

Assignment No.1

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Download all python codes from

<https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/bolla1.git>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/bolla1.git>

1 QUESTION No.13

In Fig. $\triangle ABD$ is a right triangle, right angled at A and $AC \perp BD$. Prove that $AB^2 = BC \cdot BD$.

2 SOLUTION

$$\text{In } \triangle ABD, AB^2 + AD^2 = BD^2 \text{ --- (1)}$$

$$\text{In } \triangle ABC, AC^2 + BC^2 = AB^2 \text{ --- (2)}$$

$$\text{In } \triangle ACD, AC^2 + CD^2 = AD^2 \text{ --- (3)}$$

$$\text{Subtracting (3) from (2) } AB^2 - AD^2 = BC^2 - CD^2 \text{ --- (4)}$$

$$\text{Adding 1 and 4 } 2AB^2 = BC^2 + BD^2 - CD^2$$

$$2AB^2 = (BC + CD)^2 + BC^2 - CD^2$$

$$\text{Since } BD = BC + CD \text{ } 2AB^2 = 2BC^2 + 2BC \cdot CD$$

$$2AB^2 = (BC + CD)2BC$$

$$AB^2 = BC \cdot BD$$

Hence it is proved that $AB^2 = BC \cdot BD$

□

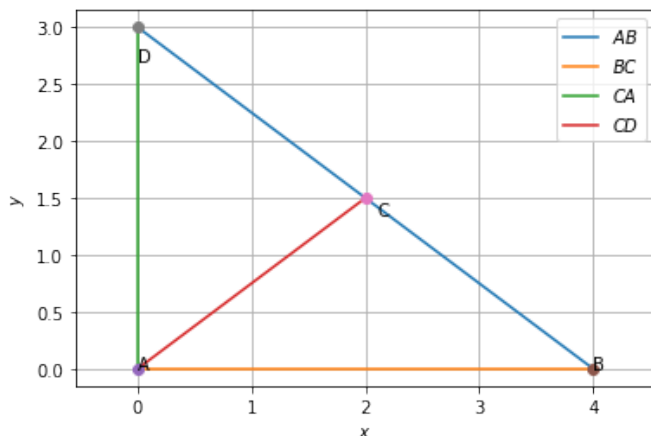


Fig. 0: Right angled triangle

3 2.QUESTION 9

In Fig. $\triangle ABC$ is circumscribing a circle. Find the length of BC .

4 SOLUTION

Given $BR = 3\text{cm}$ $AR = 4\text{cm}$ $AC = 11\text{cm}$

$$BP = BR$$

$$AQ = AR$$

$$CP = CQ$$

(Because length of tangents to circle from external point will be equal)

Therefore

$$AQ = 4\text{cm} \quad BP = 3\text{cm}$$

$$\text{As } AC = 11\text{cm}$$

$$QC + AQ = 11\text{cm} \quad QC = 11 - AQ$$

$$QC = 7\text{cm} \quad PC = 7\text{cm}$$

$$BC = BP + PC$$

$$BC = 3 + 7 \quad BC = 10\text{cm}$$

The length of BC is 10cm

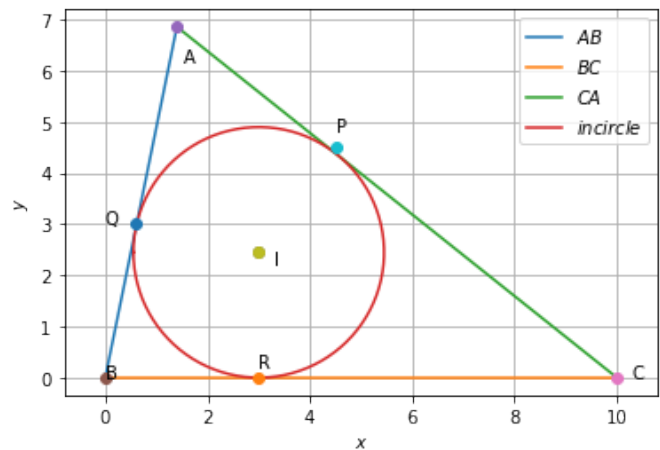


Fig. 0: Incircle triangle