

## **Zombie Attacks**

**1 new class was implemented and 2 existing classes were changed.**

### **Zombie**

#### **INSTANCE VARIABLE**

1. A new behavior called `pickUpItemBehaviour` will be added to the behaviors list.

#### **METHODS**

1. `public IntrinsicWeapon getIntrinsicWeapon()`

We will first make bite a new `IntrinsicWeapon`.

There'll be a 50 percent chance that the zombie will bite. If it doesn't bite, it will punch instead.

2. `public Action playTurn(Actions actions, Action lastAction, GameMap map, Display display)`

A random double, "say" was created. If "say" <= 0.1 (10%), then Braaaaain will be printed out.

### **AttackAction**

#### **METHODS**

1. `public String execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)`

The actor will first get the weapon they have. If the actor is a zombie and the zombie's next attack is a bite, the zombie only has a 25% chance of a successful bite. If a successful bite occurs, then the zombie will gain 5 hitpoints.

### **PickUpItemBehaviour**

Inherits from `Behaviour` and will have a target class. Used by `Zombie` to pick up `WeaponItems` and used by `Humans` to pick up `Food` (**Re-use of code follows Do Not Repeat Yourself Principle**).

#### **ATTRIBUTES**

1. **`Class<?> targetClass`**

The class of the item actor should pick up.

#### **METHODS**

1. **`PickUpItemBehaviour(Class<?> class)`**

Initialize `targetClass` with class.

2. **`@Override`**

**`getAction(Actor actor, GameMap map)`**

Checks if location actor is standing on has instance of the target class. If it does, a `PickUpItemAction` will be returned, otherwise, null.

## Beating up the Zombies

2 classes were modified and 1 new class was implemented

### **Zombie**

#### INSTANCE VARIABLE

1. A ZombieLimbs ArrayList was added. This arrayList represents the limbs that the zombie has.

#### METHODS

1. public String zombieLoseLimbs()

This method calls the ZombieLimbs method called loseLimbs(). zombieLoseLimbs will return the String of the limbs lost. If the limb is neither a hand or a leg, an exception is raised.(Fail fast)

2. public Action playTurn(Actions actions, Action lastAction, GameMap map, Display display)

The noOfLegs is then check. If the noOfLegs is 0 or noOfLegs is 1 and counter is odd, getActionForNotMoving(GameMap map) is then return. If the noOfLegs is 2 or the noOfLegs is 1 and counter is even, getActionForMoving(GameMap map) is then return.

3. public Action getActionForMoving(GameMap map)

This method is going to loop through the whole arrayList of behaviour and return the first getAction that is not null. If all the getAction() is null, return DoNothingAction().

*The purpose of this method is to make playTurn(Actions actions, Action lastAction, GameMap map, Display display) more readable.*

4. public Action getActionForNotMoving(GameMap map)

This method is going to loop through the whole arrayList of behaviour excluding HuntBehaviour and WanderBehavior and return the first getAction that is not null. If all the getAction() is null, return DoNothingAction().

*The purpose of this method is to make playTurn(Actions actions, Action lastAction, GameMap map, Display display) more readable.*

5. public ArrayList<String> setZombieLimbs()

This method is to set the body parts of the zombie. The instance variable, zombieLimbs calls this method to set the zombie's body parts. *The reason why I use arraylist and not list is because list does not allow me to delete an element I added into it.*

6. public boolean isHand(String string)

This method returns true if the string is a hand and false if it is not a hand.

*This method is important because if other class were to call this method and I were to change the name of the body parts in zombieLimbs(arraylist), I just need to change this method accordingly. If this method does not exist and other classes wanted to check if this string is a hand or leg, it will be very hard to maintain.*

7. public boolean isLeg(String string)

This method returns true if the string is a leg and false if it is not a leg.

*This method is important because if other class were to call this method and I were to change the name of the body parts in zombieLimbs(arraylist), I just need to change this method accordingly. If this method does not exist and other classes wanted to check if this string is a hand or leg, it will be very hard to maintain.*

8. public int getNoOfHands()

This method returns the number of hands the zombie has.

9. public int getNoOfLegs()

This method returns the number of legs the zombie has.

10. public int getNoOfLimbs()

This method returns the number of limbs the zombie has.

11. public void lossLegs()

This method increment the counter to 1.

## **AttackAction**

### METHODS

2. public String execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)

The actor will first get the weapon they have.

*If the actor is zombie and the zombie has 2 arms, there's an equal chance to bite and to punch. If the zombie has 1 arm, the chances to bite to punch is 75-25. If the zombie has no arm, the zombie will bite.*

*This functionality is done in zombie class. This statement is just for reference.*

The chances of a successful attack is the same.

If the actor is a human, there's a 50% chance that they will hit. If the hit was a success, there is a 25% chance that the zombie will lose its limbs provided the zombie has more than 0 limbs. It will call lossLimbs() in the zombie class and that method will randomly make the zombie lose one of its limbs. Whichever limb the zombie loses, the limb will drop at the zombie's location. Limb uses the method, isHand(limb) to check whether limb is a hand or not. This makes the code easier to maintain if the name of limb changes. If the limb is neither hand or leg, an exception is raised in the zombie class. If the zombie loses its arms, we will first check if the zombie has any weapon. If the zombie has a weapon and the zombie has 1 arm, there'll be a 50% chance of the zombie dropping 1 weapon. If the zombie has a weapon and has 0 arms, it will definitely drop all its weapons.

If the zombie loses a leg, then the zombie can move once every two moves, but can still attack as usual. If the zombie loses both legs, the zombie cannot move at all, although it can still attack(This functionality is done in the zombie class).

Whichever limb the zombie losses, the zombie limb will now be a **FallenZombiePart** object and this object will be added to the map using the map's `locationOf(target)`'s method. Counter is then incremented using the `lossLegs()` method.

The rest of the method remains the same. If the target's hitpoint is less than 0, the target will turn into a corpse and all their items are dropped.

## **FallenZombiePart**

Inherits `PortableItem` class

### INSTANCE VARIABLE

1. **char bodyPartType** ( H for hand and L for leg)

### CONSTRUCTOR

```
Public FallenZombiePart (String name,char displayChar,char bodyPartType){  
    super(name,displayChar);  
    this.bodyPartType=bodyPartType;  
}
```

### METHOD

1. **public char getBodyType(){**  
It returns bodyPartType
2. **public String getName()**  
It returns name of the weapon
3. **public char getDisplayChar()**  
It returns displayChar (The char that is representing the weapon when it gets displayed on the map)

## **Crafting weapons**

**1 class modified and 3 new classes were implemented**

### **Player**

#### **METHODS**

1. **public Action playTurn(Actions actions, Action lastAction, GameMap map, Display display)**

Checks through the player's inventory. If the player has a FallenZombieParts item in its inventory, add a new CraftAction(FallenZombieParts item) into actions.

### **CraftAction**

This is a class that inherits from action class. This class allows the player to craft weapon from zombie limbs.

#### **METHODS**

1. **public String execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**  
The player will first find zombie limb in the inventory. It will then clear the zombie limb from inventory. If the zombie limb is a hand, a zombieClub is created. Else a zombieMace is created. This weaponItem is then added back into the player's inventory. Menu description is then returned.
2. **Public string menuDescription(Actor actor)**  
Returns the actor and the weapon name.

### **ZombieClubs**

Inherits from weaponItem

1. **CONSTRUCTOR**  
super(name, 'C', 25, "whackzs");

### **ZombieMace**

Inherits from weaponItem

1. **CONSTRUCTOR**  
super(name, 'M', 30, "whackzzzs");

## Rising from the dead

1 new class was implemented and 1 existing class was changed.

### **AttackAction**

#### METHODS

1. **@Override**

**public String execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

Instead of creating a new PortableItem for corpse, a Corpse object is instantiated to represent the corpse. This was changed because the corpse should turn into a zombie in 5-10 turns so we needed to keep track of the corpse's age using tick to do so.

### **HumanCorpse**

This class was created because unlike other portable items, a human corpse can turn into a zombie which should be encapsulated within its own class.

Inherits from PortableItem because it can be picked up by the player. A bit of random chance when the corpse will turn into a Zombie but within 5-10 turns.

#### ATTRIBUTES

1. **age**

A counter for how many turns it has been a corpse

2. **chance**

Chances (in decimal) of the corpse becoming a zombie. It starts at 0, and after five turns the chances increase by 20% meaning by 10 turns, the corpse will definitely have turned into a zombie.

3. **rand**

Random double generator.

4. **map**

The GameMap the corpse is on.

#### METHODS

1. **HumanCorpse(String name, GameMap map)**

Simple constructor. Calls super.

2. **@Override**

**tick(Location currentLocation, Actor actor)**

Checks exits around currentLocation and calls becomingUndead() for all exits and the corpse should be dropped from the actor's inventory. If no empty location is found, the game will be over because the player would be trapped with a zombie.

3. **@Override**

**tick(Location currentLocation)**

Calls becomingUndead(currentLocation) because if the corpse was on the ground, the zombie should be generated at that same coordinate. Corpse is removed from the ground.

4. **private void becomingUndead(Location location)**

Increments age. If age is more than 5, chance will increase by 0.2. If the random number generated is within the range, a Zombie object is created at the location specified. Exception handling if Zombie cannot be created at location because another actor might be in the way - the Zombie kills the person in its way.

This method is declared `private` because it should only be used within this class.

## Farmers and Food

11 new classes were implemented and 4 existing classes were changed.

### Application

Instantiate 4 farmers in main.

### Human

Add PickUpItemBehaviour.

Change playTurn method so that it calls chooseAction() below.

#### ADDED METHODS

##### 1. **protected chooseAction(GameMap map, Behaviour[] behaviours)**

Checks inventory for food if Human is damaged. If not, then iterate through the collection of Behaviours to get an action. Implemented this way because Farmer also uses this code (don't want duplicated code) but with their own behaviours, so we can't just call super.playTurn. It is protected so that only Human and its subclasses have access.

### Farmer

Inherits from the Human class because a Farmer object should have the same characteristics as any other Human but is able to plant, fertilize and harvest crops.

#### ATTRIBUTES

##### 1. **private Behaviour[] behaviours**

A collection of Behaviour objects that allow the farmer to sow and fertilize. It will contain SowBehaviour, FertilizeBehaviour and HarvestBehaviour.

#### METHODS

##### 1. **Farmer(String name)**

Constructor to make a Farmer object. Calls super(name, 'F', 80). The displayChar is chosen to be 'F' so that one can tell the difference between an ordinary human and a farmer. It'll be good for the player to know if there are any farmers left in the game. The hitPoints we chose is higher than an ordinary Human because farmers shouldn't be so easily killed as they are essential actors that provide the opportunity to heal, but it is still lower than the player's to make it challenging.

##### 2. **playTurn(GameMap map)**

Calls super.chooseAction(behaviours) to return an Action.

### GrowableGround

This abstract class was implemented to reduce duplicated code as Crop and Tree had similar implementations.

#### ATTRIBUTES

##### 1. **private int age**

Number representing the number of turns since the GrowableGround object has been instantiated. Initialised to 0.

#### METHODS

##### 1. **GrowableGround(char displayChar)**

Calls super(displayChar).



## 2. **getAge()**

Simple getter for age.

## 3. **@Override**

**tick(Location location, char midDisplay, char olderDisplay)**

Calls super.tick(location). displayChar is changed to midDisplay when the age has reached 10. displayChar is changed to olderDisplay when the age has reached 20.

## **Tree**

Now inherits from GrowableGround instead.

## **Crop**

Inherits from GrowableGround because it should not be able to be picked up by player. Its three display characters as it ages are static and final to reduce excessive use of literals.

### ATTRIBUTES

#### 1. **static final char YOUNG\_DISPLAY**

When first planted, displayChar starts off as '-'

#### 2. **static final char MID\_DISPLAY**

When its age reaches 10, displayChar changes to '='

#### 3. **static final char OLD\_DISPLAY**

When its age reaches 20, the crop is ripe and its displayChar changes to '^'

### METHODS

#### 1. **Crop()**

Calls super(YOUNG\_DISPLAY)

#### 2. **@Override**

**tick(Location location)**

Implemented to change its displayChar as the crop ripens.

#### 4. **@Override**

**allowableActions(Actor actor, Location location, String direction)**

If the age of the crop is more than 20, then allowableActions include HarvestAction.

## **SowBehaviour**

Inherits from Behaviour and behaviour is only exhibited by Farmer. Must have random number generator for the chances a crop is sown.

### METHODS

#### 1. **@Override**

**getAction(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

Checks if the ground is dirt at each exit from the actor. If it is dirt, rand is less than 0.33 and there is no Actor standing there, then SowAction is created and returned.

## **SowAction**

Inherits from Action, instantiated by SowBehaviour.

### ATTRIBUTES

#### 1. **Location cropLocation;**

The coordinates where the crop is to be sown.

### METHODS

#### 1. **SowAction(Location cropLocation)**

Initialise this.cropLocation to cropLocation.

2. **@Override**

**execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

Creates a new Crop object. Set ground at cropLocation as Crop and returns a string saying who sowed a crop.

3. **@Override**

**menuDescription(Actor actor)**

Return a string saying actor sows a crop.

### **FertilizeBehaviour**

Inherits from Behaviour and behaviour is only exhibited by Farmer. Has a random generator (Just because actor can fertilize, doesn't mean they should 100% of the time)

#### METHODS

1. **@Override**

**getAction(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

Checks if location where actor is standing on is a Crop. If it is, then FertilizeAction is returned, else, null.

### **FertilizeAction**

Inherits from Action, instantiated by FertilizeBehaviour.

#### ATTRIBUTES

1. **Location cropLocation**

The location of the crop to be fertilized.

#### METHODS

1. **FertilizeAction(Location location)**

Initialize cropLocation as location.

2. **@Override**

**execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

A loop calling cropLocation.tick() 10 times (The crop's time left to ripen is decreased by 10 turns).

3. **@Override**

**menuDescription(Actor actor)**

Return a string saying actor fertilizes a crop.

### **HarvestBehaviour**

Inherits from Behaviour and behaviour is only exhibited by Farmer.

#### METHODS

1. **@Override**

**getAction(Actor actor, GameMap map)**

Checks if location where actor is standing on and location of exits is a ripe crop. If it is, then HarvestAction is returned, else, null.

### **HarvestAction**

#### ATTRIBUTES

1. **Location cropLocation**

Location of ripe crop.

#### METHODS

1. **HarvestAction(Location location)**  
Initialise cropLocation with location.
2. **@Override**  
**execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**  
A Food object is created. If the actor is a Farmer, the Food is dropped at cropLocation. If the actor is Player, the Food is added to Player's inventory. The ground at cropLocation is set to Dirt.
3. **@Override**  
**menuDescription(Actor actor)**  
Return a string saying actor harvests a crop.

#### **Player**

playTurn modified to also include actions from the ground they're standing on (because must be able to harvest from the ground they're standing on as well).

#### **HealAction**

Inherits Action and is called when an item heals an actor.

#### ATTRIBUTES

1. **private Item healingItem**  
The item which does the healing.
2. **private int pointsHealed**  
The number of points the actor is going to get healed by.

#### METHODS

1. **HealAction(Item healingItem, int pointsHealed)**  
Initialise healingItem and pointsHealed.
2. **@Override**  
**execute(Actor actor, GameMap map)**  
Calls actor.heal(pointsHealed), then removes healingItem from the actor's inventory.
3. **@Override**  
**menuDescription(Actor actor)**  
Returns a string saying actor healed by pointsHealed.

#### **Food**

Inherits from PortableItem and adds HealAction to allowableActions.

#### ATTRIBUTES

1. **private int healPoints**  
The number of points this Food can heal.

#### METHODS

1. **Food(int healPoints)**  
Calls super("food", "\*") as food is represented by the character \*. Initialise healPoints and add a new HealAction to allowableActions.
2. **eat()**  
Method to eat the food. Returns a HealAction.

### **Bonus Feature Ideas - Finding for food (for assignment 3)**

- If Human is at 50% health and they have no food in inventory, then they will look for Food type objects within a given range.
- Humans run away from zombie.
- Fruit trees.
- Toggle weapon from inventory.
- Add companion (e.g. a dog)