

5) Assembler & Macro Processor

* Types of ALP :- Absolute / Non Relocatable
:- Relocatable

Absolute / Non Relocatable

- The address at which program needs to be loaded in the memory for execution is fixed.
- Allocation is done by programmer & loading is done by Loader.

Eg:- PG1 START 4000H

Relocatable

- These programs can be loaded anywhere in the memory.
- Allocation and loading would be done by loader.

Eg:- PG1 START 0

* Statements in ALP

1) Imperative Statements

- These are the statements executed and understood by the machines.

→ Eg:- Instructions

5 Imperative Statements:- START, END, EQU, USING, & DROP.

Assembler Directive

Symbols are in Label Field
 1, FIVE → RX → ~~LC~~ LC ↑ by 4
 EA → Disp (Index, Base)

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		LC (Pass 1)	LC (Pass 2)
Ex 1)	PG1 START 0	0	0
	USING *, 15	0	0 L1, 16 (0, 15)
	L1, FIVE	0 L1, —	4 A, 12 (0, 15)
	A 1, FOUR	4 A1, —	8 ST, 20 (0, 15)
	ST 1, TEMP	8 ST 1, —	12 0100
	FOUR DC F '4'	12 F '4', —	16 0101
	FIVE DC F '5'	^{+4(F)} 16 F '5'	
	TEMP DS 4F	20 DS 1F	
	END	24	

→

MOT (Machine Opcode Table)

Machine Opcode	Binary Opcode	Instruction Length	Instruction Format
L	✓	✓	RX
A	✓	✓	RX
ST	✓	✓	RX

POT (Pseudo Opcode Table) [Fixed Length Table]

Pseudo Opcode | Address

START

USING

DC

DS

END

ST (Symbol Table)

Symbol	Value	Length	R/A
PG1	0	01	R
FOUR	12	04 (Full)	R
FIVE	16	04	R
TEMP	20	04	R

LT (Literal Table)

Literal	Value	Length	R/A

BT (Base Table)Availability
of IndicatorContent of
BR0
1
2
3
...
14
15ZZZZ...
YES

		LC (Pass 1)	LC (Pass 2)
Q2) PG 2	START	0	0 A
	USING *BASE	0	0 A
	L 2, D1	0 L 2, ____	0 L 2, 16(0, 12)
	A 2, D2	4 A 2, ____	4 A 2, 20(0, 12)
	A 2, D3	8 A 2, ____ (12)	8 A 2, 24(0, 12)
	ST 2, T1	12 ST 2, ____	12 ST 2, 28(0, 12)
D1	DC F (7)	16 DF 7	16 0111
D2	DC F (4)	20 F4	20 0100
D3	DC F (8)	24 F8	24 1000
BASE	EQV 12	28	
T1	DS '1' F	28 DS 1F	
	END	32	

Symbol Table :

Symbol	Value	Length	R/A	
PG 2	0	01	R	T1 28 4 R
D1	16	04	R	
D2	20	04	R	
D3	24	04	R	
BASE	12	01	R	

POT (Pseudo Opcode Table) :-

Pseudo Opcode	Address
START	
USING	
DC	
DS ESU END	

MOT (Machine Opcode Table) :-

Machine Opcode	Binary Opcode	Inst. Length	Inst. Form
L	✓	✓	RX
A	✓	✓	RX
A	✓	✓	RX
ST	✓	✓	RX

Base Table (BT)

Availability of Indicators	Content of Base Register
0 NO	
1 NO	
2 ...	
... YES	00
12 NO	
13 NO	
14 NO	
15 NO	

Literal at Value End of Program

classmate

Date

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			LC (PASS 1)	LC (PASS 2)
Q3)	PG 3	START	0	0
		USING *, BASE	0	0
	L	2, D1	0 L2, —	0 L2, 16 (0, 12)
	A	2, D2	4 A2, —	4 A2, 20 (0, 12)
	A	2 = F'4'	8 A2	8 A2, 28 (0, 12)
	ST	2, T1	12 ST 2, —	12 ST 2, 24 (0, 12)
	D1	DC F '5'	16 F5	16 101
	D2	DC F '7'	20 F7	20 111
	BASE	EQU 12	24	
	T1	DS 1 'F'	24 DS 1F	
		END	28	

→

ST

Symbol	Value	Length	R/A
PG 3	0	01	R
D1	16	04	R
D2	20	04	R
BASE	24	01	A
T1	24	04	R

→

MOT

MO	BO	Inst. Length	Inst. Format
L	✓	✓	RX
A	✓	✓	RX
ST	✓	✓	RX

→ POT

PO	Address
PG START	
USING	
DC	
DS	
EQU	
END	

→ LT

Literal	Value	Length	R/A
= F'4'	28	04	R