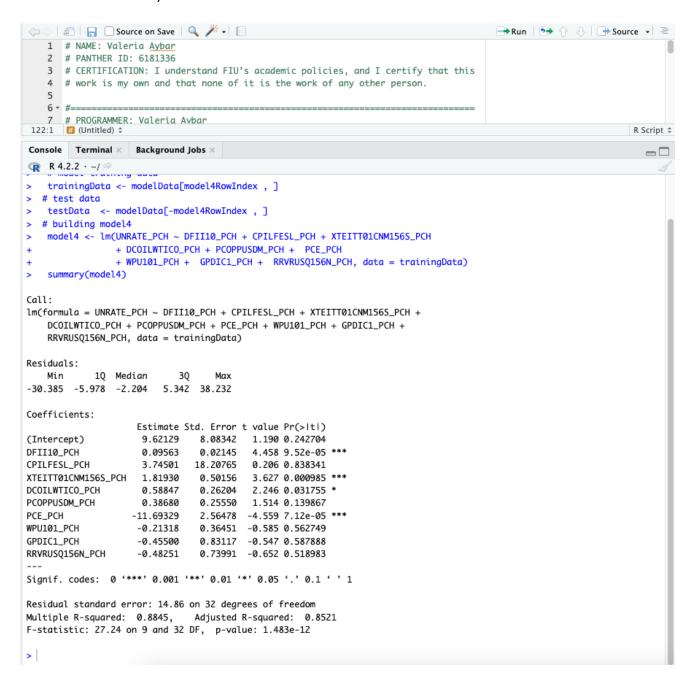
10) Create model3 which is a refinement of model2. A requirement for model3 it must only have three regressors. How you pick the three regressor is up to you, but explain why you pick these three. Paste the summary of model3 below.

I decided to go with the coefficients: PCOPPUSDM_PCH , WPU101_PCH and GPDIC1_PCH because these did not have the signf.code for 0 ***

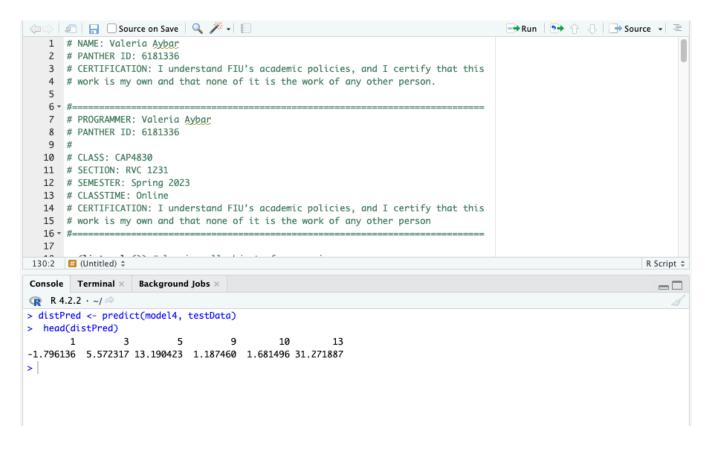
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  16 - #==
  17
  18 rm(list = ls()) #clearing all objects from session
  19
102:1 (Untitled) $
                                                                                                              R Script $
Console Terminal × Background Jobs ×
> model3 <- lm(UNRATE_PCH ~ PCOPPUSDM_PCH + WPU101_PCH + GPDIC1_PCH, data = modelData)
> summary(model3)
lm(formula = UNRATE_PCH ~ PCOPPUSDM_PCH + WPU101_PCH + GPDIC1_PCH,
   data = modelData)
Residuals:
            1Q Median
   Min
                           30
                                  Max
-31.682 -10.005 -3.737 3.120 176.434
Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
              5.094930 3.036475 1.678 0.098
(Intercept)
PCOPPUSDM_PCH 0.004028 0.253008 0.016
                                          0.987
NPU101 PCH
           0.244412 0.504054 0.485
                                          0.629
GPDIC1_PCH
            -4.346973 0.757131 -5.741 2.48e-07 ***
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
Residual standard error: 24.75 on 67 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.342, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3125
F-statistic: 11.61 on 3 and 67 DF, p-value: 3.229e-06
```

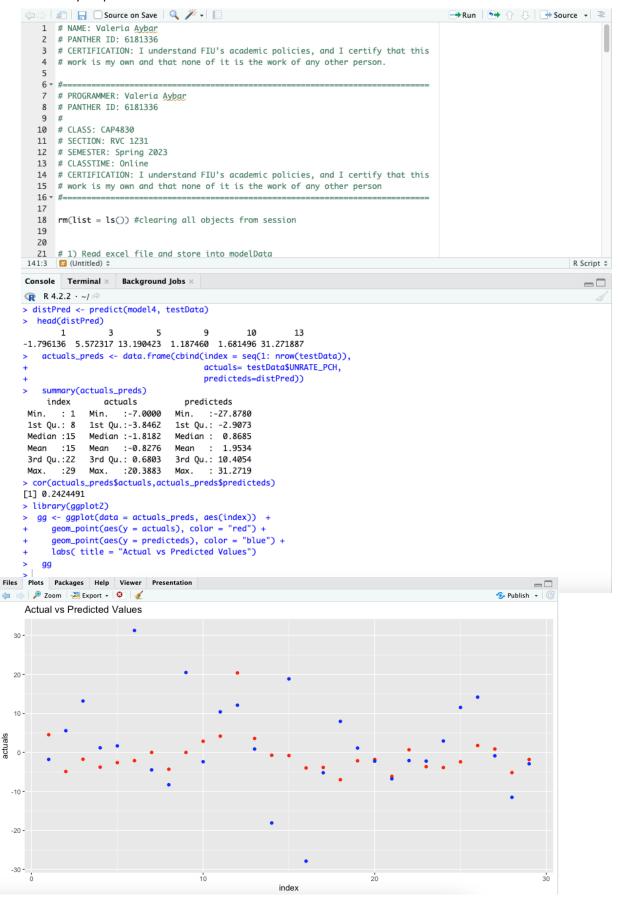
11) Create model4 that uses a manual sampling technique with a training set of 60% of the data and a testing set of 40%. Paste the summary of the model below.



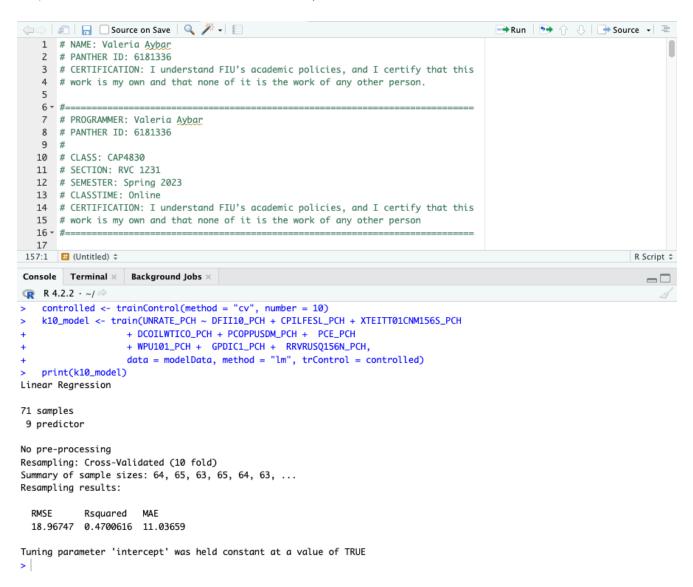
12) Use model4 to predict the values on the 40% testing set. Store the results in the distPred variable and paste beginning of variable data below. Hint use head() for this.



13) Using model4 calculate prediction accuracy and error rates then use ggplot that shows actual vs Predicted values. Paste your plot below.



14) Run a k-fold cross validation with k=10. Paste the print of the model below.



15) Put this file and your r-script in a folder name CAP4830HW2 and zip the folder then upload the zipped folder to canvas. Make sure you completed step 0. If you do not have this done you will have 40% deducted from your homework grade.