

# Quantitative Portfolio Management

## Assignment #4

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## Instructions for each assignment . . . I

- ▶ Assignment #1 should be done individually.
- ▶ The other assignments are to be done in **groups of 4 or 5 students**.
  - ▶ This means that groups of 1, 2, 3, 6, etc. are **not** allowed.
  - ▶ **Diversity in groups is strongly encouraged**  
(people from different countries, different genders, different finance knowledge, and different coding ability, etc.)

## Instructions for each assignment . . . II

- ▶ Each assignment should be emailed as a **Jupyter file**
  - ▶ To [Raman.Uppal@edhec.edu](mailto:Raman.Uppal@edhec.edu)
  - ▶ The subject line of the email should be: "QPM: Assignment  **$n$** ," where  $n = \{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$ .
  - ▶ Assignment  **$n$**  is due **before** Lecture  **$n$** , where  $n = \{1, 2, \dots, 8\}$ .
  - ▶ Assignments submitted **late** will **not** be accepted (grade = 0), so please do not email me assignments after the deadline.

## Instructions for each assignment . . . III

- ▶ The Jupyter file should include the following (use Markdown):
  - ▶ Section “0” with information about your submission:
    - ▶ Line 1: QPM: Assignment  $n$
    - ▶ Line 2: Group members: listed alphabetically by last name, where the last name is written in CAPITAL letters
    - ▶ Line 3: Any comments/challenges about the assignment
  - ▶ Section “ $k$ ” where  $k = \{1, 2, \dots\}$ .
    - ▶ First type Question  $k$  of Assignment  $n$ .
    - ▶ Then, below the question, provide your answer.
    - ▶ Your code should include any packages that need to be imported.

## Initial step to prepare the data for this assignment

- ▶ The data we will be using is the **same** that we used for the previous assignment. For convenience, I have typed again the instructions.
  - ▶ Make sure you have already imported “pandas” and “yfinance.”
  - ▶ Download from Wikipedia (or any other source) a table that lists the companies that comprise the S&P 500. (See “**Helpful links**” provided at the end of the assignment.)
  - ▶ From this table, extract the list of ticker symbols.
  - ▶ Set the start date and end date to be
    - ▶ `start_date = "2000-01-01"`
    - ▶ `end_date = "2022-12-31"`
  - ▶ Build a dataframe that contains the stock prices for the S&P 500 companies. (If there are errors for some company names, it is fine to ignore the company names with errors.)
  - ▶ Drop the columns that have only “NaN” entries.
  - ▶ Drop also the companies with more than 100 missing observations.

## Questions for Assignment 4 ... I

Q4.0 From the data that we used for the previous assignment, select the following 10 companies (these are the first 10 companies with no missing data):

"MMM", "AOS", "ABT", "ADM", "ADBE", "ADP", "AES", "AFL", "A", "AKAM"

- ▶ So, our "new" dataset for this assignment will consist of **monthly returns** you had computed in the last assignment, but just **for these 10 companies**.
- ▶ To reduce the work required for this assignment, please assume that the **risk-free rate of return is zero**.

## Questions for Assignment 4 ... II

- Q4.1** Choose the estimation window to be  $T^{\text{est}} = 60$  months of monthly returns. Call this the estimation sample. Use the estimation sample to compute the following two portfolio strategies:
- mean-variance portfolio (MVP) without constraints on the size of the weight (assume that a risk-free rate is available, with the risk-free rate equal to zero);
  - global minimum variance (GMV) portfolio without constraints on the size of the weight.

## Questions for Assignment 4 ... III

- Q4.2 Now use a **rolling window** of  $T^{\text{est}} = 60$  months to **estimate the portfolio weights** for the two strategies listed above for each of the  $T - T^{\text{est}}$  months. That is, repeat the calculations of the previous question for all the dates *after* the first 60 months.
- Q4.3 Use the time-series of portfolios weights for each of the two portfolio strategies, to **compute the out-of-sample portfolio returns**. That is, for each of the two portfolio strategies that you estimate at each date  $t$ , compute its out-of-sample return in month  $t + 1$ .
- Q4.4 Now, **compute the Sharpe ratio** of the out-of-sample returns for the two portfolio strategies. Which strategy has the higher Sharpe ratio?



## Helpful hints

- ▶ **Helpful links** for information on downloading S&P 500 ticker symbols.
  - ▶ from [Danny Groves](#)
  - ▶ from [GitHub](#)
- ▶ Finally, please save the data you have downloaded and created for these ten companies because we will be using it again.

End of questions