



# **Partner Activity:**

# Managing React State

With a partner, discuss the various methods used in React state management.

What are some of the advantages/disadvantages with these methods?

Suggested Time: 5 minutes





Managing state can be difficult because there is no one-size-fits-all solution.

But there is another way.

# **Comparing Ways to Manage State**

01

Class Components with setState()

### **Advantages**

 Component and children will re-render with up-to-date data.

### **Disadvantages**

- Updating state from nested components can be difficult.
- Since state only flows one way, all components that need access to the state must be children of the same stateful component.



Functional Components with useState()

### **Advantages**

- Easier to read and debug, and no need to use this
- Access to Hooks

### **Disadvantages**

- Needs to use other Hooks to manage complex levels of state.
- Not supported by older codebases, which will still need to use class components for state.



As of React 16.8, Facebook recommends using functional components whenever possible.

# Introducing React Hooks

Hooks are functions that let you "hook into" React state and lifecycle features from stateless components.

# In This Lesson, We Will Cover Two Hooks

01

useState: Allows you to use state in a functional component.

02

useEffect: Replaces lifecycle methods like componentDidMount and componentDidUpdate

03

**Custom Hooks:** Create your own reusable Hooks!



Effect is a term used to describe the result of affecting the "outside world." This includes data fetching, subscribing to events, and making changes to the DOM.

## The Two Rules of Hooks

01

**Do not** call Hooks from within loops, conditionals, or nested functions.

- Hooks must always be called in the same order, like component lifecycle methods.
- This makes it possible for React to store the state of Hooks when using useState or useEffect.



# **Do not** call Hooks from within regular JavaScript functions.

• This makes it so that all stateful logic is easy to find for the developer (you).

