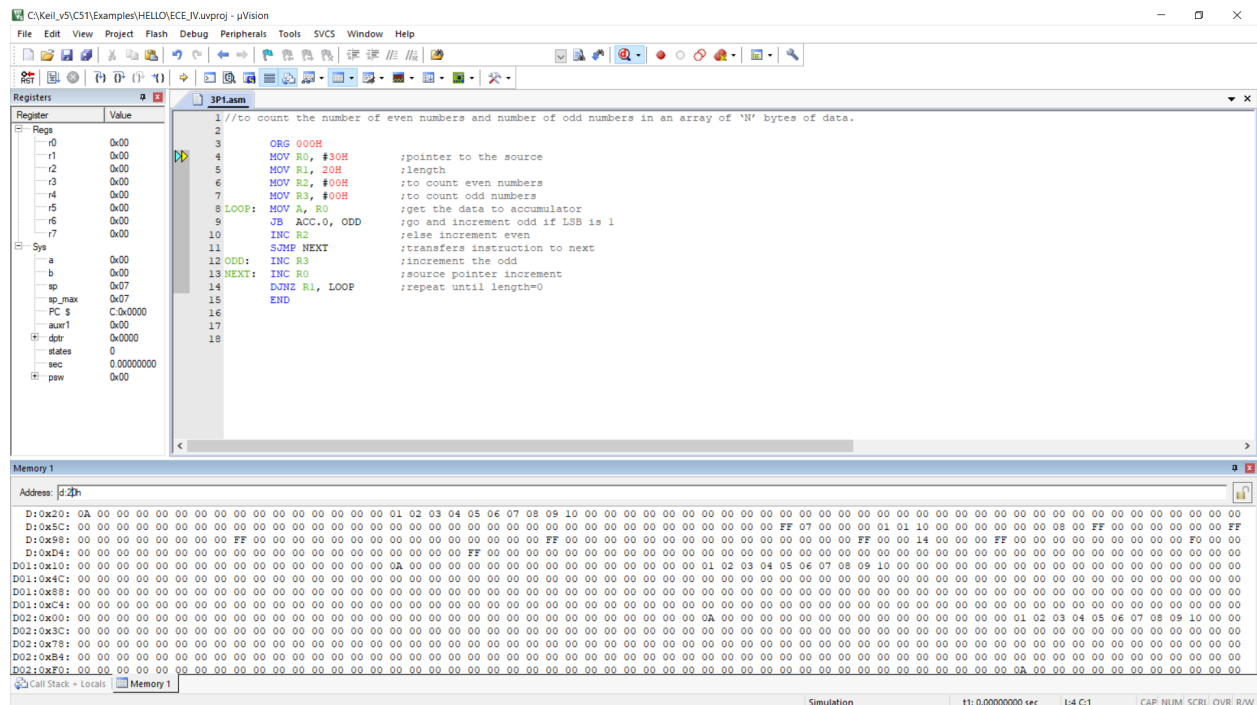


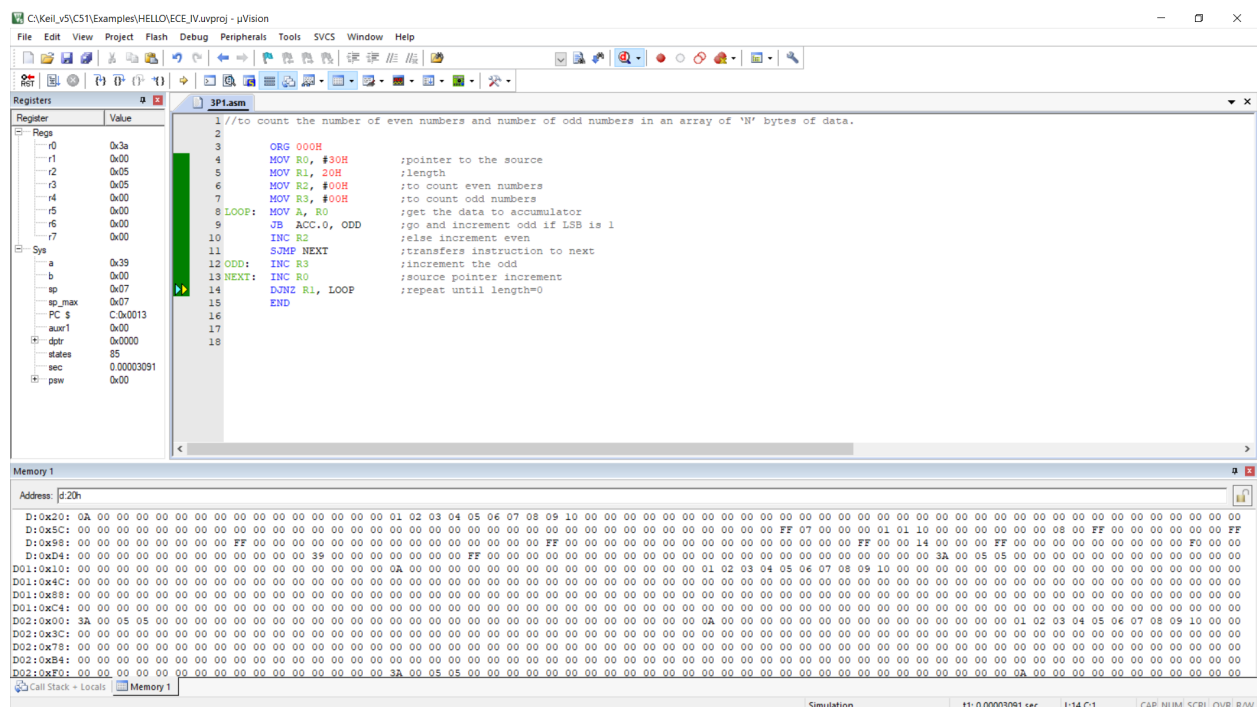
SET 3

Write an 8051 assembly level program to count the number of even numbers and number of odd numbers in an array of 'N' bytes of data.

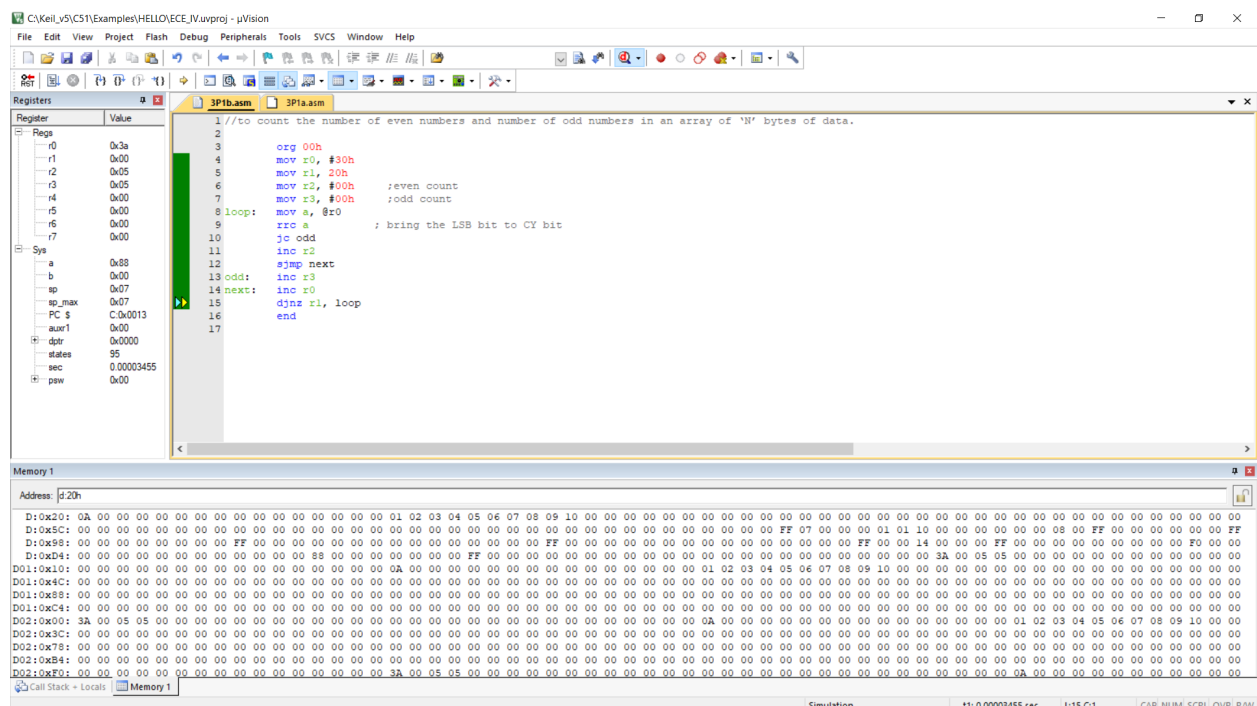
Before execution:



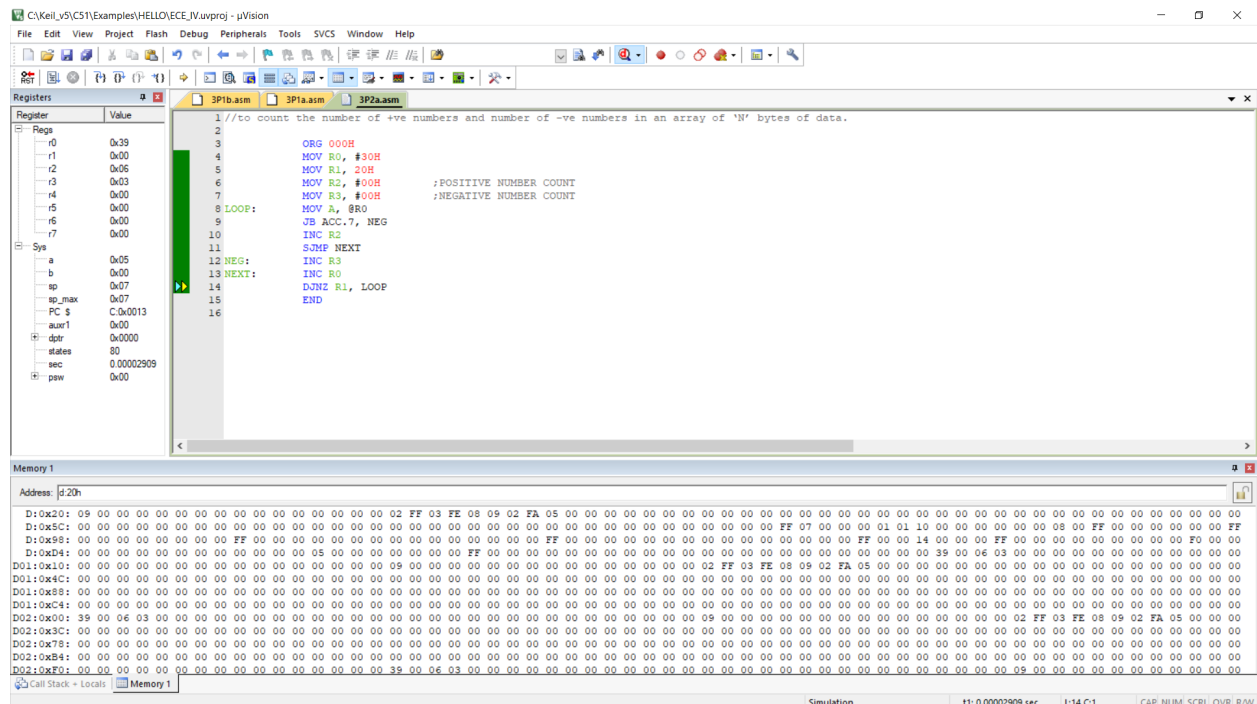
After execution:



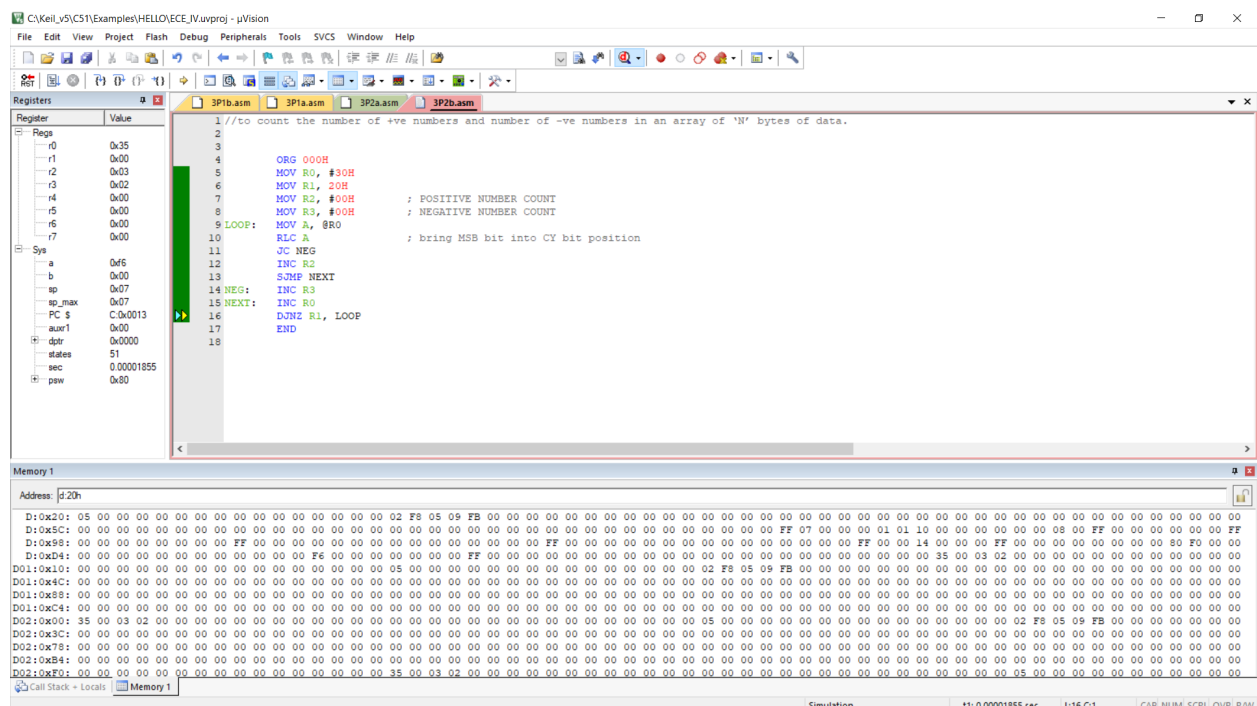
Before execution:



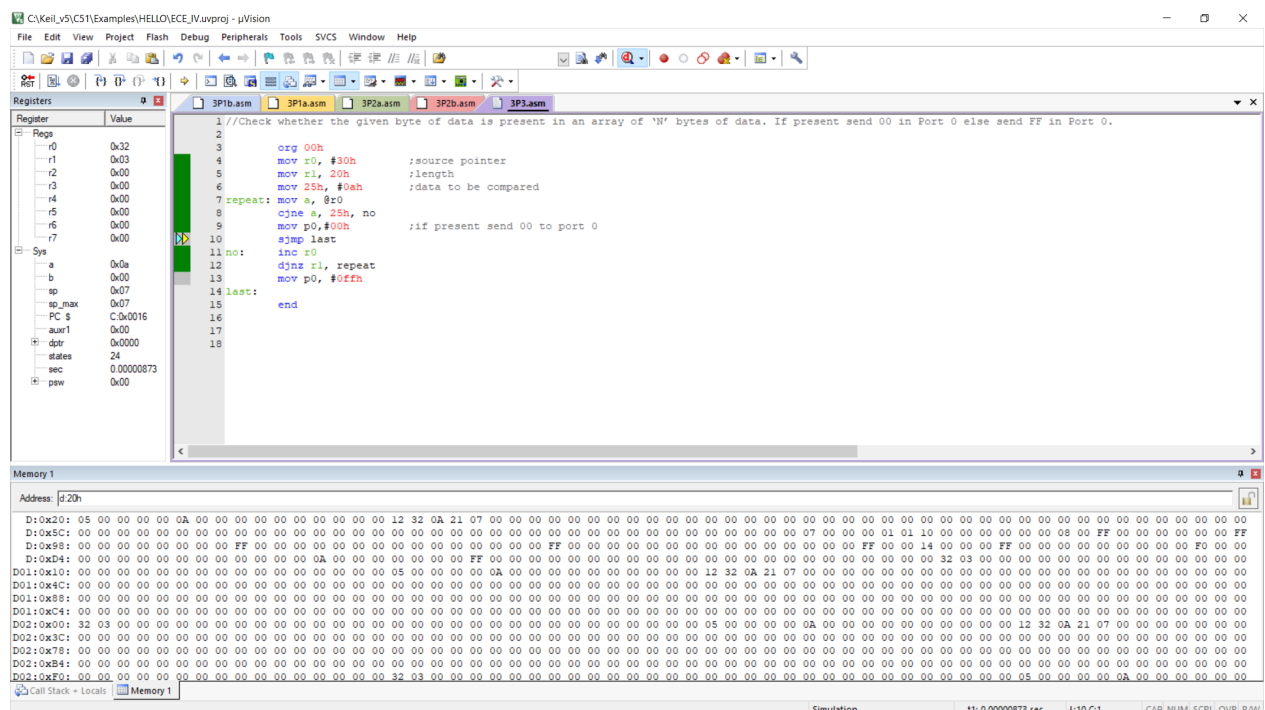
Before execution:



Before execution:



Before execution:



Read the data from Port 1. If P1.1 is at logic 0, find the largest number in an array of 'N' bytes of data and store in location 40h. If P1.0 is at logic 1, find the smallest number in the array and store in the location 40h.

Before execution:

The screenshot shows the Keil uVision IDE with the assembly code for 3P4.asm. The code is as follows:

```

1 //Read the data from Port 1. If P1.1 is at logic 0, find the largest number in an array of 'N' bytes of data and store in location 40h.
2 //If P1.0 is at logic 1, find the smallest number in the array and store in the location 40h.
3
4     org 00h
5     mov r0, #30h
6     mov r1, #05h
7     dec r1
8     mov a, @r0
9     inc r0
10 repeat: mov b, @r0
11          cjne a, b, next
12 next:   mov b, pl
13          jb b.1, next1
14          jnc again
15          sjmp again1
16 next1:  jc again
17 again1: mov a, @r0
18 again:  inc r0
19          djnz r1, repeat
20          mov 40h, a
21     end
22
23

```

The memory window shows the initial state of memory, with address 40h highlighted. The status bar indicates the simulation is running at 0.00000000 sec.

After execution:

The screenshot shows the Keil uVision IDE with the assembly code for 3P4.asm. The code is the same as before. The memory window now shows the result of the execution, with address 40h highlighted. The status bar indicates the simulation is running at 0.00002109 sec.

