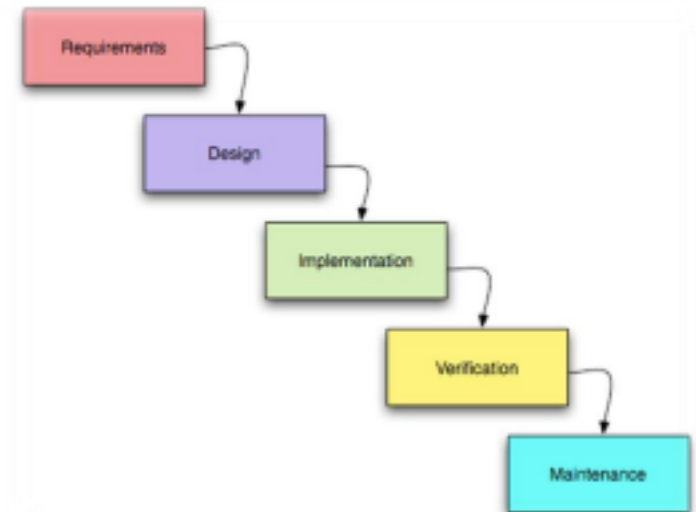




- SDLC models
- OOAD





SCRUM PROCESS



- The Waterfall Model
- The Spiral Model •

\\ . . .



- A popular technical approach for analyzing & designing an application, system, or business
 - Used to create visual modeling throughout the development
- to foster better stakeholder communication and



- The purpose of OO analysis and design :

- Identifying the objects of a system.
- Identify their relationships.



design which can be converted to executables using OO
S.

○ Fundamental concepts of object oriented world: • **Objects:**

Objects represent an entity and the basic building block. • **Class:**

Class is the blue print of an object.

- **Abstraction:** Abstraction represents the behavior of an real world entity.
- **Encapsulation:** Encapsulation is the mechanism of binding the data together and hiding them from outside world.
- **Inheritance:** Inheritance is the mechanism of making new classes from existing one.

Polymorphism: It defines the mechanism to exists in different



- The design is



- Identifying the



- Identify their relationships and Make a design

implemented using
object oriented
programming
language



objects of a system





Object Oriented Analysis

- The primary tasks in object-oriented analysis (OOA) are:
 - Find the objects
 - Organize the objects
 - Describe how the objects interact
 - Define the behavior of the objects
 - Define the internals of the objects



Object Oriented Design

- To solve a problem that was identified and documented during object-oriented analysis
- Object-oriented design is the discipline of
 - defining the objects &
 - their interactions



Object Oriented Implementation

- The design is implemented using object oriented languages like Java, C++ etc.



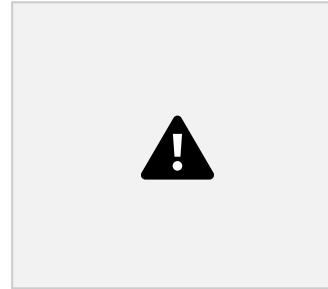
Role of UML in OO analysis & design

- UML is a modeling language used to model software and non software systems

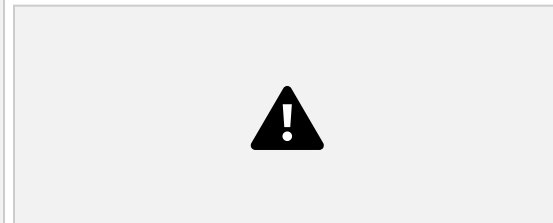
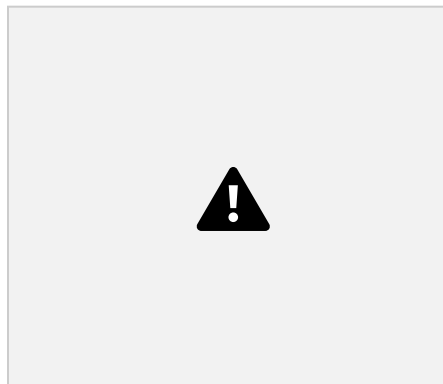
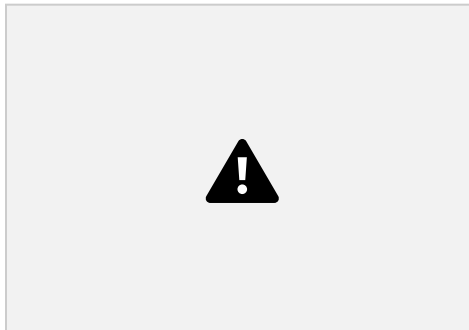
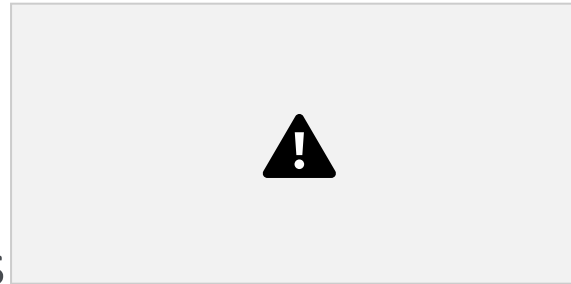


Analysis & design is transformed into UML diagrams
The requirement

- Architect - design buildings



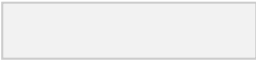
- Builders -Create buildings

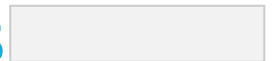


©

Blue Print









- Booch

- **Grady Booch , Rational Corp.,**
 - Excellent for design and implementation
- OMT (Object Modelling Technique)
 - **Jim Rumbaugh, General Electrics.,**
 - Best for analysis
- OOSE (Object Oriented Software Engineering)
 - **Ivar Jacobson**



powerful technique for understanding the behavior
system

- The UML is a graphical language for capturing the artifacts of

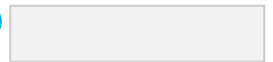
software developments.

- The language provides us with the notations to produce models.
- The UML is adopted industry wide language.



originally designed by the Three Amigos at

UML???



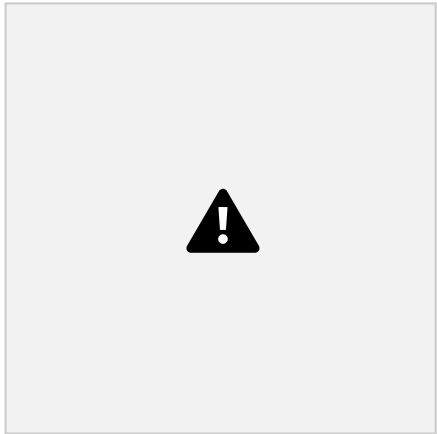
- UML stands for Unified Modeling Language.
 - The language is very rich, and carries with it many aspects of Software Engineering best practice
 - UML is different from the other common programming languages like C++, Java, COBOL etc.
- UML is a visual language used to make software blue prints.





- The Unified Modeling Language (UML) offers a way to visualize a system's architectural blueprints in a diagram – Any activities (jobs)
 - Individual components of the system
 - And how they can interact with other software components.
 - How the system will run
- ... interact with others (components and interfaces)
- ... interface

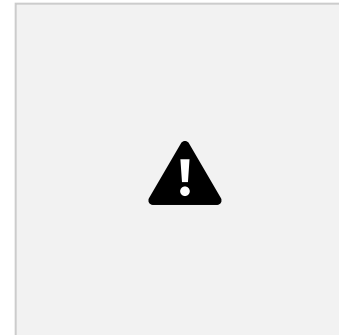
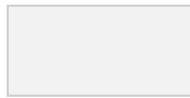




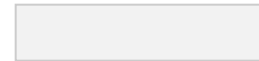
Analyst

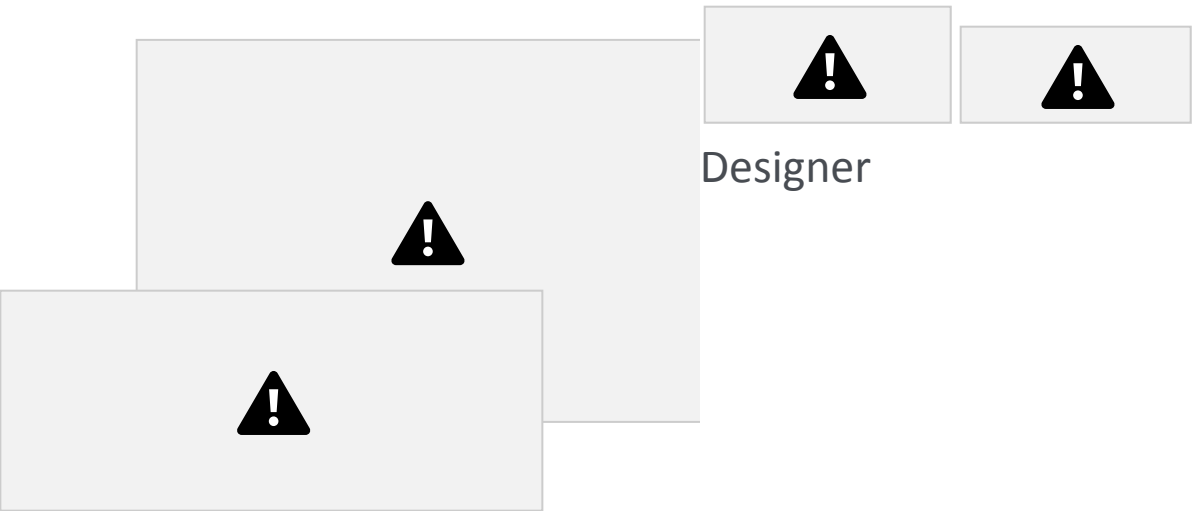


Programmer

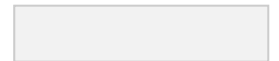


Tester



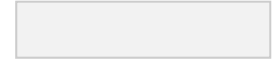






- Use Cases - How will our system interact with the outside world?
- Class & Object Diagram - What objects do we need? How will they be related?
- Collaboration Diagram - How will the objects interact? •
- Sequence Diagram - How will the objects interact(order/time)?
- State Diagram - What states should our objects be in? •
- Package Diagram - How are we going to modularize our development?
- Component Diagram - How will our software components be
- Deployment Diagram - How will the software be deployed?





A conceptual model

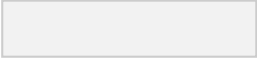
- *What is a conceptual model?*
 - It helps to understand the entities in the real world and how they interact with each other.
 - Conceptual Modeling (sometimes called Domain Modeling) is of finding out which concepts are important to our





- On the conceptual model, we aim to capture all of the concepts or ideas that the customer recognizes.
- For example, some good examples of concepts would be:
 - Lift in a lift control system
 - Order in a home shopping system
 - Footballer in a PlayStation football game
 - Online e-learning system
 - Room booking system



- 
- EventTrigger - the special process that waits for 5 minutes and then tells the system to wake up and do something •
 - CustomerDetailsForm - the window that asks for details of the new customer in a shopping system
 - DbArchiveTable - the database table holding a list of all old orders



concepts, because they are focusing on design
nd not the problem





UML Diagrams

- Use case diagrams
- Class diagrams
- Object diagrams
- Sequence diagrams •
- Collaboration diagrams •
- State chart diagrams •
- Activity diagrams •

Component diagrams •



grams



Thank

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