



Team Name **VERTEX**

**Track :  
CYBER  
SECURITY**

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# Problem Statement

## Cybersecurity Challenges

Increasing sophistication and frequency of cyberattacks

Manual detection and response methods are slow, inefficient, and reactive.

High false positives from traditional systems reduce productivity and accuracy

## Objective

To build an interactive platform integrating real-time pollution maps, educational resources, and eco-friendly initiatives to address water pollution and promote sustainable practices.



## Solution/Approach Details

### Key Features of the Solution

**Honeypot Integration:**  
Deploy fake systems to detect attacker behavior and prevent real asset compromise.

**Threat Intelligence Integration\*:**  
Use real-time threat intelligence feeds (e.g., VirusTotal) to stay updated with emerging attack vectors

**Behavioral Anomaly Detection:**  
Detect insider threats and compromised accounts using ML-based user behavior analysis.

### System Workflow

**Data Collection:**  
Collect logs from network traffic, user behavior, and endpoints.

**Preprocessing:**  
Filter, normalize, and extract key data (e.g., IPs, login patterns)

**Detection:**  
Combine rule-based detection (Snort) with anomaly detection (ML models)

**Automated Response:**  
Notify admins, block malicious IPs, and isolate affected systems

**Reporting:**  
Generate real-time dashboards and forensic reports for incident analysis and compliance

## **USE CASE**



### **Attack Type**

**A phishing email tricking a user into revealing credentials.**

### **Detection**

- Honeypot detects the attacker attempting to access decoy systems.**
- Behavioral anomaly detection flags unusual login locations and times.**

### **Response**

- System blocks attacker IP and alerts the admin in real time.**
- Automatically isolates the affected system to prevent lateral movement.**

### **Industries Applicable**

**Banking, Healthcare, E-commerce, and IoT ecosystems.**

# Feasibility and Viability



## Feasibility

### Technology Used:

- Tools: Snort, Suricata, and ELK Stack.
- Programming: Python for automation, TensorFlow for ML models.
- Threat Intelligence: VirusTotal APIs for signature updates.

### Deployment Options:

- Scalable for on-premise or cloud environments.
- Testable with simulated attacks (e.g., using Metasploit).

## Viability

### Cost Efficiency:

- Reduced need for manual intervention lowers operational costs.

### Business Impact:

- Minimizes downtime and data loss during attacks.
- Ensures compliance with regulations like GDPR and ISO 27001.



# Tech Stack

## Programming Languages

Python (for automation), Java (backend development).

## Detection Tools

Snort, Suricata.

## Machine Learning Frameworks

TensorFlow, Scikit-learn.

## Threat Intelligence

VirusTotal, AlienVault APIs.

## Reporting

Kibana, Grafana dashboards.

## Database

MongoDB or PostgreSQL for incident logging.



# References

## Public Datasets:

- NSL-KDD, CICIDS for ML model training.

## Open-Source Tools:

- Snort, Wireshark, and the ELK Stack.

## Documentation:

- Official resources for VirusTotal, TensorFlow, and Kibana.

## Attack Simulation Tools:

- Metasploit Framework for controlled testing of the solution.