

ASDL Project

Fixing syntactically incorrect code with Deep Learning

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Agenda

1. Preprocessing
2. Modeling & Training
3. Results

Preprocessing

Tokenization

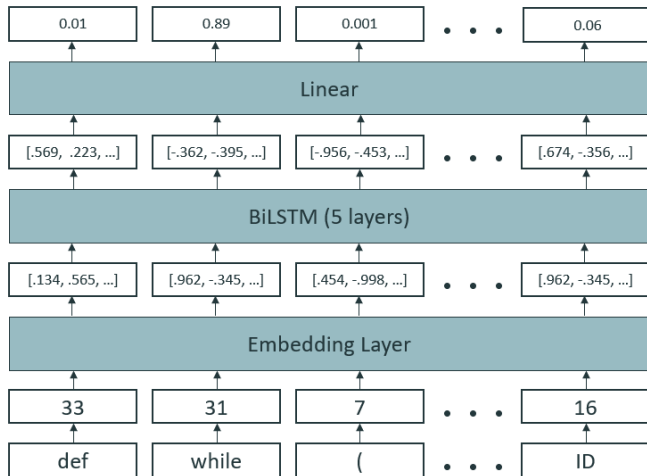
- tokenize package
- Error handling needed for incorrect code:
 - `TokenError`
 - Thrown at the end of the sequence →no tokens lost
 - `IndentationError`
 - Sometimes thrown before the end of sequence →tokens lost
 - Advantage for the model
 - Occurs only 132 times in the whole dataset (50000 samples)

Testing Preprocessing

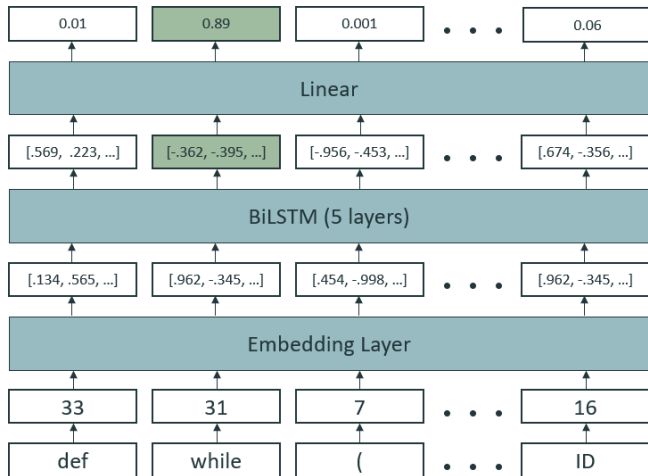
- Testing tokenization via reconstruction
 - Run tokenization
 - Convert character index to token index
 - Convert token index back to character index→ Misalignments?
- Walrus operator `:=` (fails 85 times in 50000 samples)
 - Was introduced in Python 3.8
 - `":=="` gives `[":=", "="]` instead of `[":", "=="]`
- Decorator `@` (fails 4 times in 50000 samples)
 - `"@=="` gives `["@=", "="]` instead of `["@=", "=="]`

Modeling & Training

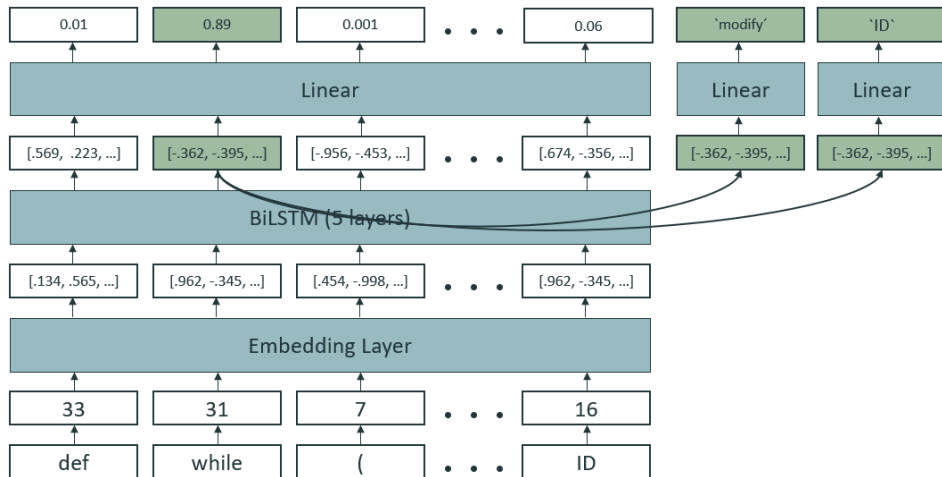
Architecture



Architecture



Architecture



Training

- Adam optimizer and CrossEntropyLoss
- Multi-task training (adding losses together)
- Problem: As long as the location prediction is bad, the signal from type and token prediction are just irritating
- Solution: Use linear loss weighting schedule
 - decrease location loss weight
 - increase type and token loss weight

```
location_weight = torch.tensor([-(x + 1) / n_epochs + 1  
                                for x in range(n_epochs)])  
type_weight     = torch.tensor([(x + 1) / n_epochs  
                                for x in range(n_epochs)])  
token_weight    = torch.tensor([(x + 1) / n_epochs  
                                for x in range(n_epochs)])
```

Results

Results

- Results vary depending on random initialization and random test split
- Training on single or whole dataset implemented (single / whole)
- Evaluating on test set once per epoch
 - Location Accuracy: 85 – 95% / 90 – 95% (single / whole)
 - Fix Type Accuracy: 65 – 75% / 80 – 85% (single / whole)
 - Fix Token Accuracy: 55 – 65% / 70 – 80% (single / whole)
- Prediction
 - Fraction of corrected code snippets: $\approx 60\%$ / $\approx 80\%$ (single / whole)

Questions

