

questions

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- ① Who were the Sayyid brothers?
- ② What is writ?
- ③ How did the wars of succession harmed the Mughal empire?
- ④ Name the ruler who took Kohinoor diamond.
- ⑤ When court offers advice to president.

* Detail

- ① Describe the Jagirdari system.
- ② In what ways Aurangzeb's policies faulty.
- ③ What is a panchayat court?
- ④ Describe the role of the Lok Sabha speaker.

Answers

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→ Jahandar Shah's reign saw the rise of a group of nobles headed by the Sayyid brothers namely, Syed Mas'ood Ali Khan Basha and Syed Hussain Ali Khan Basha.

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→ A legal document issued when our fundamental rights are violated is called writ.

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→ In the absence of a fixed rule of succession, the Mughal dynasty broke into civil war between claimants to the throne after the death of the ruler.

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→ Maharaja Ranjit Singh.

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→ Advisory Jurisdiction

* Detail

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The nobles in the Mughal Empire were provided jagirs for their loyalty and services. A noble who received a jagir from the emperor was called a jagirdar and had the right to collect revenue from that land.

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- Aurangzeb rejected the demand for regional autonomy by the marathas, and led a long and strenuous campaign against them. This Deccan campaign drained the resources of the empire and ruined trade in Deccan.

- The Rajput rajas and their military support was one of the pillars of Mughal supports.

- The Jat and Sikh uprisings, which were supported by the peasantry, challenged the strength of Aurangzeb's administration.

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→ Panchayat court is a system of dispute resolution at the village level. The court functions on the broad principles of natural justice and keeps its procedure simple with very little bureaucracy.

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