#### 1

# Assignment No.1

#### Valli Devi Bolla MD 704

### Download all python codes from

https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/bolla1.git

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Vallidevibolla/bolla1.git

#### 1 Question No.13

In Fig.  $\triangle ABD$  is a right triangle, right – angled at A and ACBD. Prove that  $AB^2 = BC.BD$ .

#### 2 Solution

Subtracting (3) from (2) 
$$AB^2 - AD^2 = BC^2 - CD^2 - ----(4)$$

Adding 1 and 4 
$$2AB^2 = BC^2 + BD^2 - CD^2$$
  
 $2AB^2 = (BC + CD)^2 + BC^2 - CD^2$ 

Since BD=BC+CD 
$$2AB^2=2BC^2+2BC.CD$$

$$2AB^2 = (BC + CD)2BC$$

 $AB^2 = BC.BD$ 

Hence it is proved that  $AB^2 = BC.BD$ 

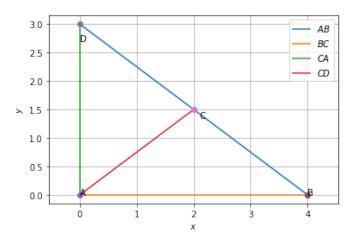


Fig. 0: Right angled triangle

#### 4 Solution

Given BR=3cm AR=4cm AC=11cm

BP=BR

AQ=AR

CP=CQ

(Because length of tangents to circle from external point will be equal)

Therefore AQ=44cm BP=3cm

As AC=11cm

QC+AQ=11cm QC=11-AQ

QC=7cm PC=7cm

BC=BP+PC

BC=3+7 BC=10*cm* 

The length of BCis 10cm

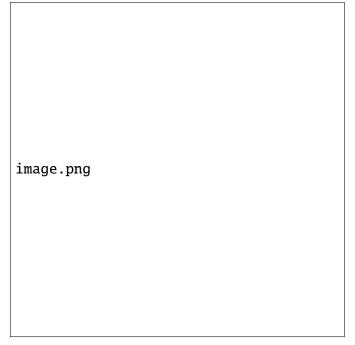


Fig. 0: Image

## 3 2.Question 9

In Fig.  $\triangle ABC$  is circumscribing a circle. Find the length of BC.