

# AOD9N50/AOI9N50

500V,9A N-Channel MOSFET

## **General Description**

The AOD9N50 & AOI9N50 have been fabricated using an advanced high voltage MOSFET process that is designed to deliver high levels of performance and robustness in popular AC-DC applications.

By providing low  $R_{DS(on)}$ ,  $C_{iss}$  and  $C_{rss}$  along with guaranteed avalanche capability these parts can be adopted quickly into new and existing offline power supply designs.

AOD9N50

# **Product Summary**

 $V_{DS}$  600V@150°C  $I_D$  (at  $V_{GS}$ =10V) 9A

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  (at  $V_{GS}=10V$ ) < 0.86 $\Omega$ 

100% UIS Tested! 100%  $R_g$  Tested!



Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted **Parameter** Symbol Maximum Units Drain-Source Voltage V 500  $V_{DS}$ Gate-Source Voltage  $V_{GS}$ ±30 V T<sub>C</sub>=25℃ Continuous Drain 9  $I_D$ T<sub>C</sub>=100℃ Current<sup>B</sup> 5.7 Α Pulsed Drain Current C 27 Avalanche Current C 3.8 Α  $I_{AR}$ Repetitive avalanche energy C  $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{AR}}$ 216 mJ Single pulsed avalanche energy F 433  $\mathsf{E}_{\mathsf{AS}}$ mJ Peak diode recovery dv/dt 5 dv/dt V/ns T<sub>C</sub>=25℃ 178 W  $P_D$ Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> Derate above 25°C 1.4 W/ °C Junction and Storage Temperature Range  $T_J$ ,  $T_{STG}$ -50 to 150  ${\mathfrak C}$ Maximum lead temperature for soldering  $\mathcal{C}$ purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds 300

AOI9N50

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A,G	$R_{\theta JA}$	45	55	℃/W			
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta CS}$	-	0.5	C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>D,F</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.5	0.7	€/M			



## Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
STATIC F	PARAMETERS						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu A, V_{GS}=0V, T_J=25$ °C	500				
		I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>J</sub> =150℃		600		V	
BV <sub>DSS</sub> /ΔTJ	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ID=250μA, VGS=0V		0.56		V/°C	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}$ =500V, $V_{GS}$ =0V			1	μА	
		V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, T <sub>J</sub> =125℃			10	μΑ	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±30V			±100	nA	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5V, I_{D}=250\mu A$	3.3	3.9	4.5	V	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_D$ =4.5A		0.71	0.86	Ω	
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =40V, $I_{D}$ =4.5A		9		S	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.72	1	V	
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				9	Α	
I <sub>SM</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current				27	Α	
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		760	962	1160	pF	
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =25V, f=1MHz	65	98	130	pF	
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		4.5	8	12	pF	
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	1.5	3.2	5	Ω	
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		15	19.5	24	nC	
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =400V, $I_{D}$ =9A		4.6		nC	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			7.1		nC	
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			24		ns	
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =250V, I <sub>D</sub> =9A,		44		ns	
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_G=25\Omega$		55		ns	
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			35		ns	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =9A,dI/dt=100A/μs,V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	260	332	400	ns	
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	<sub>B</sub> I <sub>F</sub> =9A,dI/dt=100A/μs,V <sub>DS</sub> =100V	2.8	3.5	4.5	μС	

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A. The value of  $R_{0JA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C in a TO252 package, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C. D. The R <sub>BJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R <sub>BJC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

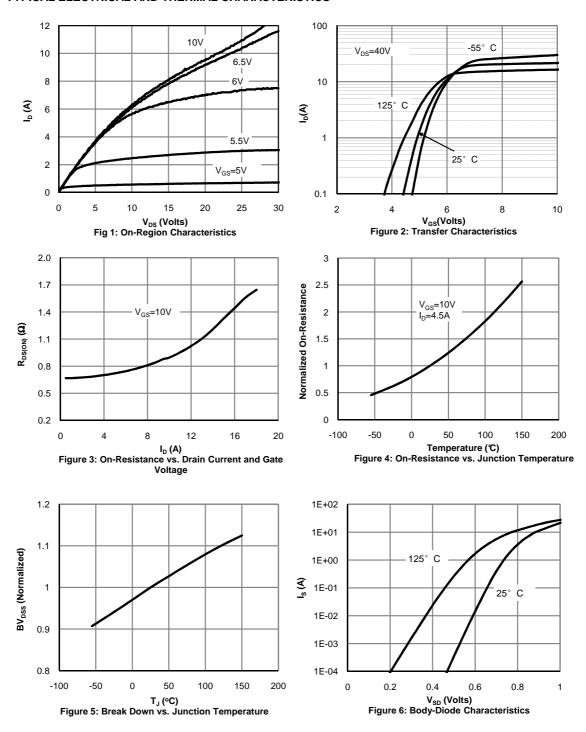
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C.

G.These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^{\circ}$  C.

H. L=60mH,  $I_{AS}$ =3.8A,  $V_{DD}$ =150V,  $R_{G}$ =10  $\Omega$  , Starting  $T_{J}$ =25 $^{\circ}$  C

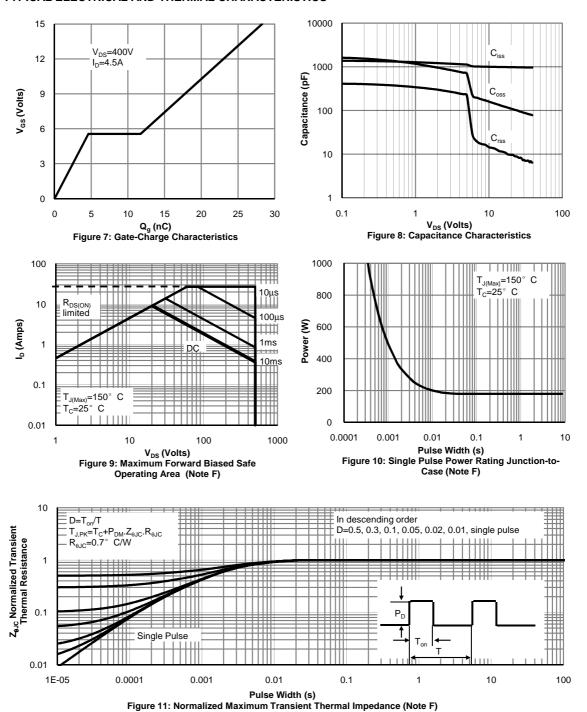


## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





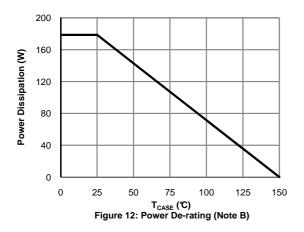
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

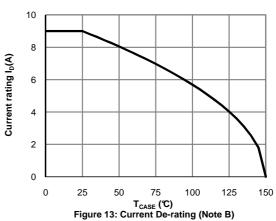


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#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





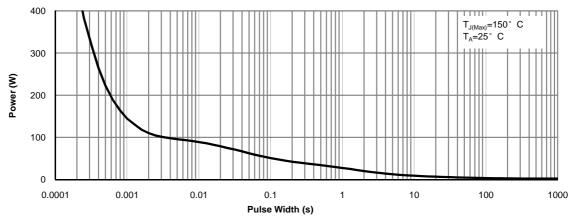
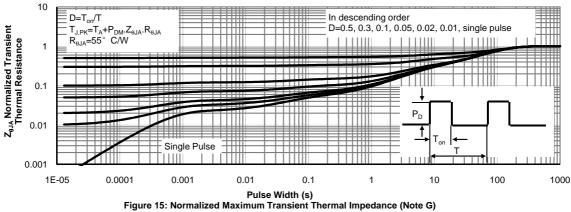


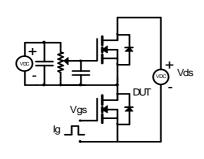
Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note G)

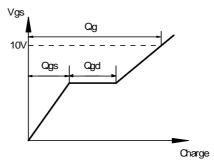


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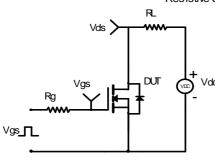


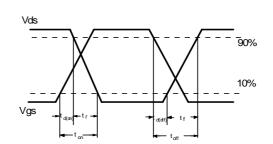
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



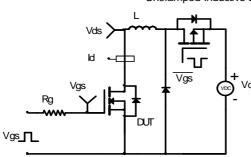


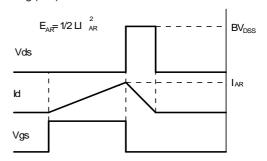
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

