

# COURSE ARRANGER

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**Project Code: H06**

**Group members:**

*DO Van Quyet\_20561634\_*[\*yqdo@connect.ust.hk\*](mailto:yqdo@connect.ust.hk) (Leader)

*DO Thuy Trang\_20549272\_*[\*ttdo@connect.ust.hk\*](mailto:ttdo@connect.ust.hk)

*PHAM Trung Kien\_20553388\_*[\*tkpham@connect.ust.hk\*](mailto:tkpham@connect.ust.hk)

*COMP 2012H*

*Dr. TSOI Yau Chat Desmond*

# Table of content

Project objectives

Features incorporated

*Key features*

*Main implementation*

OOP design

Data structures used

External libraries used

Conclusion

Appendix

## Project Objectives

Inspired by UST Space, Course Arranger is a user-based project that has been designed and developed to help HKUST students efficiently schedule their weekly timetable of the upcoming semester, dealing with several time-consuming problems which often happen during the add-drop period such as class sessions overlapping or credit overloading... Based on the students' inputs, Course Arranger will be capable of:

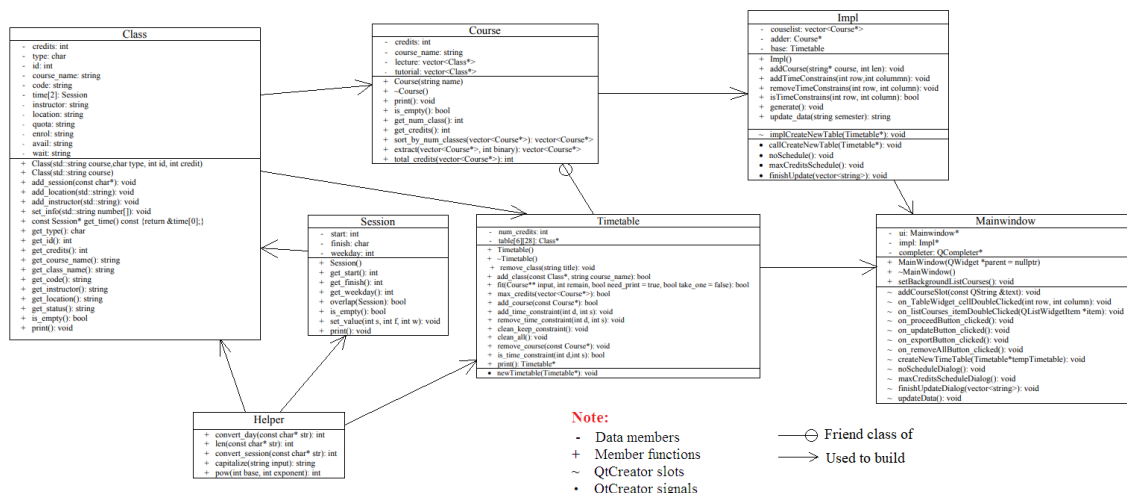
1. Generating all possible timetables that consist of all desired courses within given time constraints, which every HKUST students can gain benefits from.
2. If there always exist sessions clashing between different courses or with time constraints, suggesting a timetable with the highest possible number of credits that could be especially useful for those who only need credits to graduate or fulfill school requirements.

## External library

We use a header file **urlmon.h** and the corresponding library file **liburlmon.a** to use **URLDownloadToFile()** as the tool to download data. They are parts of **Microsoft Windows SDK** (Software Development Kits).

## OOP Design

Inspect the image OOP\_Design.png to see the full structure. Remark that Helper is a group of functions helping the implementation of other built-in classes.



## Data structures used

- ❖ Vector of Pointers: used to store “Class” and “Course” pointers for some purposes with several demands that Vector of Pointer satisfies.
  - Resizable: The data is not uniform and bounded. The number of sections in a course varies from 1 to more than 20, the number of courses given by users is unpredictable.
  - Sortable: Our algorithm is attempting to add each course to the base table respectively. If we sort courses in ascending order of the number of sections, the total number of cases we need to check **until the first time all courses can be added to the base table** is **smaller**. That number is **constant** if we want **all valid (no time crashing) schedules** consisting of all given courses (of course time constraints are considered)
  - Middle-part accessible: When a set of courses is **not fittable**, i.e no valid schedule, we need to **extract subsets of courses** to manipulate and return the timetable with the highest possible number of credits.
  - Fast manipulation: **Objects** of classes “Course” and “Class” are **big**, so pointers play as the light **representatives**.
- ❖ Array (1D and 2D): Using 1D arrays for sessions inside “Class” because each “Class” seems to have at most 2 sessions per week (**uniform**). Besides, we use a 2D array of “Class” pointers inside “Timetable” as the **simulation** of the real timetable.

## Features incorporated

### Course Arranger's Interface:

The screenshot shows the Course Arranger interface with several annotations:

- Type keyword and search courses here:** Points to the search input field where "COMP 2012H" and "MATH 2023" are entered.
- Display courses wanted to learn:** Points to the list of selected courses: "COMP 2012H" and "MATH 2023".
- Display courses successfully added to timetables:** Points to the "Timetable information" section, which lists "MATH 2023" and "COMP 2012H".
- Total credits of added courses:** Points to the "Total credits: 9" field.
- Display the upcoming semester:** Points to the "Current Semester: Fall 2019" field.
- Tab to modify time constraints:** Points to the "Time constraints" tab in the top navigation bar.
- Different tabs of all possible timetables based on user's input:** Points to the tabs labeled "Tab 1" through "Tab 10".
- Tick this box to see warning for double checking of actions:** Points to the "Show dialog" checkbox.

The main timetable grid shows a weekly schedule from Monday to Saturday, with time slots from 9:00-9:30 to 18:00-18:30. Courses are color-coded: grey for MATH 2023, cyan for COMP 2012H, and green for COMP 2012H L1. Some slots are marked as "Occupied".

### Key features:

#### 1. Add courses:

Type keywords of courses (e.g. COMP, MATH) to search and subsequently add to a list.

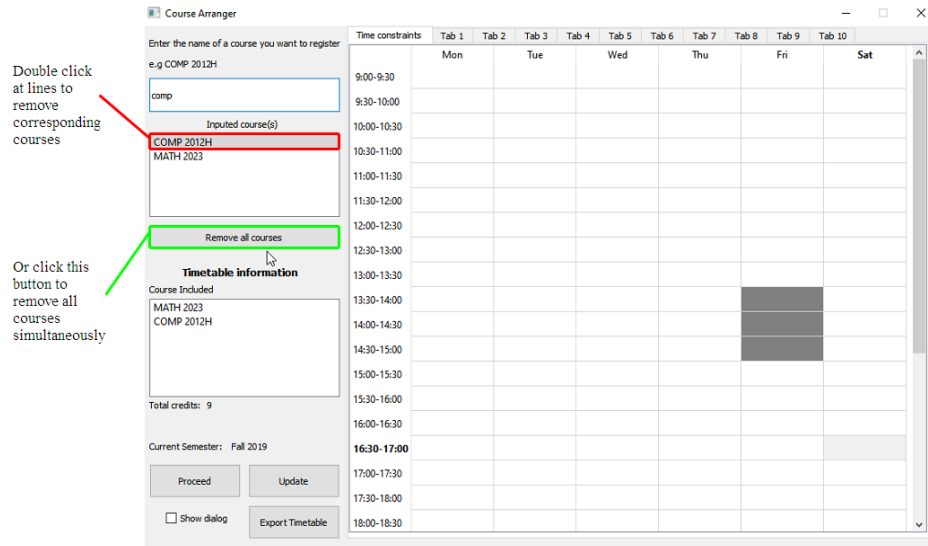
This screenshot shows the Course Arranger interface with a different set of annotations:

- Type and search courses here:** Points to the search input field where "comp" is entered.
- Suggested courses:** Points to the list of suggested courses: "COMP 1001", "COMP 1021", "COMP 1022P", "COMP 1022Q", "COMP 1029C", "COMP 1029J", and "COMP 1029P".

The rest of the interface, including the "Timetable information" section and the main timetable grid, is identical to the previous screenshot.

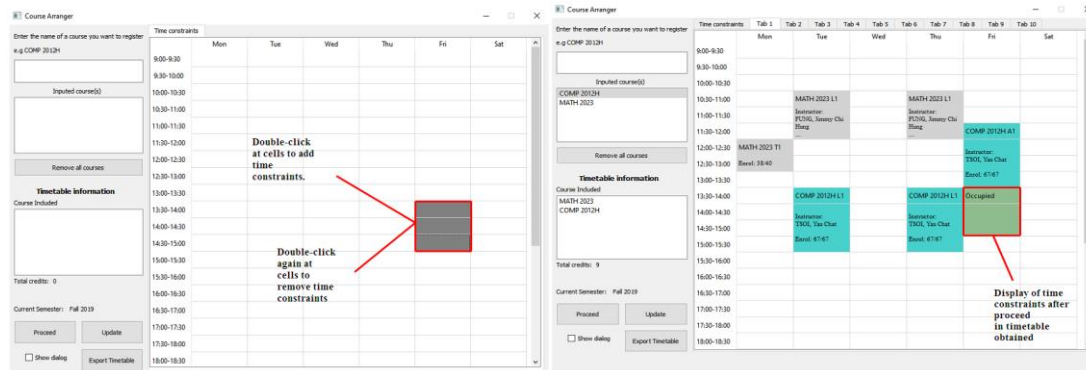
## 2. Remove courses:

- Double click at specific course line to remove the course from the list
- Click at the “Remove all courses” button to remove all the courses



## 3. Add and Remove time constraints:

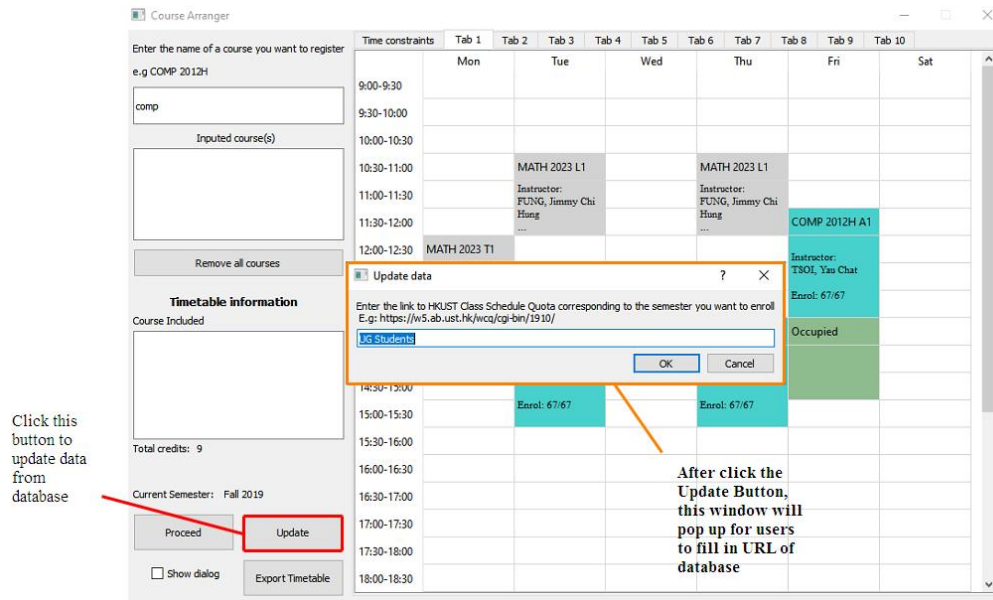
- First-time double-click at one cell of the “Time constraints” tab to shade as occupied
- Second-time double-click at one occupied (gray) cell of the “Time constraints” tab to remove the corresponding constraint.



**Note:** No need to fill in the constrained cell!

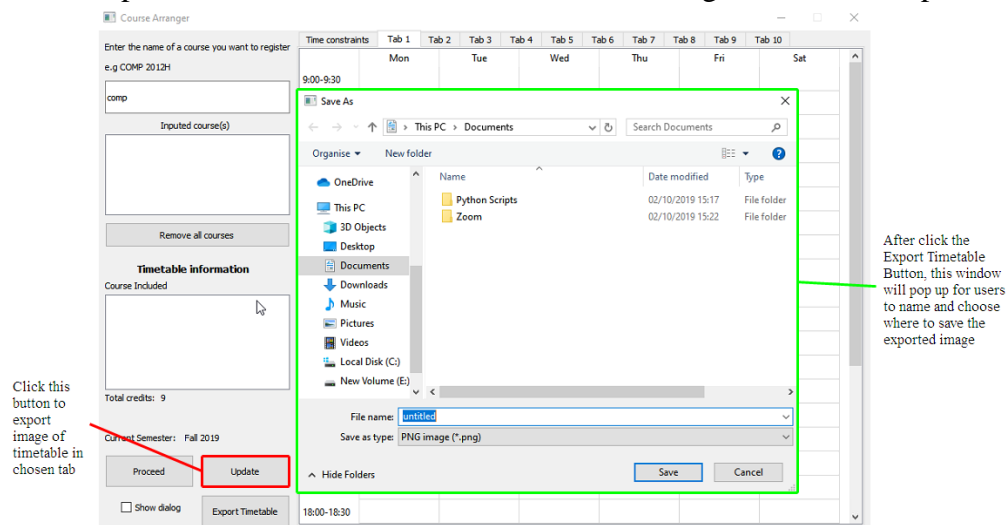
## 4. Update data

Click at the “Update” button to update the data from the database (All information regarding HKUST courses and quota)



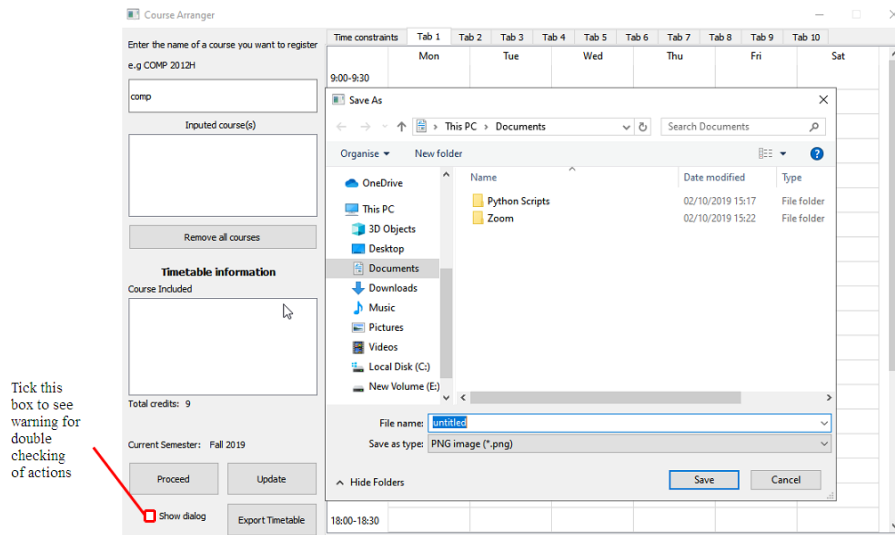
## 5. Export results

Export the timetable of the current tab as an image to the desired path



## 6. Warning for confirmation

Tick at “Show dialog” box to allow warning for double-checking when taking a new manipulation



### ***Main implementation:***

**Step 1:** Check whether the “Current Semester” is the upcoming semester or not. If not, firstly update the data from the database as shown in *Feature 4*.

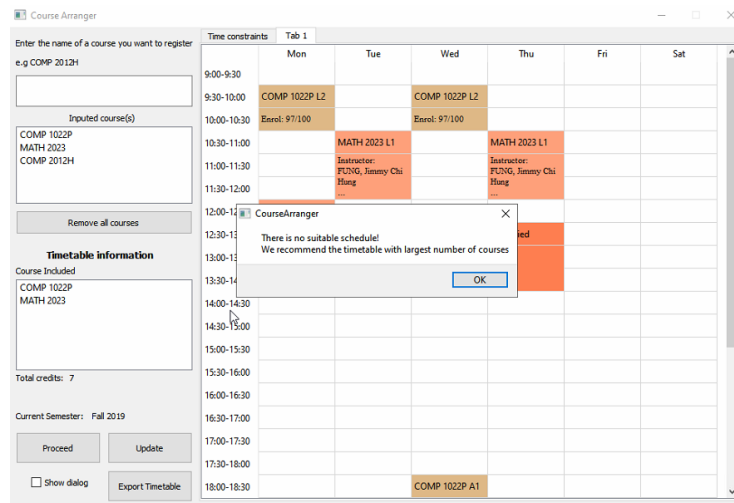
**Step 2:** Add all the courses I wanted to take in the upcoming semester as shown in *Feature 1* and *2*.

**Step 3:** Add or remove time constraints in the “Time constraints” tab as shown in *Feature 3*.

**Step 4:** Click “Proceed” button to generate results. Subsequently, either one of the two situations will happen:

- The timetables obtained will contain all input courses as desired
- Due to overlapping, the timetables contained the highest possible total number of courses will be displayed.



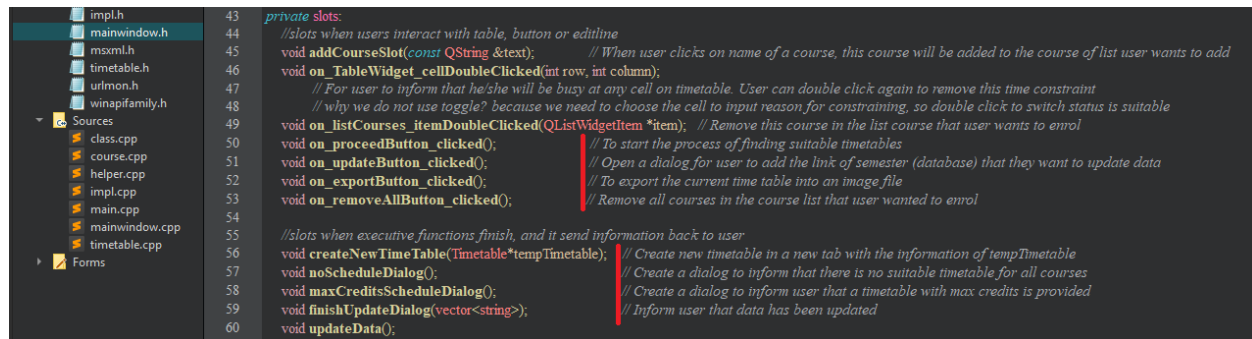


**Note:** Users can continue to modify the input courses list and time constraints tab by following the above procedure until finding the most proper timetable.

## Conclusion

Making use of Qt Creator and Urlmon library, Course Arranger is able to help HKUST students retrieve necessary data from the database - the HKUST Class Schedule and Quota, and subsequently arrange proper timetables for them based on the list of courses they want to take in the upcoming semester along with some desired time constraints. Utilizing every feature such as adding courses, time constraints... of Course Arranger, users can have two possible types of outcome: at most 50 timetables of exactly what they wish if there is no overlapping occurred; otherwise a timetable that has the highest total credits.

## Appendix



Because Qt makes some keywords bold which is different from almost other text editors, in order to see comments aligned as in the attached image, users should open source and header files by

Qt Creator within the following setup for the editor (tab size = 8, indent size = 4)

