STA303/1002: Mixed assessment 1

Starship crew analysis

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Information	Note
Name	Mixed assignment 1
Type	Type 2
Value	14%
Due	This untimed submission must be submitted by 4:30 p.m. ET Wednesday, Feb 24
Submission	PDF & RMD: https://q.utoronto.ca/courses/204826/assignments/415116
link	
Accommodations and extension policy	If you miss a type 2 assessment due to illness or a serious personal emergency, please complete this form within ONE week of the due date of the assignment (i.e. the end of the timed assessment window).

Mixed assessment 1 has two components:

- Untimed guided analysis (this)
- Timed assessment (50 minutes; 24-hour assessment window is 4:30 p.m. ET Tuesday, Feb 23 to 4:30 p.m. ET Wednesday, Feb 24)
- See the mixed assessments overview page for further information and revisions links.

Instructions

- 1. Update the yaml at the top of this document to have your name and your student ID. There are TWO places you need to do this for each one, probably on lines 4 and 12. I.e., replace the square brackets and everything inside them with the appropriate details. Your student ID is all numbers (usually 10, sometimes 8 or 9), it is NOT your UTORid.
- 2. Complete the guided analysis below. You will want to complete this BEFORE attempting your timed assessment.
- 3. Complete your timed assessment. It will require your work in this document, as well general STA303 content knowledge.
- 4. Once you've written your code and are ready to knit change knitr::opts_chunk\$set(eval = FALSE) to read eval = TRUE in the libraries chunk.
- 5. Knit this .Rmd to .pdf and submit BOTH files to the submission link in the table above.

Note: This component is ungraded BUT there is a 10-percentage point penalty for not submitting your .Rmd and .pdf to the Quercus dropbox by the end of the assessment window, i.e., by Wednesday, February 24 at 4:30 p.m. ET. The intention is to allow confirmation of your work for academic integrity purposes and/or if as a way to confirm your personalized data if there are issues.

Setting up your libraries

If you are working on this on the Jupyter Hub, the tidyverse, devtools, lme4, lattice and lmtest packages will already be installed. If you're working locally, you'll have to install them first if they are not already installed. You will also need to install the randomNames package and the myStarship package from GitHub. All the code you need to do this is in the setup chunk below.

```
# RUN THIS CHUNK FIRST! You should only need to run it once on your local machine.
# On the JupyterHub, you may need to run it at the beginning of each new session.
# These are the packages you will need for this activity.
packages needed <- c("tidyverse", "devtools", "lme4",</pre>
                     "lattice", "lmtest", "randomNames")
package.check <- lapply(</pre>
  packages_needed,
  FUN = function(x) {
    if (!require(x, character.only = TRUE)) {
      install.packages(x, dependencies = TRUE,
      repos = "https://cloud.r-project.org/") # you may need to change the mirror if
      # you're in China (and potentially other countries.)
      # Students in China have reported that
      # "https://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/CRAN/" worked for them.
   }
 }
)
# Remove objects no longer needed
rm(packages needed, package.check)
# You may be prompted to install or update additional packages
# If so, you'll see a message in the console
# Type a enter/return in the console to skip updating
devtools::install_github("elb0/myStarship", force = TRUE)
# Run libraries for easy access to the functions we'll be using
library(tidyverse)
library(lme4)
library(myStarship)
# Once you've updated the code and are ready to knit
# change this to eval = TRUE
knitr::opts_chunk$set(eval = TRUE)
```

Get your data

IMPORTANT you must update your student ID in the function in the following chunk. You will be graded based on your *unique dataset* and so risk losing extensive marks if you use the wrong dataset.

```
# put your student ID in here
get_my_starship(1004710280)

# after you run this function, your unique dataset will appear in the environment
# it will be called crew_data
```

The goal

You are the Chief Science Officer of the SS Swausteet. You have data about the productivity of the crew over a 12 week period after a shore leave (a holiday break for the crew). For each member of the crew you also have data on their rank within Starfleet, their role on the ship (position), which of the three main divisions (division) they are in (Command, Operations, Science), as well as their sub-division (sub_division, e.g. Engineering is a sub-division of Operations). You also know their gender (Feminine, Masculine, Non-binary), name, what their GPA upon graduating from Starfleet Academy was (starfleet_gpa, 0-10 scale, 10 being the best grade), their perseverance score (perseverance_score) from their most recent psych assessment (0-10 scale, 10 being high perseverance). week indicates the weeks since the shore leave (1 to 12) and their productivity score for each week is recorded.

Each crewmember is assigned to a duty shift (duty_shift). There are four 8-hour shifts covering each 24 hour period, Alpha, Beta, Delta and Gamma. Within each duty shift, each crewmember is assigned to a team (shift_team). Teams are numbered 1 to 6, or sometimes fewer, and these labels aren't meaningful, they are just for administrative purposes. E.g., being Team 1 in Alpha shift has nothing to do with being Team 1 in Beta shift.

The crewmembers in Team 2 on the Gamma shift are assigned to work together as a unit, but they are only considered to be 'working' with other members of Team 2 on Gamma shift, not the rest of the Gamma shift, nor the crew in Team 2 of other shifts.

Your goal is to better understand productivity aboard your ship.

glimpse(crew_data)

```
## Rows: 3.012
## Columns: 13
## $ crew_id
                        <dbl> 42074, 42074, 42074, 42074, 42074, 42074, 42074, ...
                        <chr> "Captain", "Captain", "Captain", "Captain", "Cap...
## $ rank
                        <chr> "Captain", "Captain", "Captain", "Captain", "Cap...
## $ position
                        <chr> "Command", "Command", "Command", "Command", "Com...
## $ division
                        <chr> "Command", "Command", "Command", "Command", "Com...
## $ sub_division
                        <chr> "Masculine", "Masculine", "Masculine", "Masculin...
## $ gender
## $ name
                        <chr> "Donovan Quint", "Donovan Quint", "Donovan Quint...
## $ duty_shift
                        <chr> "Alpha", "Alpha", "Alpha", "Alpha", "Alpha", "Al...
                        <chr> "Team 1", "Team 1", "Team 1", "Team 1", "Team 1"...
## $ shift_team
                        <dbl> 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, 7.65, ...
## $ starfleet_gpa
## $ perseverance_score <dbl> 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, 5.70, ...
## $ week
                        <int> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 1, 2, 3, ...
                        <dbl> 41.58235, 39.60657, 40.93318, 38.41295, 38.93156...
## $ productivity
```

Task set 1: familiarize yourself with the data

1. What is the name of your ship? Hint: check out the object ship_name.

```
ship_name
```

[1] "SS Swausteet"

2. What is the name of the Communications Officer? Vincent Kiger

filter(crew_data,position=="Communications Officer")

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 13
      crew_id rank position division sub_division gender name duty_shift
##
                            <chr>
                                     <chr>
##
       <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                                                  <chr> <chr> <chr>
##
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
##
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
##
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
## 4
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## 5
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## 6
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
##
   7
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## 8
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
##
  9
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## 10
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
## 11
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## 12
       42243 Lieu~ Communi~ Command Command
                                                  Mascu~ Vinc~ Alpha
## # ... with 5 more variables: shift_team <chr>, starfleet_gpa <dbl>,
      perseverance score <dbl>, week <int>, productivity <dbl>
```

3. How many crewmembers are in this dataset?

nrow(crew_data)/12

[1] 251

Task set 2: create/alter variables

1. The Records Officer lets your know that there is a typo in the crew dataset, where 'Engineering' has been misspelled somewhere, (maybe in one of the position titles?) but unfortunately they can't remember where or how. Find the mistake, fix it (and save that fix in the original crew_data) and then calculate what proportion of people in the Engineering subdivision have 'engineer' or 'engineering' in their position title.

```
crew_data<-crew_data %>%
  mutate(position=str_replace(position, "Enigneering Technician", "Engineering Technician"))

x <- nrow(crew_data %>% filter(sub_division == "Engineering"))
y <- nrow(crew_data %>% filter(str_detect(position, "Engineer")))
y / x
```

[1] 0.6206897

- 2. Create a new variable in crew_data called full_team that indicates both the duty shift and the team each person is assigned to.
- You may find the str_c() function useful.
- You can specify how the values you're sticking together are separated with the sep parameter, e.g., str_c(var1, var2, sep = " ") would put a space between the values of var1 and var2 when sticking them together.
- Don't forget that mutate() helps you make new variables.

```
crew_data<-crew_data %>%
  mutate(full_team =str_c(duty_shift, shift_team, sep =" ") )
```

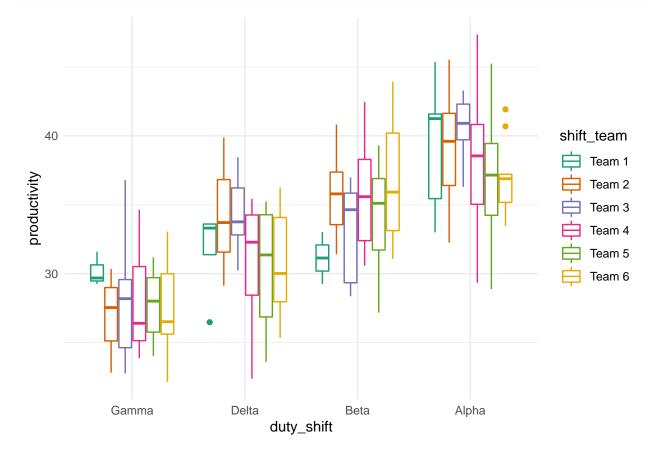
Task set 3: exploring week 1 data

1. Create a new dataset called week1 that filters to only the observations for week 1. You must also reverse the levels of the duty_shift factor in week1 so that the order is: Gamma, Delta, Beta, Alpha. You can test if you've achieved this by running table(week1\$duty_shift). The table should be ordered with Gamma first.

```
week1 <- crew_data %>%
  filter(week=="1") %>%
  mutate(duty_shift=fct_relevel(duty_shift,"Gamma","Delta","Beta","Alpha"))
```

- 2. Using the week1 dataset you created, create a plot with productivity on the y-axis, duty_shift on the x-axis and coloured boxplots for each shift_team. Use the "Dark2" colour palette from colour brewer.
- geom_boxplot() is the geometry that creates boxplots.
- use the colour aesthetic to get different boxplots for each shift_team
- scale_colour_brewer() will allow you to choose the Dark2 palette (when completed appropriately).

```
ggplot(data = week1,aes(x=duty_shift,y=productivity,colour=shift_team))+
  geom_boxplot()+
  theme_minimal()+
  scale_color_brewer(palette = "Dark2")
```



3. Using the week1 data, fit a linear model called w1_shift where productivity is the response and duty_shift is the only predictor. Run summary and confint on the model.

```
w1_shift<-lm(data=week1,productivity~duty_shift)
summary(w1_shift)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = productivity ~ duty_shift, data = week1)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                      Max
## -9.5312 -2.7546 0.3665 2.6523 9.0741
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   27.8205
                               0.6532
                                       42.593 < 2e-16 ***
                    4.0974
                                0.8298
                                        4.938 1.46e-06 ***
## duty_shiftDelta
## duty_shiftBeta
                    7.2660
                                0.7894
                                        9.205 < 2e-16 ***
## duty_shiftAlpha 10.4525
                                0.7788 13.421
                                               < 2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 3.864 on 247 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4604, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4539
## F-statistic: 70.25 on 3 and 247 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
confint(w1_shift)
##
                       2.5 %
                                97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                   26.533994 29.106993
## duty_shiftDelta 2.462933 5.731792
## duty_shiftBeta
                   5.711194 8.820721
## duty_shiftAlpha 8.918551 11.986454
```

- 4. Fit three additional linear models and run summaries on them:
- Name the first model w1_team. It should have productivity as the response and then shift_team as the only predictor. week1 is still the data to use.
- Name the first model w1_int. It should have productivity as the response and then the main effects and interaction of duty_shift and shift_team as the predictors. week1 is still the data to use.
- Name the second model w1_full. It should have productivity as the response and full_team as the only predictor. week1 is still the data to use.

```
w1 team<-lm(data=week1, productivity~shift team)
w1_int<-lm(data=week1,productivity~duty_shift*shift_team)
w1_full<-lm(data=week1,productivity~full_team)
summary(w1_team)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = productivity ~ shift_team, data = week1)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q
                   Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
## -12.960 -3.586
                     0.006
                             3.632 12.059
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                     34.3710
                                  1.3363 25.721
                                                    <2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
                      1.0900
                                  1.4992
                                                    0.468
## shift teamTeam 2
                                           0.727
                                                    0.818
## shift_teamTeam 3
                      0.3858
                                  1.6781
                                           0.230
```

```
## shift teamTeam 4
                     0.9757
                                1.5047
                                                  0.517
                                         0.648
## shift_teamTeam 5 -1.1895
                                                  0.430
                                1.5047 - 0.791
## shift teamTeam 6 -1.3033
                                1.5670 -0.832
                                                  0.406
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 5.175 on 245 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03993,
                                   Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 2.038 on 5 and 245 DF, p-value: 0.074
summary(w1 int)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = productivity ~ duty_shift * shift_team, data = week1)
##
## Residuals:
##
                1Q Median
      Min
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -8.6652 -2.9100 0.1417 2.5686
                                   9.3343
##
## Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                   30.17753
                                               2.18031 13.841 < 2e-16 ***
## duty_shiftDelta
                                    1.49734
                                               2.88428
                                                        0.519 0.604171
## duty_shiftBeta
                                    0.95948
                                               3.44738
                                                         0.278 0.781018
## duty_shiftAlpha
                                    9.16562
                                               2.67033
                                                         3.432 0.000711 ***
## shift teamTeam 2
                                   -3.18633
                                               2.60597 -1.223 0.222709
## shift teamTeam 3
                                   -1.78888 2.75790 -0.649 0.517227
## shift_teamTeam 4
                                   -1.87123
                                               3.08343 -0.607 0.544547
## shift_teamTeam 5
                                   -2.50885
                                               2.55664 -0.981 0.327487
## shift_teamTeam 6
                                   -2.84034
                                               2.51761 -1.128 0.260431
## duty_shiftDelta:shift_teamTeam 2 5.76042
                                               3.36261
                                                         1.713 0.088064
## duty_shiftBeta:shift_teamTeam 2
                                    7.78039
                                               3.84196
                                                         2.025 0.044027 *
## duty_shiftAlpha:shift_teamTeam 2 3.13982
                                                         0.997 0.319843
                                               3.14937
## duty_shiftDelta:shift_teamTeam 3
                                   4.40884
                                               3.74481
                                                         1.177 0.240300
## duty_shiftBeta:shift_teamTeam 3
                                    3.78751
                                               4.06440
                                                         0.932 0.352391
## duty_shiftAlpha:shift_teamTeam 3 3.09248
                                               3.43010
                                                         0.902 0.368240
## duty_shiftDelta:shift_teamTeam 4 0.87182
                                               3.79069
                                                         0.230 0.818307
## duty shiftBeta:shift teamTeam 4
                                                         1.570 0.117849
                                    6.55399
                                               4.17498
## duty_shiftAlpha:shift_teamTeam 4 0.54091
                                               3.53251
                                                         0.153 0.878438
## duty_shiftDelta:shift_teamTeam 5 1.08719
                                               3.36009
                                                         0.324 0.746569
## duty_shiftBeta:shift_teamTeam 5
                                    5.53048
                                               3.79706
                                                         1.457 0.146632
## duty_shiftAlpha:shift_teamTeam 5 -0.08359
                                               3.12285 -0.027 0.978670
## duty shiftDelta:shift teamTeam 6 1.85961
                                               3.36598
                                                         0.552 0.581168
## duty shiftBeta:shift teamTeam 6
                                    8.20440
                                               3.82850
                                                         2.143 0.033179 *
## duty_shiftAlpha:shift_teamTeam 6 0.35493
                                               3.20933
                                                         0.111 0.912037
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.776 on 227 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5264, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4784
## F-statistic: 10.97 on 23 and 227 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

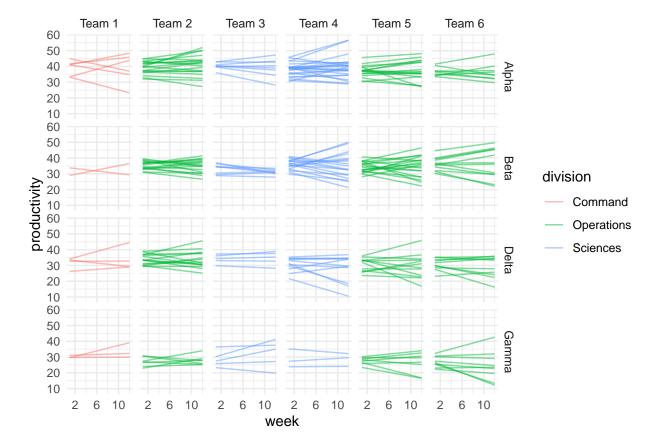
summary(w1_full)

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = productivity ~ full_team, data = week1)
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -8.6652 -2.9100 0.1417 2.5686 9.3343
##
## Coefficients:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                         39.34315
                                     1.54171 25.519 < 2e-16 ***
## full_teamAlpha Team 2 -0.04651
                                     1.76847 -0.026 0.979039
                                             0.639 0.523353
## full_teamAlpha Team 3
                         1.30360
                                     2.03950
## full_teamAlpha Team 4 -1.33032
                                     1.72369 -0.772 0.441044
## full_teamAlpha Team 5
                        -2.59243
                                     1.79326 -1.446 0.149654
## full_teamAlpha Team 6 -2.48541
                                     1.99034 -1.249 0.213048
## full_teamBeta Team 1
                        -8.20614
                                     3.08343 -2.661 0.008338 **
## full_teamBeta Team 2
                         -3.61208
                                     1.79326 -2.014 0.045162 *
## full teamBeta Team 3
                                     2.03950 -3.044 0.002613 **
                         -6.20751
## full teamBeta Team 4
                         -3.52337
                                     1.78022 -1.979 0.049004 *
## full_teamBeta Team 5
                                     1.76847 -2.932 0.003717 **
                        -5.18451
## full_teamBeta Team 6
                         -2.84208
                                     1.88821 -1.505 0.133670
## full_teamDelta Team 1 -7.66828
                                     2.43766 -3.146 0.001878 **
## full teamDelta Team 2 -5.09420
                                     1.82418 -2.793 0.005675 **
## full teamDelta Team 3 -5.04832
                                     2.28673 -2.208 0.028269 *
## full_teamDelta Team 4 -8.66769
                                     1.91660 -4.522 9.85e-06 ***
## full_teamDelta Team 5 -9.08994
                                     1.88821 -4.814 2.70e-06 ***
## full_teamDelta Team 6 -8.64901
                                     1.95013 -4.435 1.43e-05 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 1 -9.16562
                                     2.67033 -3.432 0.000711 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 2 -12.35195
                                     2.10100 -5.879 1.46e-08 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 3 -10.95450
                                     2.28673 -4.790 3.00e-06 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 4 -11.03684
                                     2.67033 -4.133 5.04e-05 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 5 -11.67447
                                     2.03950 -5.724 3.27e-08 ***
                                     1.99034 -6.032 6.51e-09 ***
## full_teamGamma Team 6 -12.00596
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 3.776 on 227 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5264, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4784
## F-statistic: 10.97 on 23 and 227 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Task set 4: productivity post shore leave

1. Replace the 1s and add whatver other aesthetics are required in the aesthetic statement in the ggplot() function to recreate the graph below for your particular ship. Note that each line represents the productivity trend for one crewmember over the 12 week period.

```
crew_data %>%
  ggplot(aes(y = productivity, x = week,colour=division,group=crew_id)) +
  geom_line(stat="smooth", method = "lm", formula = 'y~x', alpha = 0.5) +
  facet_grid(duty_shift~shift_team) +
  scale_x_continuous(breaks = seq(2,12, by = 4)) +
  theme_minimal()
```



After discussing your investigation and the above graph with your Personnel Officer, they suggest you should *not* include rank, position, division, sub-division or gender in your analysis. They also tell you that ship-to-ship, how duty shifts are set up and how teams are allocated differs quite a lot. Some ships have more than the 4 shifts yours does, or have many more teams due to size, etc.

You're interested in presenting your work at the next Federation Science and Innovation Conference and want be able to provide information that might be relevant to the the Chief Science Officers on other ships, too.

Below are several models that you've fit and some tests on them.

```
## $optimizer
## [1] "nloptwrap"
## $restart_edge
## [1] TRUE
##
## $boundary.tol
## [1] 1e-05
##
## $calc.derivs
## [1] TRUE
##
## $use.last.params
## [1] FALSE
## $checkControl
## $checkControl$check.nobs.vs.rankZ
## [1] "ignore"
## $checkControl$check.nobs.vs.nlev
## [1] "stop"
## $checkControl$check.nlev.gtreq.5
## [1] "ignore"
##
## $checkControl$check.nlev.gtr.1
## [1] "stop"
## $checkControl$check.nobs.vs.nRE
## [1] "stop"
##
## $checkControl$check.rankX
## [1] "message+drop.cols"
## $checkControl$check.scaleX
## [1] "warning"
## $checkControl$check.formula.LHS
## [1] "stop"
##
##
## $checkConv
## $checkConv$check.conv.grad
## $checkConv$check.conv.grad$action
## [1] "warning"
##
## $checkConv$check.conv.grad$tol
## [1] 0.002
## $checkConv$check.conv.grad$relTol
## NULL
##
```

```
##
## $checkConv$check.conv.singular
## $checkConv$check.conv.singular$action
## [1] "message"
## $checkConv$check.conv.singular$tol
## [1] 1e-04
##
##
## $checkConv$check.conv.hess
## $checkConv$check.conv.hess$action
## [1] "warning"
## $checkConv$check.conv.hess$tol
## [1] 1e-06
##
##
##
## $optCtrl
## $optCtrl$xtol abs
## [1] 1e-08
## $optCtrl$ftol_abs
## [1] 1e-08
##
## $optCtrl$optimizer
## [1] "Nelder_Mead"
##
## attr(,"class")
## [1] "lmerControl" "merControl"
model_1a <- lmer(productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score +</pre>
                   (1|name),
                 data = crew_data)
model_1b <- lmer(productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score +</pre>
                   (1 + week | name),
                 data = crew_data)
# Study prompt: How do we interpret the p-values here? What is relevant?
lmtest::lrtest(model_1a, model_1b)
## Likelihood ratio test
##
## Model 1: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 |
##
       name)
## Model 2: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 +
##
       week | name)
##
   #Df LogLik Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## 1 6 -6984.2
## 2 8 -5392.0 2 3184.5 < 2.2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

##

```
model_2a <- lmer(productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score +
                   (1 + week|name) + (1|duty_shift:shift_team),
                 data = crew_data)
model_2b <- lmer(productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score +
                   (1 + week|name) + (1|full_team),
                 data = crew_data)
# Study prompt: How do we interpret the p-values here? What is relevant?
lmtest::lrtest(model 1b, model 2a)
## Likelihood ratio test
##
## Model 1: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 +
       week | name)
##
## Model 2: productivity ~ week + starfleet gpa + perseverance score + (1 +
##
       week | name) + (1 | duty_shift:shift_team)
##
     #Df LogLik Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
## 1 8 -5392.0
## 2
       9 -5317.4 1 149.07 < 2.2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
lmtest::lrtest(model 2a, model 2b)
## Likelihood ratio test
##
## Model 1: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 +
       week | name) + (1 | duty_shift:shift_team)
## Model 2: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 +
       week | name) + (1 | full_team)
    #Df LogLik Df Chisq Pr(>Chisq)
##
## 1
       9 -5317.4
       9 -5317.4 0
## 2
                        0
                                    1
  2. Determine which model from the above is the most appropriate out of those shown. Make appropriate
    alterations to model 3 so that it will be the same as your chosen model with the addition of the term
    shown below, and uses the appropriate likelihood method to allow you to compare the models.
model_3 <- lmer(productivity~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score+ (1 + week name) + (1 full_team
                  (1 + week full team),
                 data = crew_data)
lmtest::lrtest(model_2b, model_3)
  3. Run summary() and confint() on whichever model you think is the most appropriate
summary(model_2b)
## Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
## Formula: productivity ~ week + starfleet_gpa + perseverance_score + (1 +
       week | name) + (1 | full_team)
##
      Data: crew_data
##
##
## REML criterion at convergence: 10634.9
```

```
## Scaled residuals:
      Min 1Q Median 3Q
                                   Max
## -3.3031 -0.6251 0.0107 0.6171 3.3105
##
## Random effects:
## Groups Name Variance Std.Dev. Corr
## name
          (Intercept) 9.1716 3.0285
                       0.2436 0.4936
                                      -0.04
##
            week
## full_team (Intercept) 14.9901 3.8717
## Residual
                        0.9739 0.9868
## Number of obs: 3012, groups: name, 251; full_team, 24
## Fixed effects:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)
                  12.00660 2.44877
                                      4.903
                            0.03159 -0.334
## week
                   -0.01054
                 1.79792 0.22206 8.097
## starfleet_gpa
## perseverance_score 1.10530 0.20876 5.295
## Correlation of Fixed Effects:
##
            (Intr) week strfl_
## week
            -0.006
## starflet_gp -0.732 0.000
## prsvrnc_scr -0.647 0.000 0.076
confint(model 2b)
## Computing profile confidence intervals ...
##
                         2.5 %
                                 97.5 %
## .sig01
                    2.74640510 3.32631981
## .sig02
                   -0.17425923 0.08762692
## .sig03
                   0.45123182 0.54023746
                   2.83117648 5.27673809
## .sig04
                   0.96016269 1.01478600
## .sigma
                  7.22131307 16.80098266
## (Intercept)
## week
                   -0.07256424 0.05147664
               1.36327825 2.23338432
## starfleet_gpa
## perseverance_score 0.69493074 1.51382474
```

Task set 5: competitive astrobiologists

While on shore leave, some of the astrobiologists had a little competition to see who could spot plants from the greatest number of **different planets or systems** in the hotel gardens. Note: The *number* of plants spotted doesn't actually matter as long as at least one was spotted.

They have asked for your impartial help to find out who the winner is.

You have three datasets:

- astrobiologists is a list of all the astrobiology crewmembers
- competition_data has the number of plants of each type that each participating astrobiologist recorded.
- origin_data contains information from the hotel about the plants in their collection and the the planets they are native to. They have warned you that is may be somewhat incomplete.

```
astrobiologists <- crew_data %>%
  filter(position == "Astrobiologist") %>%
  distinct(crew_id, name, .keep_all=TRUE) %>%
  transmute(crewmember = str_c(name, " (", crew_id, ")"))
competition_data <- tibble(crewmember =</pre>
                          c(astrobiologists$crewmember[1],
                          astrobiologists$crewmember[2],
                          astrobiologists$crewmember[3]),
          `Xupta tree` = c(3L, 7L, NA),
            L'maki = c(21L, NA, 21L),
          Leola root = c(40L, 45L, 26L),
            Klavaatu = c(2L, 3L, 2L),
           Waterplum = c(NA, 5L, 1L),
  `Folnar jewel plant` = c(17L, 12L, 10L),
        Felaran rose = c(28L, 7L, NA),
           Crystilia = c(12L, 3L, 9L),
             Parthas = c(4L, 3L, NA),
        `Borgia plant` = c(NA, 1L, 1L))
origin_data <- data.frame(plant = c("Xupta tree","L'maki","Leola root",</pre>
                                      "Waterplum", "Vulcan orchid",
                                      "Lunar flower", "Garlanic tree",
                                      "Folnar jewel plant",
                                      "Felaran rose", "Crystilia", "Parthas",
                                      "Borgia plant", "Pod plant"),
                      native_to = c("Orellius system", "Delta Quadrant",
                                      "Bajor", "Mari", "Vulcan",
                                      NA, "Elaysian homeworld", "Folnar III",
                                      "Delta Quadrant", "Telemarius IV",
                                      "Acamar III", "M-113", NA))
```

Tip: I recommend run View() on competition_data and origin_data to explore them further so you are familiar with their structure and contents. (You can also do this by clicking on their titles in the Environment pane.)

- 1. Create a new dataset called complete_comp using the competition_data.
- 2. Assess whether complete_comp, at this current step, is currently tidy. (I.e., is competition_data tidy?) If yes, proceed. If no, alter it to be tidy. Specifically, it needs to be in the correct format to be useful for merging the origin_data on to it.

- 3. Continuing to manipulate the complete_comp object, merge on the origin_data such that any plants not present in the data provided by the hotel are dropped.
- 4. Restrict the complete_comp so it only contains rows where at least one plant was spotted.
- 5. Restrict the complete_comp to just observations from distinct planets or systems for each crewmember. (See hint code below.)
- 6. Calculate how many unique planets or systems each astrobiologist spotted at least one plant from.

You DO NOT have to use the exact same code I do to get the associated questions in the timed component correct, as long as it fulfills these instructions, in the correct order. As a hint, here is the structure of my code to complete these tasks.

Task set 6: make your Statistician's life easier

Suppose you were trying to run the following code. It throws an error. (Note: DON'T fix the error, that isn't the point of this activity.) Create a reprex (a reproducible example, see week 1) with everything required for your statistician to reproduce this error. The only 'error' in the output should be the one produced by *this* code. (Hint: there is a library you should include, and you'll also need to provide the data. Once you've copied the complete code for the reprex to your clipboard, you can then run reprex() and the content for your reprex will then be added to you clipboard, (i.e., with Ctrl+V or Cmd+V you can paste it.))

END