

Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)

Network Security, Firewalls, and VPNs, Third Edition - Lab 01

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Time on Task:

5 hours, 50 minutes

Progress:

100%

Report Generated: Friday, July 11, 2025 at 11:22 PM

Section 1: Hands-On Demonstration

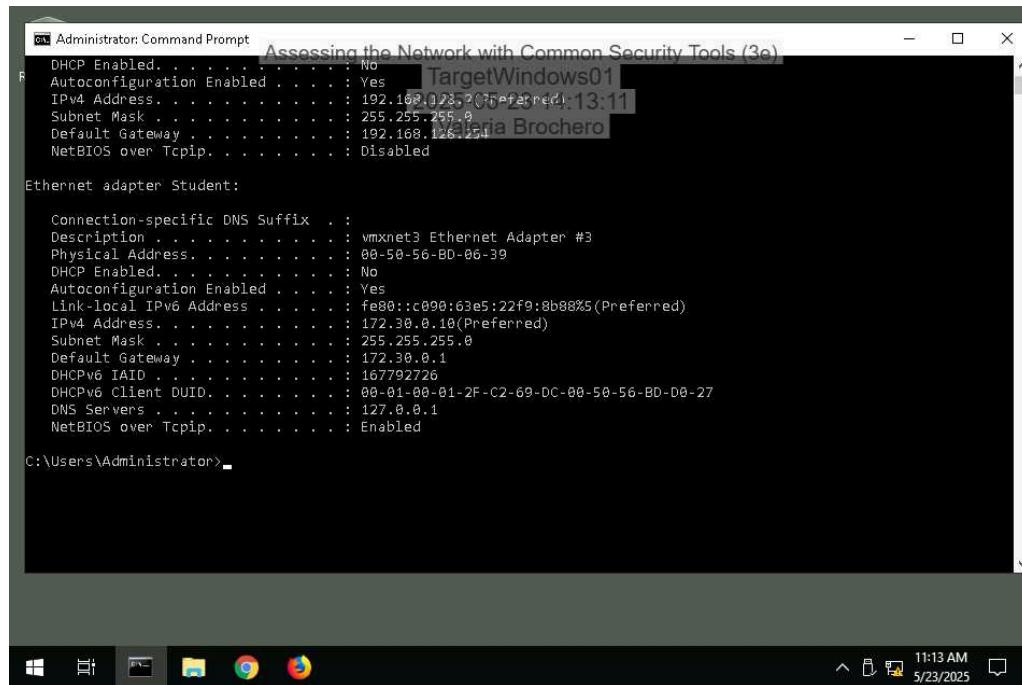
Part 1: Explore the Local Area Network

4. Make a screen capture showing the ipconfig results for the Student adapter on the vWorkstation.

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7. Make a screen capture showing the ipconfig results for the Student adapter on TargetWindows01.



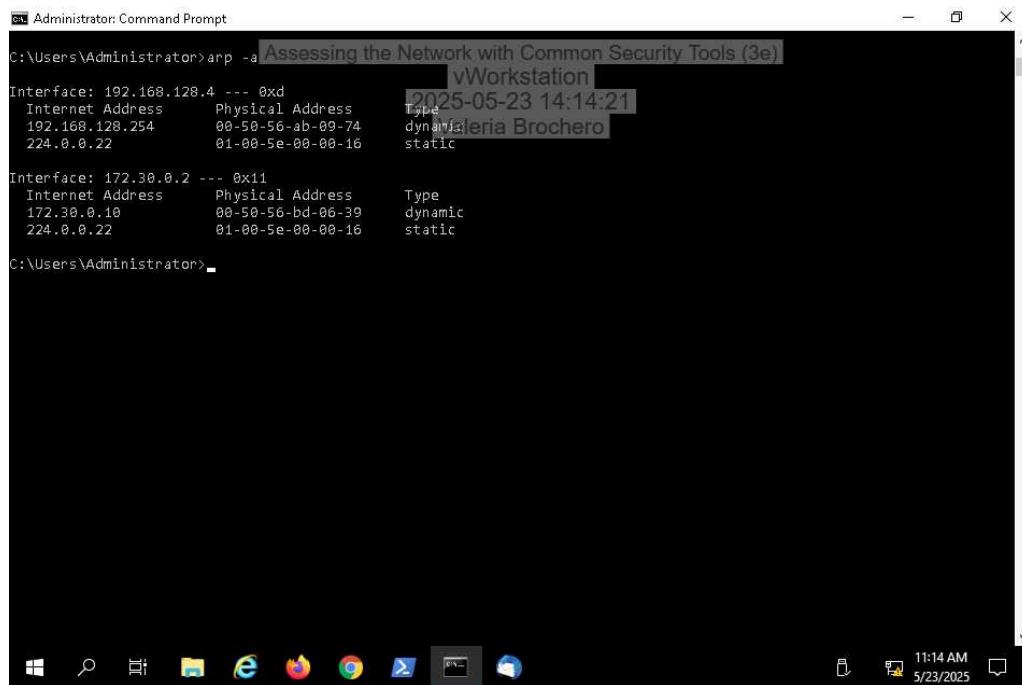
```
Administrator: Command Prompt Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)
DHCP Enabled . . . . . : No
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes TargetWindows01
IPv4 Address . . . . . : 192.168.128.20(Preferred) 11:13:11
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.128.1
NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . : Disabled

Ethernet adapter Student:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
Description . . . . . : vmxnet3 Ethernet Adapter #3
Physical Address . . . . . : 00-50-56-BD-00-39
DHCP Enabled . . . . . : No
Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::c090:63e5:22f9:8b88%5(PREFERRED)
IPv4 Address . . . . . : 172.30.0.10(Preferred)
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
Default Gateway . . . . . : 172.30.0.1
DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 167792726
DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-2F-C2-69-DC-00-50-56-BD-D0-27
DNS Servers . . . . . : 127.0.0.1
NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . : Enabled

C:\Users\Administrator>
```

15. Make a screen capture showing the updated ARP cache on the vWorkstation.



```
Administrator: Command Prompt Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)
C:\Users\Administrator>arp -a
vWorkstation 2025-05-23 14:14:21
Interface: 192.168.128.4 --- 0xd
Internet Address Physical Address Type
192.168.128.254 00-50-56-ab-09-74 dynamic
224.0.0.22 01-00-5e-00-00-16 static

Interface: 172.30.0.2 --- 0x11
Internet Address Physical Address Type
172.30.0.10 00-50-56-bd-00-39 dynamic
224.0.0.22 01-00-5e-00-00-16 static

C:\Users\Administrator>
```

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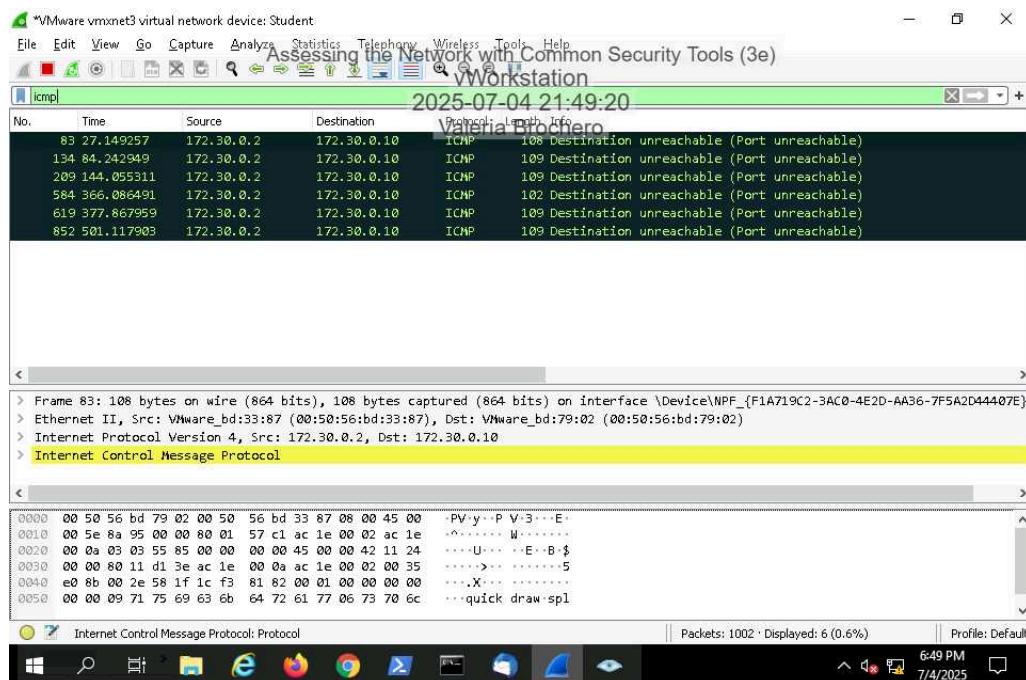
19. Make a screen capture showing the completed LAN tab of the Network Assessment spreadsheet.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Windows desktop environment with a taskbar at the bottom. An OpenOffice Calc spreadsheet titled "NetworkAssessmentods - OpenOffice Calc" is open. The title bar includes the file name, application name, and the date and time (2025-07-04 21:04:18). The spreadsheet has a header row with columns A through F. Rows 1 and 2 contain data: Row 1 has "Device Name", "IP Address", "Subnet Mask", "MAC Address", and "Default Gateway". Row 2 has "vWorkstation" and "172.30.0.2" in the IP Address column, and "00-50-56-BD-0E-53" in the MAC Address column. Row 3 has "TargetWindows01" and "172.30.0.10" in the IP Address column, and "00-60-56-BD-06-39" in the MAC Address column. The Default Gateway column for both rows contains "172.30.0.1". The rest of the table is empty. The status bar at the bottom of the calc window shows "Sum=0". The taskbar icons include Start, Task View, File Explorer, Edge, Firefox, Chrome, File Explorer, Mail, and File Explorer. The system tray shows the date and time as 7/4/2025 and 6:04 PM.

A	B	C	D	E	F
1 Device Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	MAC Address	Default Gateway	
2 vWorkstation	172.30.0.2	255.255.255.0	00-50-56-BD-0E-53	172.30.0.1	
3 TargetWindows01	172.30.0.10	255.255.255.0	00-60-56-BD-06-39	172.30.0.1	
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Part 2: Analyze Network Traffic

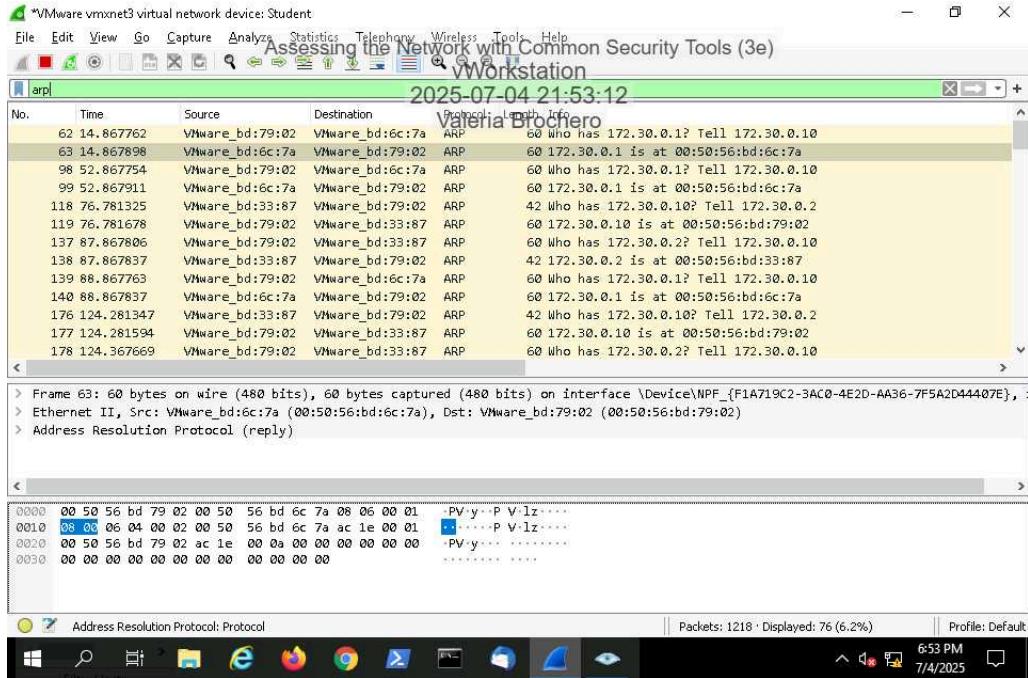
9. Make a screen capture showing the ICMP filtered results in Wireshark.



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12. Make a screen capture showing the ARP filtered results in Wireshark.



18. Compare the Regular scan results for ICMP and ARP traffic with the results from the Ping scan.

The difference between the two is that the ping scan identifies the host on our network and all IP addresses currently online which are sending packet requests. On the other hand, the regular scan syncs all TCP ports via an ICMP echo request.

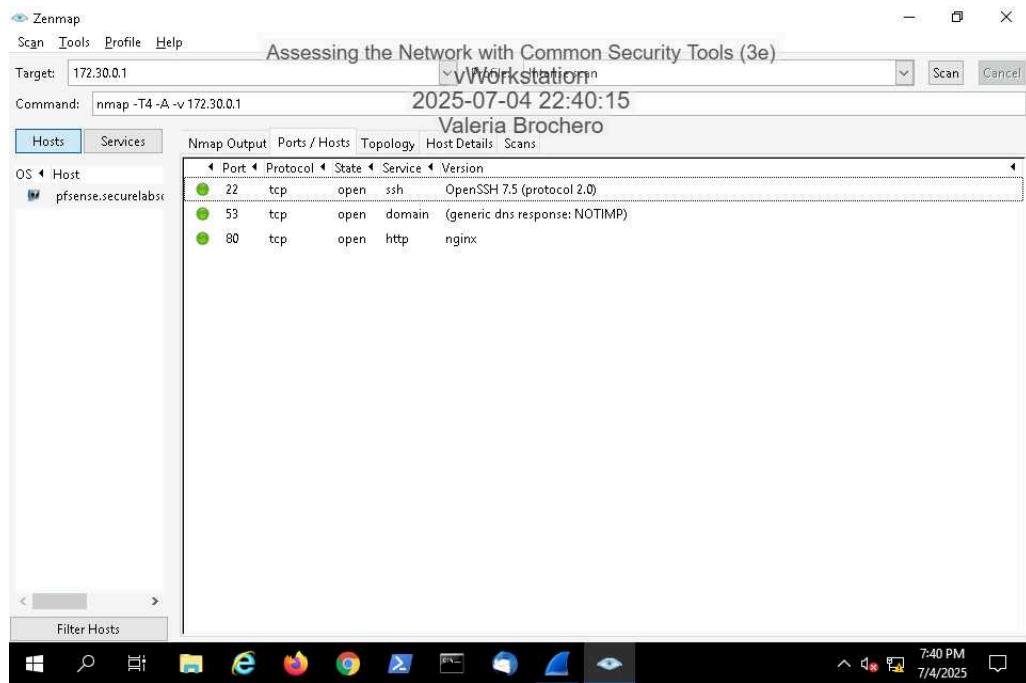
24. Compare the Intense scan results with the results from the Ping scan.

The intense scan results are more numerous than both previous scans, yet similar to the regular scan. The TCP ports use SYN packets, which also scan for UDP ports.

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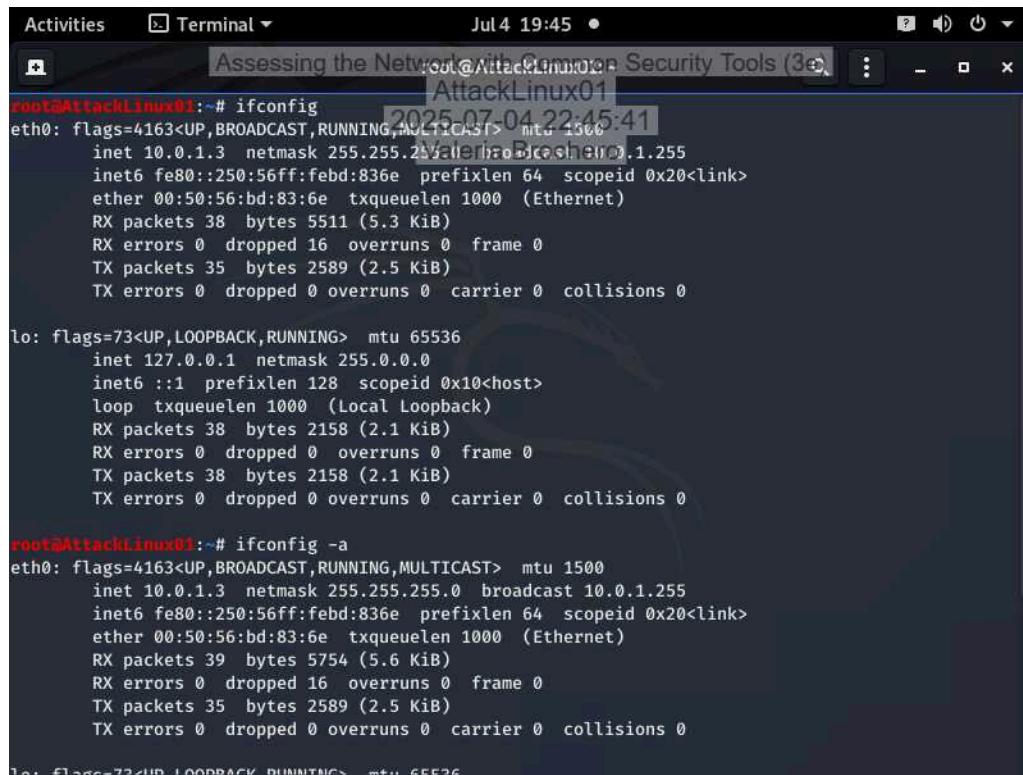
28. Make a screen capture showing the contents of the Ports/Hosts tab.



Section 2: Applied Learning

Part 1: Explore the Wide Area Network

6. Make a screen capture showing the ifconfig results on AttackLinux01.



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)" running on "AttackLinux01". The terminal displays the output of the "ifconfig" command. It shows two network interfaces: "eth0" and "lo".

```
root@AttackLinux01:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.1.3 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.1.255
        inet6 fe80::2e80:feff%eth0 brd fe80::ff:feff%eth0 mngtmpv 1
            ether 00:50:56:bd:83:6e txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
            RX packets 38 bytes 5511 (5.3 KiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 16 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 35 bytes 2589 (2.5 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

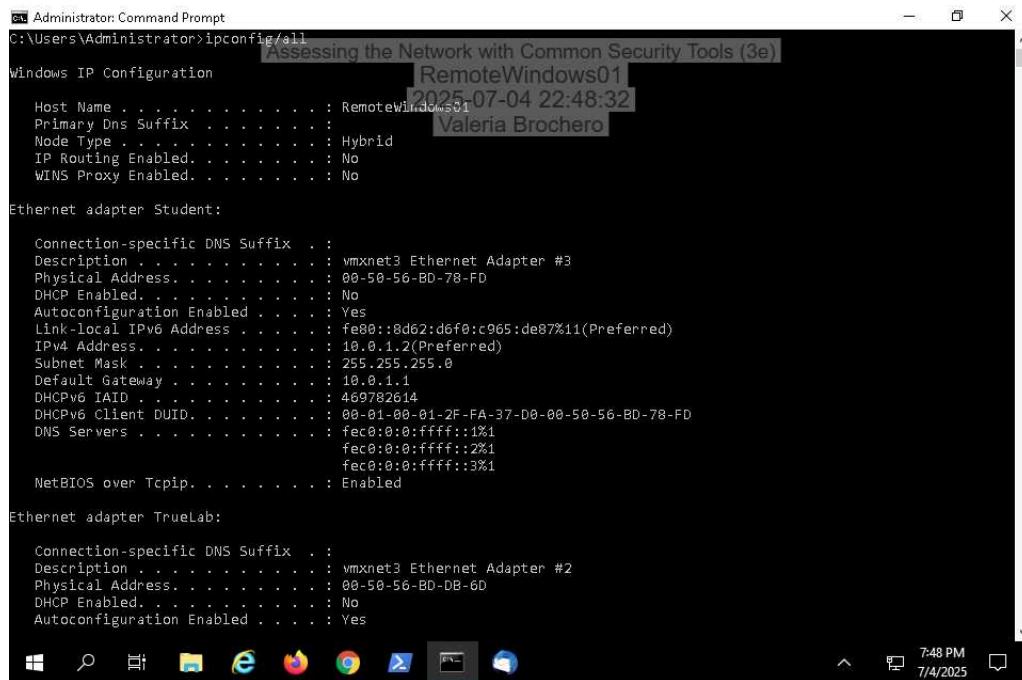
lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
        RX packets 38 bytes 2158 (2.1 KiB)
        RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
        TX packets 38 bytes 2158 (2.1 KiB)
        TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

root@AttackLinux01:~# ifconfig -
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.0.1.3 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.1.255
        inet6 fe80::2e80:feff%eth0 brd fe80::ff:feff%eth0 mngtmpv 1
            ether 00:50:56:bd:83:6e txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
            RX packets 39 bytes 5754 (5.6 KiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 16 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 35 bytes 2589 (2.5 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

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12. Make a screen capture showing the ipconfig results on RemoteWindows01.



```
C:\Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Users\Administrator>ipconfig/all
          Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)
          RemoteWindows01
          2025-07-04 22:48:32
          Valeria Brochero

Windows IP Configuration

Host Name . . . . . : RemoteWindows01
Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
Node Type . . . . . : Hybrid
IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : No
WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : No

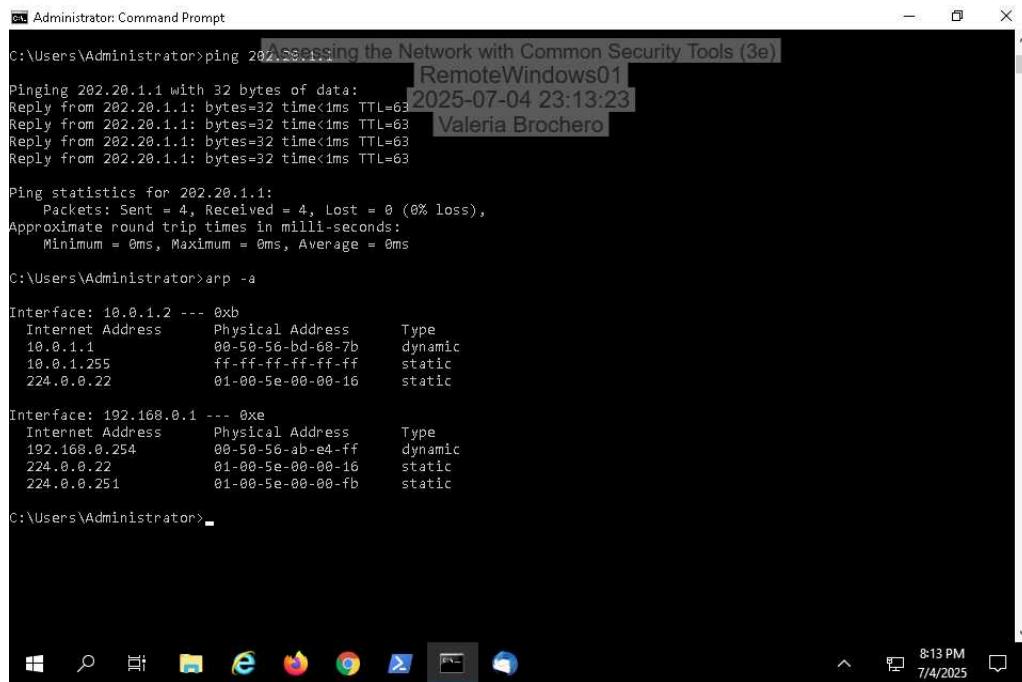
Ethernet adapter Student:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
  Description . . . . . : vmxnet3 Ethernet Adapter #3
  Physical Address. . . . . : 00-50-56-BD-78-FD
  DHCP Enabled. . . . . : No
  Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes
  Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::8d62:d6f0:c965:de87%11(PREFERRED)
  IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.0.1.2(Preferred)
  Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
  Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.0.1.1
  DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 469782614
  DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-2F-FA-37-D0-00-50-56-BD-78-FD
  DNS Servers . . . . . : fec0:0:0:ffff::1%1
                           fec0:0:0:ffff::2%1
                           fec0:0:0:ffff::3%1
  NetBIOS over Tcpip. . . . . : Enabled

Ethernet adapter TrueLab:

  Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
  Description . . . . . : vmxnet3 Ethernet Adapter #2
  Physical Address. . . . . : 00-50-56-BD-DB-6D
  DHCP Enabled. . . . . : No
  Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . . : Yes
```

18. Make a screen capture showing the updated ARP cache on RemoteWindows01.



```
C:\Administrator: Command Prompt
C:\Users\Administrator>ping 202.20.1.1
          Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)
          RemoteWindows01
          2025-07-04 23:13:23
          Valeria Brochero

Pinging 202.20.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 202.20.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=63

Ping statistics for 202.20.1.1:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
  Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Users\Administrator>arp -a
          Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)
          RemoteWindows01
          2025-07-04 23:13:23
          Valeria Brochero

Interface: 10.0.1.2 --- 0xb
  Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
  10.0.1.1              00-50-56-bd-68-7b    dynamic
  10.0.1.255            ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff    static
  224.0.0.22             01-00-5e-00-00-16    static

Interface: 192.168.0.1 --- 0xe
  Internet Address      Physical Address      Type
  192.168.0.254          00-50-56-ab-e4-ff    dynamic
  224.0.0.22              01-00-5e-00-00-16    static
  224.0.0.251            01-00-5e-00-00-fb    static

C:\Users\Administrator>
```

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22. Make a screen capture showing the completed WAN tab of the Network Assessment spreadsheet.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Windows desktop environment with a taskbar at the bottom. The taskbar icons include Start, Search, Task View, File Explorer, Edge, Firefox, Chrome, File Explorer, Mail, and File Explorer. The system tray shows the date as 7/4/2025 and the time as 8:25 PM. The main window is an OpenOffice Calc spreadsheet titled "NetworkAssessmentods - OpenOffice Calc". The title bar also displays the text "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)". The spreadsheet has three tabs at the bottom: LAN, WAN, and DMZ. The WAN tab is currently selected and contains the following data:

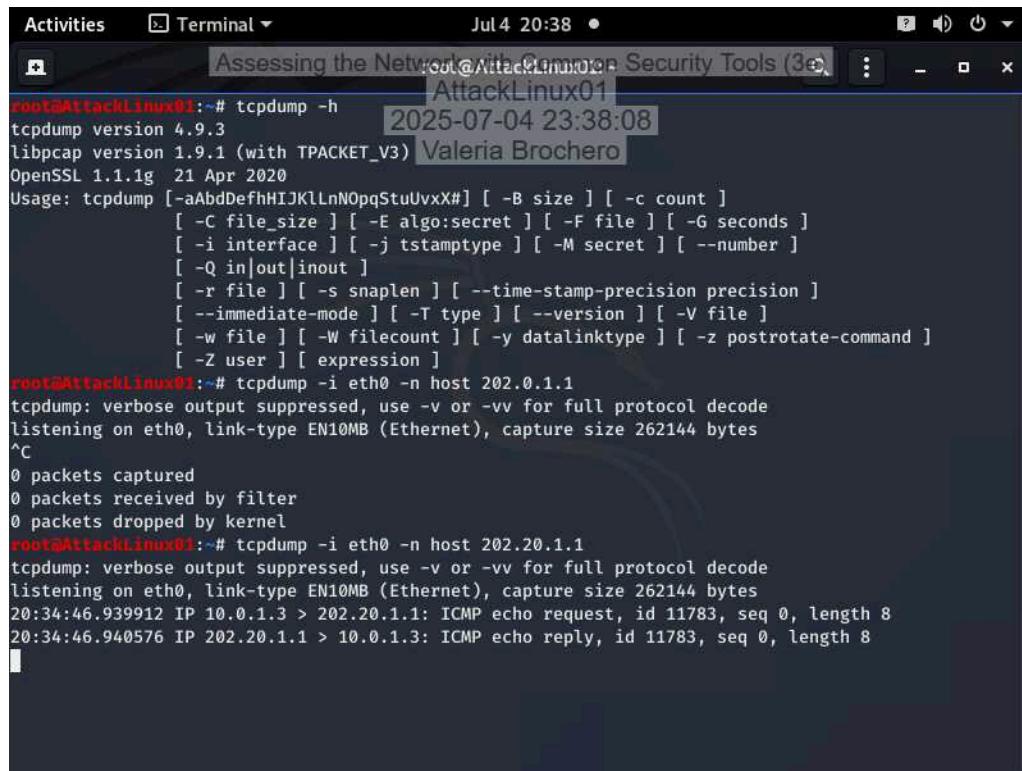
	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Device Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	MAC Address	Default Gateway	
2	AttackLinux01	10.0.1.3	255.255.255.0	00:50:56:bd:83:6e	10.0.1.255	
3	RemoteWindows01	10.0.1.2	255.255.255.0	00:60:56:BD:78:FD	10.0.1.1	
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Part 2: Analyze Network Traffic

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9. Make a screen capture showing tcpdump echo back the captured packets.



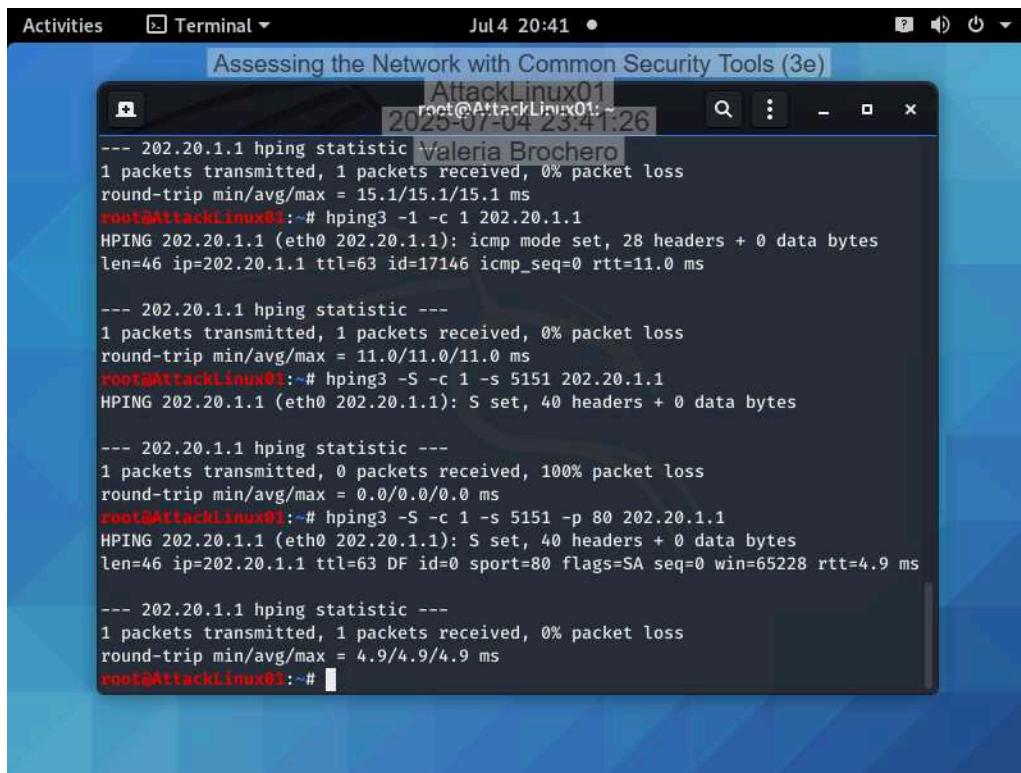
The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)" running on a system named "AttackLinux01". The terminal displays the following sequence of commands and their outputs:

```
root@AttackLinux01:~# tcpdump -h
tcpdump version 4.9.3
libpcap version 1.9.1 (with TPACKET_V3) Valeria Brochero
OpenSSL 1.1.1g 21 Apr 2020
Usage: tcpdump [-aAbdDefhHIJKLMNOPqStuUvxX#] [ -B size ] [ -c count ]
              [ -C file_size ] [ -E algo:secret ] [ -F file ] [ -G seconds ]
              [ -i interface ] [ -j timestamptype ] [ -M secret ] [ --number ]
              [ -Q in|out|inout ]
              [ -r file ] [ -s snaplen ] [ --time-stamp-precision precision ]
              [ --immediate-mode ] [ -T type ] [ --version ] [ -V file ]
              [ -w file ] [ -W filecount ] [ -y datalinktype ] [ -z postrotate-command ]
              [ -Z user ] [ expression ]
root@AttackLinux01:~# tcpdump -i eth0 -n host 202.0.1.1
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
^C
0 packets captured
0 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
root@AttackLinux01:~# tcpdump -i eth0 -n host 202.20.1.1
tcpdump: verbose output suppressed, use -v or -vv for full protocol decode
listening on eth0, link-type EN10MB (Ethernet), capture size 262144 bytes
20:34:46.939912 IP 10.0.1.3 > 202.20.1.1: ICMP echo request, id 11783, seq 0, length 8
20:34:46.940576 IP 202.20.1.1 > 10.0.1.3: ICMP echo reply, id 11783, seq 0, length 8
```

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12. Make a screen capture showing the attempted three-way handshake in tcpdump.



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)". The window shows the command "root@AttackLinux01:~# hping3 -1 -c 1 202.20.1.1" being run. The output displays four sets of hping3 statistics for different ports (80, 11.0, 5151, and 80 again) showing various packet loss percentages and round-trip times.

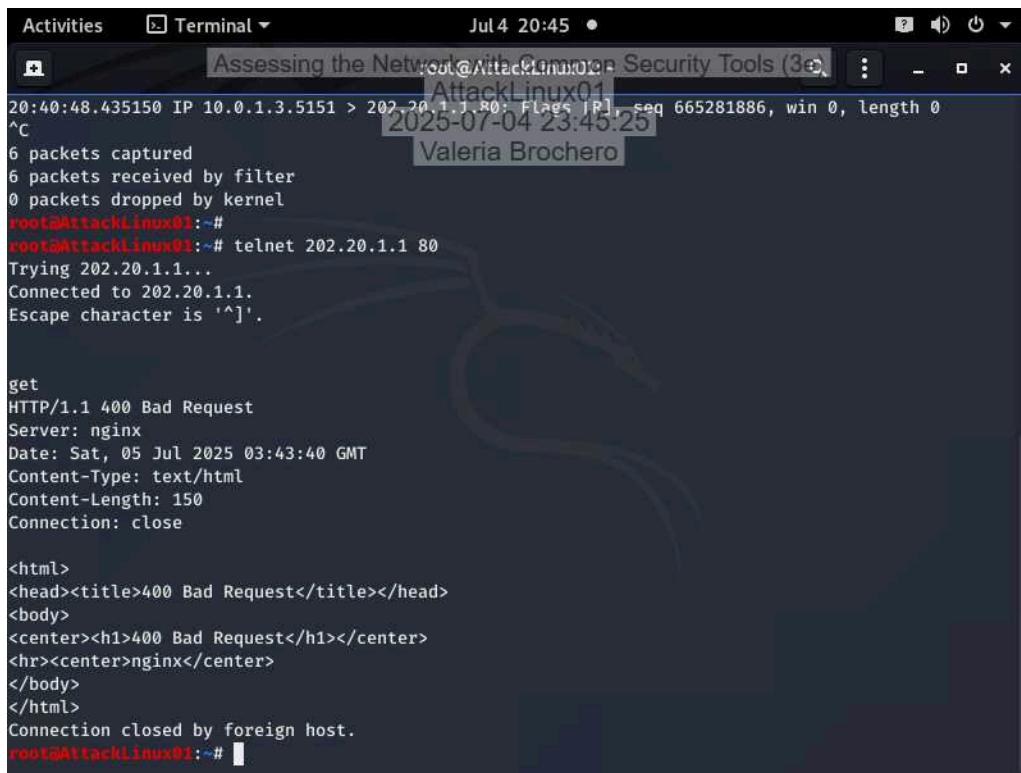
```
--- 202.20.1.1 hping statistic Valeria Brochero
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 15.1/15.1/15.1 ms
root@AttackLinux01:~# hping3 -1 -c 1 202.20.1.1
HPING 202.20.1.1 (eth0 202.20.1.1): icmp mode set, 28 headers + 0 data bytes
len=46 ip=202.20.1.1 ttl=63 id=17146 icmp_seq=0 rtt=11.0 ms

--- 202.20.1.1 hping statistic ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 11.0/11.0/11.0 ms
root@AttackLinux01:~# hping3 -S -c 1 -s 5151 202.20.1.1
HPING 202.20.1.1 (eth0 202.20.1.1): S set, 40 headers + 0 data bytes

--- 202.20.1.1 hping statistic ---
1 packets transmitted, 0 packets received, 100% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 0.0/0.0/0.0 ms
root@AttackLinux01:~# hping3 -S -c 1 -s 5151 -p 80 202.20.1.1
HPING 202.20.1.1 (eth0 202.20.1.1): S set, 40 headers + 0 data bytes
len=46 ip=202.20.1.1 ttl=63 DF id=0 sport=80 flags=SA seq=0 win=65228 rtt=4.9 ms

--- 202.20.1.1 hping statistic ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
round-trip min/avg/max = 4.9/4.9/4.9 ms
root@AttackLinux01:~#
```

17. Make a screen capture showing the results of the get command.



A screenshot of a terminal window titled "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)". The window shows the command "root@AttackLinux01:~# telnet 202.20.1.1 80" being run. The output shows a connection attempt to port 80 of 202.20.1.1, followed by an "HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request" response from the server, which includes an HTML error page with the message "400 Bad Request".

```
20:40:48.435150 IP 10.0.1.3.5151 > 202.20.1.1.80 [Flags <P>] seq 665281886, win 0, length 0
^C
6 packets captured
6 packets received by filter
0 packets dropped by kernel
root@AttackLinux01:~#
root@AttackLinux01:~# telnet 202.20.1.1 80
Trying 202.20.1.1...
Connected to 202.20.1.1.
Escape character is '^]'.

get
HTTP/1.1 400 Bad Request
Server: nginx
Date: Sat, 05 Jul 2025 03:43:40 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 150
Connection: close

<html>
<head><title>400 Bad Request</title></head>
<body>
<center><h1>400 Bad Request</h1></center>
<hr><center>nginx</center>
</body>
</html>
Connection closed by foreign host.
root@AttackLinux01:~#
```

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Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)

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Section 3: Challenge and Analysis

Part 1: Explore the DMZ

Make a screen capture showing the completed DMZ tab of the NetworkAssessment spreadsheet.

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Windows desktop environment with the OpenOffice Calc application open. The title bar reads "NetworkAssessment.ods - OpenOffice Calc". The main window displays a spreadsheet titled "Assessing the Network with Common Security Tools (3e)". The current sheet is "DMZ". The data is organized in a table:

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Device Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	MAC Address	Default Gateway	
2	TargetLinux01	172.40.0.20	255.255.255.0	00:50:56:bd:17:3f	172.40.0.255	
3						
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Part 2: Perform Reconnaissance on the Firewall

Briefly summarize and analyze your findings in a technical memo to your boss.

There were 2 ICMP, 4 ARP, and 4 DNS packets sent to the firewall. Ports 22 (ssh) and 111 (rpcbind) are both tcp protocol and open on the pfSense firewall.