Exercise-1.md 6/15/2022

1. Reading the following statements, please indicate which information will be printed on the screen.

```
<html>
<script type="text/javascript">
    var numLlamadas = 0;
    function calculaBinomio(a, b)
    {
        var cuadradoDeA = a*a;
        var cuadradoDeB = b*b;
        numLlamadas++;
        return cuadradoDeA + cuadradoDeB + 2*a*b;
    }
    alert(calculaBinomio(2, 3));
    alert(calculaBinomio(4, 5));
    alert(numLlamadas);
    alert(typeof(cuadradoDeA));
</script>
</html>
```

For all information to be printed on the screen, the alert() function will be used.

This function generates a popup window with the information it receives as a parameter.

Below I will indicate what information will be displayed on the screen, in order, and with a short explanation.

1. "25"

The first alert will have as information "25" since it is passed as parameter calculaBinomio(2, 3), which is a function that will return 4 + 9 + 2x2x3 = 25 (2x2 + 3x3 + 2x2x3).

```
alert(calculaBinomio(2, 3));
```

2. "81"

The second alert will have as information "81" since it is passed as parameter calculaBinomio(4, 5), which is a function that will return 16 + 25 + 245 = 81 (4x4 + 5x5 + 2x4x5).

```
alert(calculaBinomio(4, 5));
```

alert(numLlamadas);

3. "2"

The third alert will have as information "2" since it is passed as parameter numLlamadas, which is a variable that is initialized in 0, and will be used to count the number of times that the function calculatesBinomial() is called. For each call to the function, the variable numLlamadas is incremented by 1.

Exercise-1.md 6/15/2022

* Explain in detail the 4th output: alert(typeof(cuadradoDeA));

4. "undefined"

The fourth alert will have as information "undefined".

This is because it is passed as a typeof(cuadradoDeA) parameter, and typeof() is used to get the data type corresponding to the element it receives as a parameter.

In this case, we are passing as parameter the variable cuadradoDeA, which is a variable that is defined inside the function calculaBinomio(), and has scope only inside this function. Outside of it, the variable will be considered as undefined, so it is the result that is obtained.