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Assignment No.2

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Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/Assignment-2-1/blob/main/code.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/Assignment-2-1/blob/main/main.tex

Question taken from

https://github.com/gadepall/ncert/blob/main/linalg/vectors/gvv ncert vectors.pdf- Q.no.2.25

1 Question No.2.25

Find a point on the y-axis which is equidistant from the points $A = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

2 Solution

Given,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

Let x be the point on y-axis. Then

$$||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} = ||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{B}||^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow ||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} = ||x||^{2} + ||\mathbf{A}||^{2} - 2\mathbf{A}^{T}x$$
From given in formation
$$||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{A}||^{2} = ||x||^{2} + \left\| \binom{6}{5} \right\|^{2} - 2(\mathbf{6} \ \mathbf{5})x$$

$$||\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{B}||^{2} = ||x||^{2} + \left\| \binom{-4}{3} \right\|^{2} - 2(-\mathbf{4} \ \mathbf{3})x$$

$$\Rightarrow ||x||^{2} + \left\| \binom{6}{5} \right\|^{2} - 2(\mathbf{6} \ \mathbf{5})x = ||x||^{2} + \left\| \binom{-4}{3} \right\|^{2} - 2(-\mathbf{4} \ \mathbf{3})x$$

$$\Rightarrow 2(\mathbf{6} \ \mathbf{5})x - 2(-\mathbf{4} \ \mathbf{3})x = \left\| \binom{6}{5} \right\|^{2} + \left\| \binom{-4}{3} \right\|^{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\mathbf{20} \ \mathbf{4})x = 61 - 25$$

$$\implies (20 \text{ 4}) \times \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ y \end{pmatrix} = 36$$

$$\implies 4y = 36$$

$$\implies y = 9$$

Finally the desired point on y-axis equidistance from A and B is $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$.

See the figure generated by using python

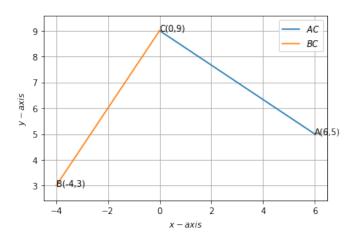


Fig. 2.1: Fig. 2.25