

A decorative graphic on the left side of the slide consisting of white lines and circles on a blue gradient background, resembling a circuit board or a stylized tree structure.

# OPENING A RESTAURANT TARGETING TOURISTS IN LONDON

Qingan Wang

September, 2020

# CONTENTS

- Introduction
- Data
- Analysis
- Conclusion

# INTRODUCTION

- London is a big city visited by many every year presenting a great opportunity for investors.
- If a restaurant is to be opened in the city center, where would the best spot be to target tourists?
- What is the food type in demand the most in London so the proposed new restaurant can provide?

# DATA

- Foursquare API is the main source of data in our problem.
- Two datasets were retrieved, cleaned, and prepared for analysis
  - Hotels dataset with locations
  - Trending restaurants dataset with categories and locations

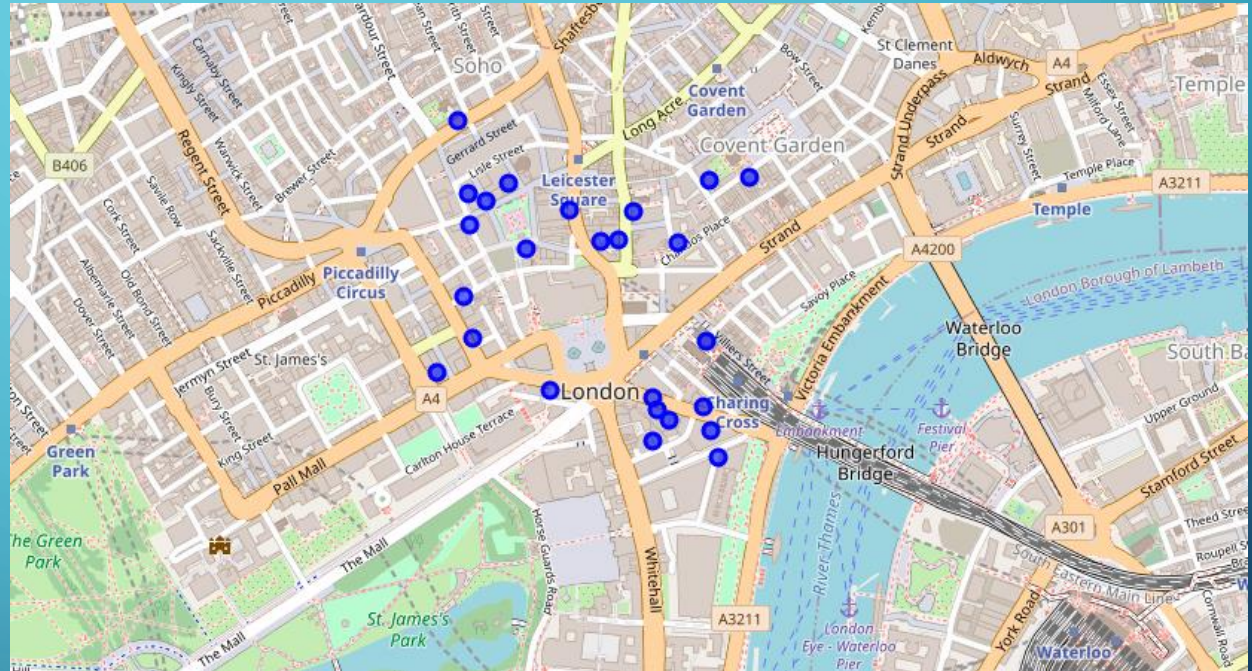
The background is a blue gradient with abstract white lines resembling circuit traces or data paths in the corners. These lines connect small circles, some of which are larger than others. The lines are more prominent in the top-left and bottom-left corners, and less so in the top-right and bottom-right corners.

# ANALYSIS

METHODOLOGY AND RESULTS

# HOTELS LOCATIONS

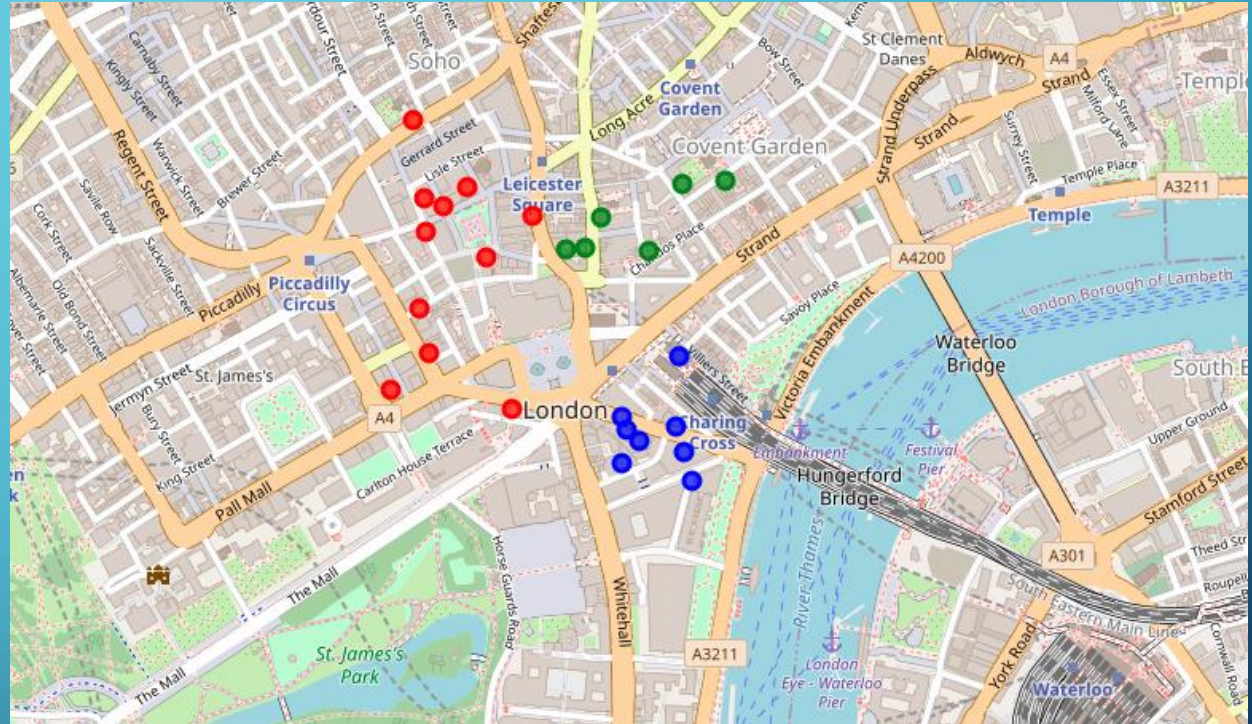
- The hotels data was visualized on a map to see where they are located
- To find the touristic areas (where there are hotels in high densities), we need to group the hotels in clusters
- By visual inspection, we can see that they can be clustered in 3 groups





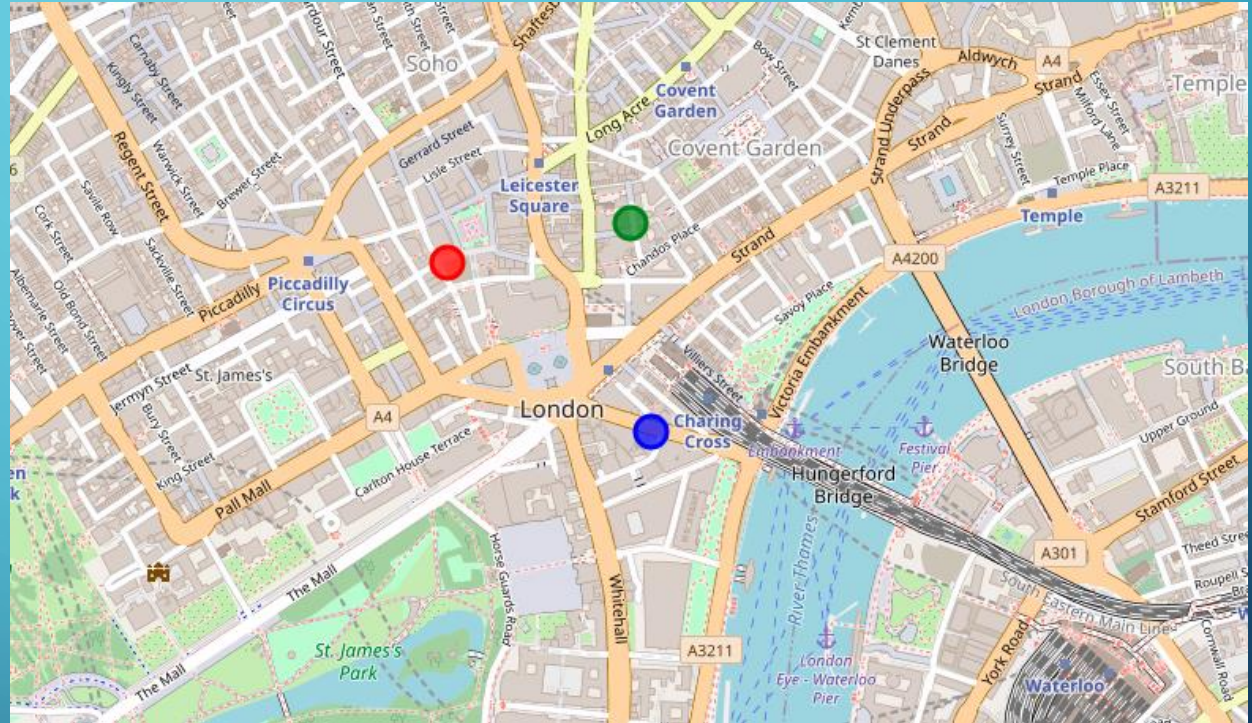
# CLUSTERING HOTELS

- K-Means Clustering algorithm was used to group the hotels in three clusters
- Red-green-blue coloring scheme was used to differentiate hotels of different clusters



# CLUSTERS CENTERS

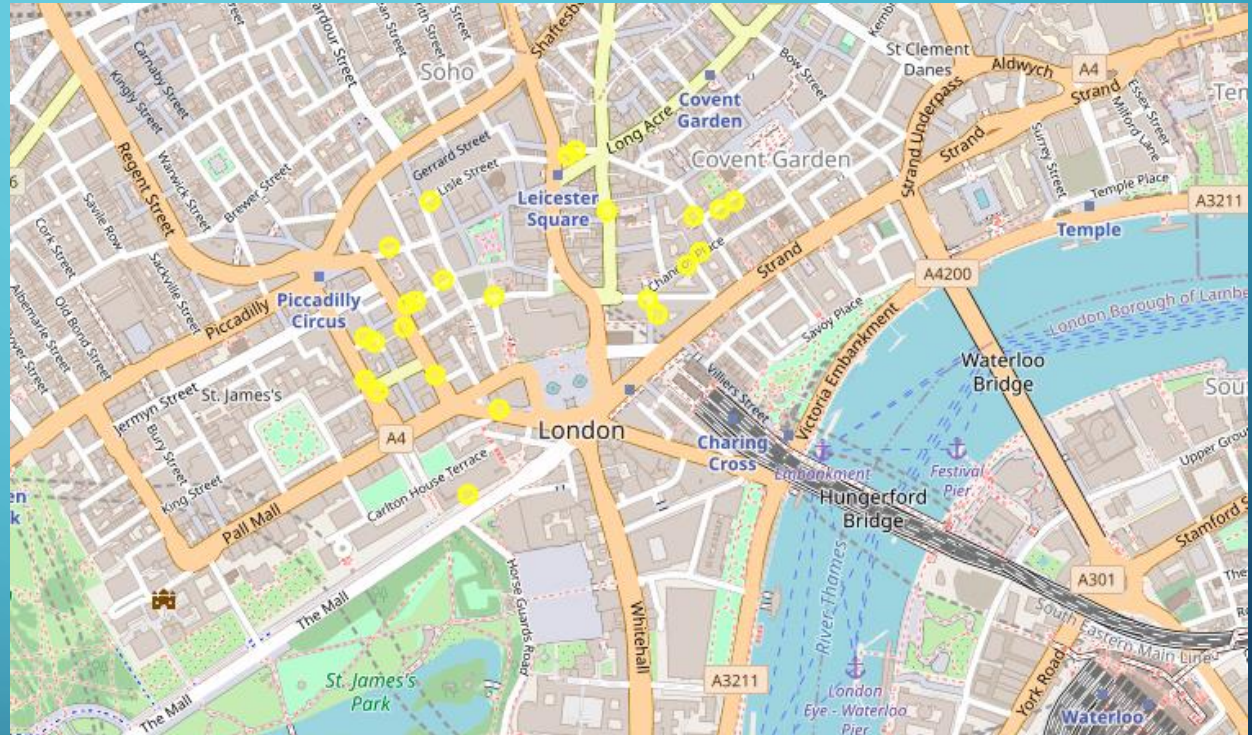
- Each cluster generated by K-Means had hotels centered around a single point, these points' location coordinates were retrieved and visualized





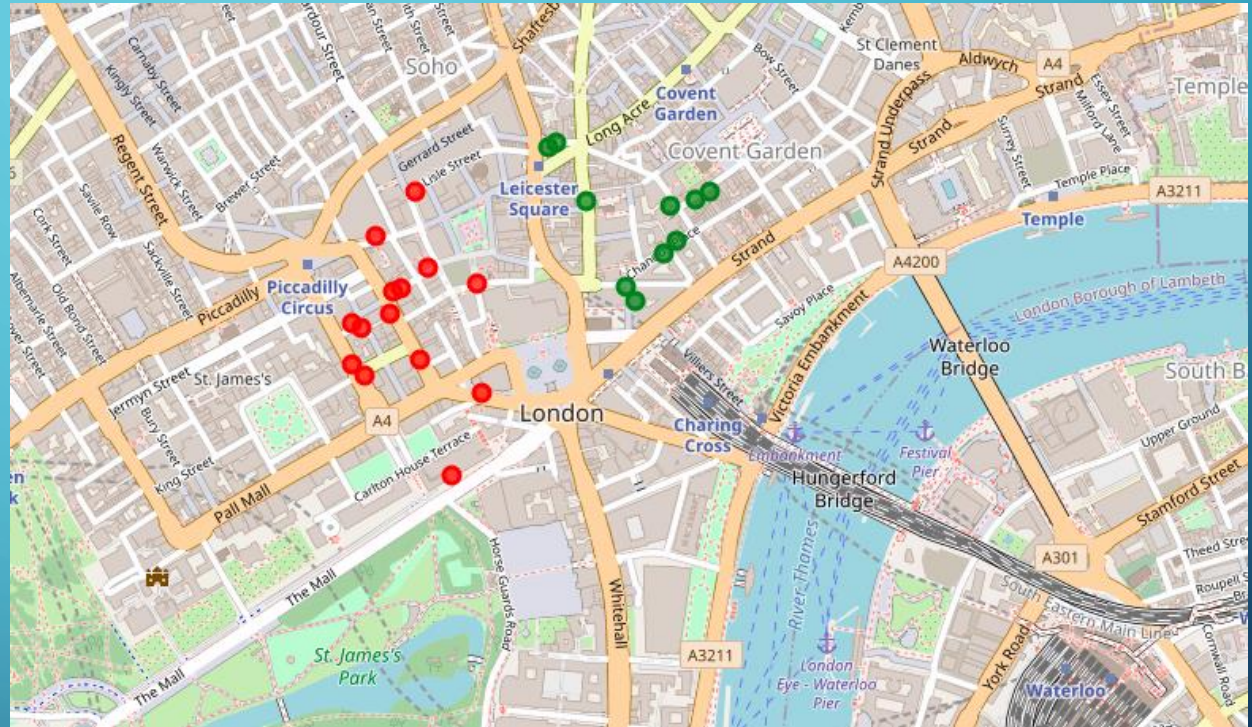
# RESTAURANTS LOCATIONS

- Restaurants locations were retrieved from Foursquare API and visualized on the map
- To know which hotel cluster had the lowest competition in restaurants we need to classify the restaurants in these clusters and count them



# CLASSIFYING RESTAURANTS

- KNN Classification algorithm was used to assign a class label to each restaurant in our dataset
- The KNN model was trained on the centers' locations dataset
- Each restaurant was assigned the value of the closest single center





# LOWEST COMPETITION

- To find the lowest level of competition we look for the area of the minimum number of restaurants
- It was found that the blue region had no restaurants at all, thus no competition there

Class Label	Number of Restaurants
0/red	14
1/green	10
2/blue	0

# OPPORTUNITY EVALUATION

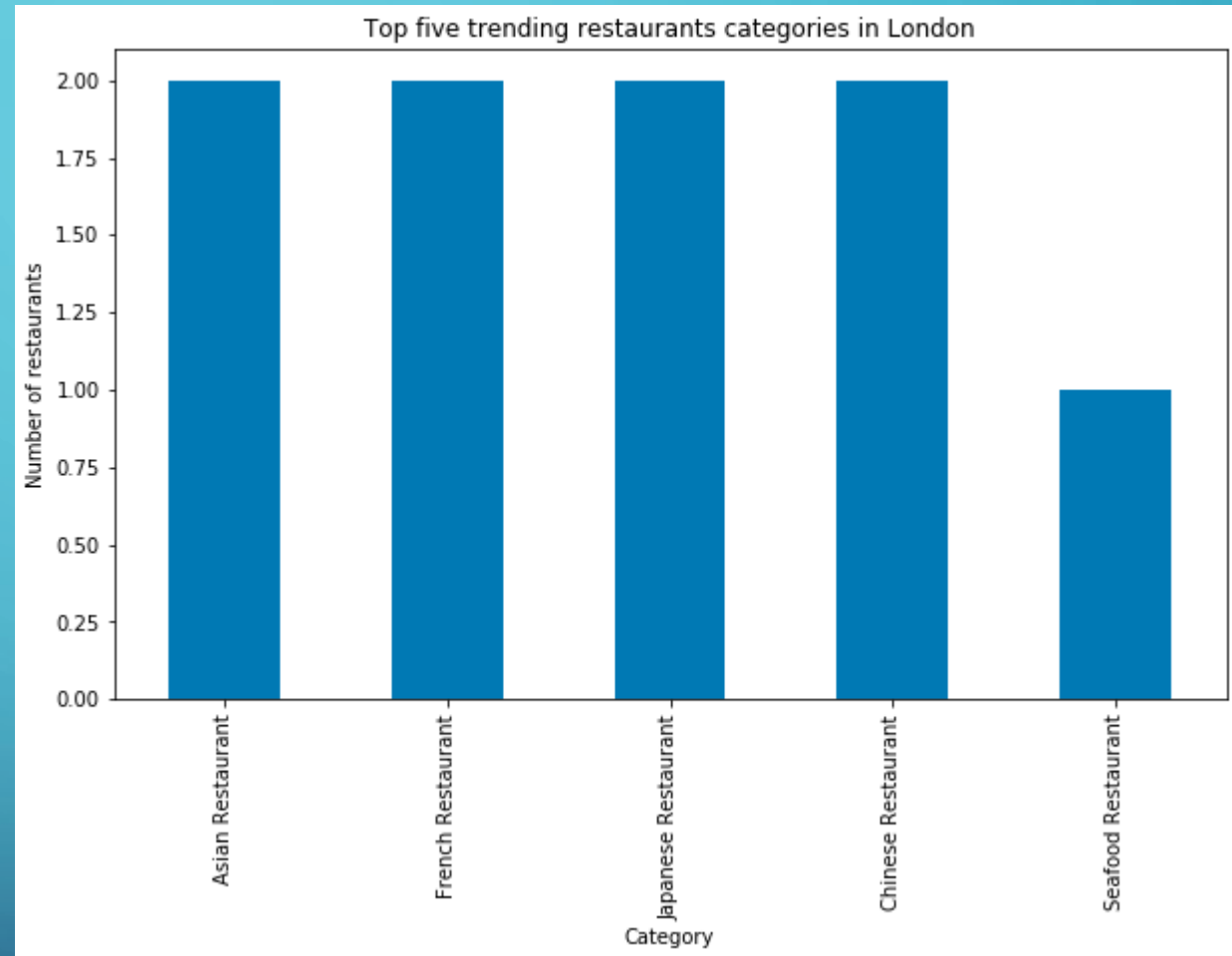
- To accurately evaluate the opportunity in the blue region, we verified that it had a sufficient number of hotels
- It was found that the blue region had 8 hotels, making it the second region in hotels' density, thus an attractive opportunity
- With minimum completion and attractive opportunity, the center of the blue region is the recommended spot

Cluster Label	Number of Hotels
0/red	11
1/green	6
2/blue	8



# FOOD CATEGORY IN DEMAND

- To find the food category in demand we analyzed the category of each restaurant in the dataset and counted the frequency of each category
- As the dataset represent restaurants f the highest foot-traffic levels, they were considered trending venues
- It is seen that Asian, Japanese, and Chinese restaurants occur among the top five categories, so Asian food is the trend



# CONCLUSION

- Location datasets about hotels and restaurants were retrieved from Foursquare API to find the best spot for a restaurant targeting tourists in London city center and the food type it should provide
- K-Means and KNN Machine Learning algorithms were used to analyze the dataset
- Location 2 (blue region) was found to be the best opportunity and its center to be the proposed location
- Asian food was trending in London and in demand, Thus favorable for the new restaurant