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## TP3 : Graphs (suite)

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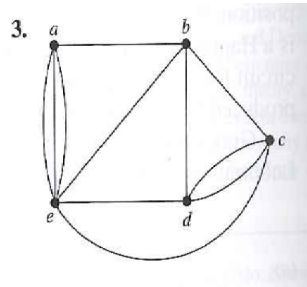
Nassim Benoussaid

March 20, 2015

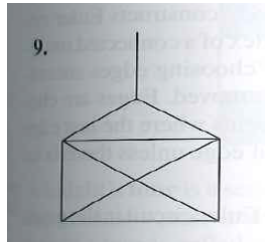
### 3 CHAPTER 10 : GRAPHS

#### 3.5 EULER AND HAMILTON PATHS

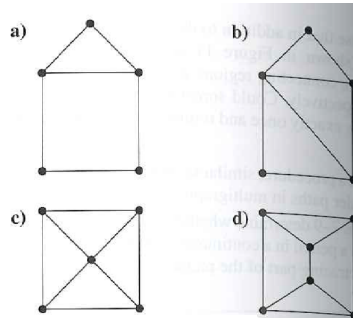
- **3.** Determine whether the given graph has an Euler circuit. Construct such a circuit when one exists. If no Euler circuit exists, determine whether the graph has an Euler path and construct such a path if one exists.



- **9.** determine whether the picture shown can be drawn with a pencil in a continuous motion without lifting the pencil or retracing part of the picture.

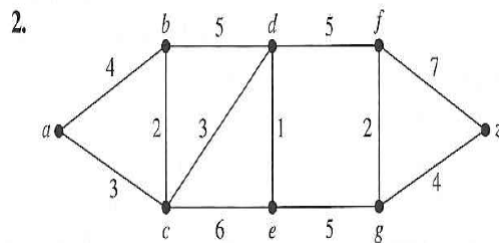


- **29.** For each of these graphs, determine whether the graph has a Hamilton circuit.



### 3.6 SHORTEST-PATH PROBLEMS

- **3.** Find a shortest path between a and z in each of the weighted graphs

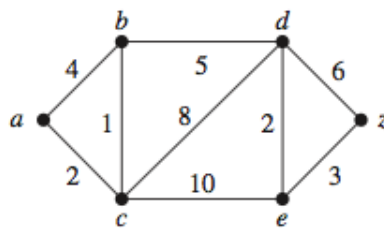


- **17.** Use Floyd's algorithm to find the distance between all pairs of vertices in the following graph.

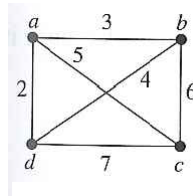
#### ALGORITHM 2 Floyd's Algorithm.

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procedure Floyd( $G$ : weighted simple graph)
  { $G$  has vertices  $v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n$  and weights  $w(v_i, v_j)$ 
   with  $w(v_i, v_j) = \infty$  if  $\{v_i, v_j\}$  is not an edge}
  for  $i := 1$  to  $n$ 
    for  $j := 1$  to  $n$ 
       $d(v_i, v_j) := w(v_i, v_j)$ 
  for  $i := 1$  to  $n$ 
    for  $j := 1$  to  $n$ 
      for  $k := 1$  to  $n$ 
        if  $d(v_j, v_i) + d(v_i, v_k) < d(v_j, v_k)$ 
          then  $d(v_j, v_k) := d(v_j, v_i) + d(v_i, v_k)$ 
  return  $[d(v_i, v_j)]$  { $d(v_i, v_j)$  is the length of a shortest
  path between  $v_i$  and  $v_j$  for  $1 \leq i \leq n, 1 \leq j \leq n$ }
  
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- 19. Solve the traveling salesperson problem for this graph by finding the total weight of all Hamilton circuits and determining a circuit with minimum total weight.

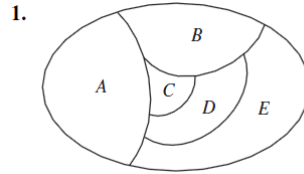


### 3.7 PLANAR GRAPHS

- 9. Suppose that a connected planar graph has six vertices, each of degree four. Into how many regions is the plane divided by a planar representation of this graph?

### 3.8 GRAPH COLORING

- **1.** Construct the dual graph for the map shown. Then find the number of colors needed to color the map so that no two adjacent regions have the same color.



- **11.** Schedule the final exams for Math 115, Math 116, Math 185, Math 195, CS 101, CS 102, CS 273, and CS 473, using the fewest number of different time slots, if there are no students taking both Math 115 and CS 473, both Math 116 and CS 473, both Math 195 and CS 101, both Math 195 and CS 102, both Math 115 and Math 116, both Math 115 and Math 185, and both Math 185 and Math 195, but there are students in every other pair of courses.