How to use web services with JavaScript



Course Topic:

Setup, asynchronous loading

Course Language: English

Course Instructor: Vanessa Al Daham Session: 1/4

Let's get to know each other!

- Name
- Place of work and current position
- Hobbies and interests?
- Why did you choose this training?
- What do you except as an outcome?



JavaSript

- Client-Side scripting language
- Runs on the browser
- Can manipulate the webpage
- But, often we rely on external data that we cannot manage (out of scope).



Softwares to be used





Sublime text 3



Where to create our project?

- Go to your Local disk, open Wamp folder.
- Go to "WWW" folder and create your projects folder there.

Let's Take an example!

 You are creating a webpage where you'ld like to show the outdoor temperature in degrees Celsius currently in Luxembourg



 This information already exists, and many websites maintain these information such as:

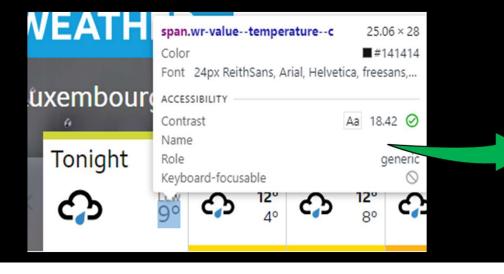
<u>Luxembourg - BBC Weather</u>

Let's see how to Make It Happen

Let's Make It Happen!

- 1. Find a website that has the needed information (meteolux.lu)
- 2. Find the information within the website. Inspect it for an id or class attribute





```
<span class="wr-value--temperature--c">9°
</span> == $0
```

Let's Make It Happen!

3. Using JavaScript, try to fetch that data using an **asynchronous** data exchange.



Let's dig into it.



Asynchronous data exchange(AJAX)

Fetching data asynchronously has the advantage that the website does not need to be refreshed and can be used during the fetching process. Specific parts of the website can be reloaded instead of the whole document.



JavaScript has a native method but we will be using the jQuery framework since it makes it much easier.

JQuery

We can download jQuery and include it manually.



Or, by embedding a CDN link such as: https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/ /3.6.0/jquery.min.js **Digital** Let's Play a Game Learning Hub_ **Employee 1** Company Market **Employee 2**

Let's get back to our task

Let's have a look on the following code:

Weather Webpage Problem

The previous code show the following error:





Let's dig into the error.



CORS-Problem

Weather Information - CORS Problem:

- Cross-Origin Resource Sharing.
- Client restricted to fetch information from websites with different origin (security measure).
- To prevent JavaScript to run in the background and send user data to some servers (to the hackers.)
- Clients are hard to be trace.
- Only servers are capable of fetching information from different origins.



CORS-Solution

If only servers are capable of fetching information; Then let the server do so.

Let's Create our server using PHP (server language):



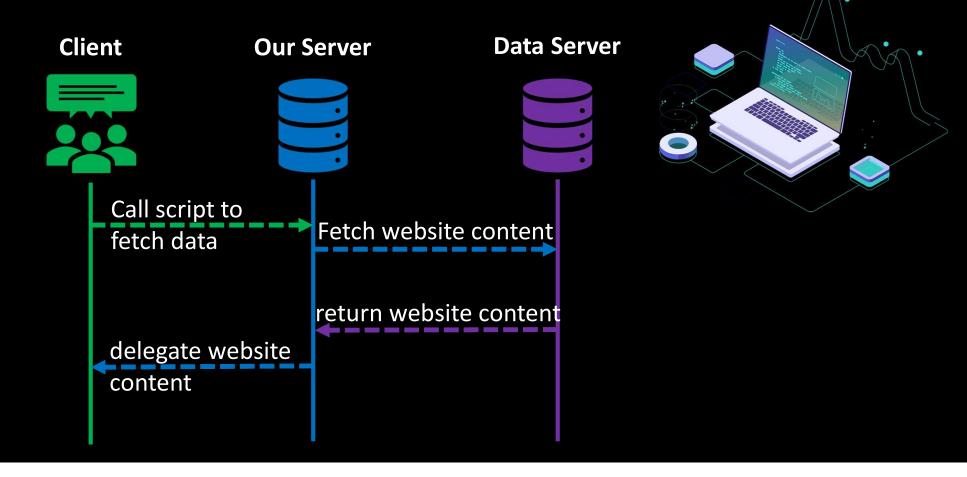
```
<?php
    echo file_get_contents("https://www.bbc.com/weather/2960316");
?>
```

CORS-Solution

Let's Create update our JS code:



Concept Applied



Worksheet-Session 1

- ☐ Solve exercises 1-5
- ☐ You can Find the givens on GitHub:

https://github.com/VanessaDH/JSWS

Callbacks

- Sometimes fetching the data might take some time.
- Giving the user a visual feedback is recommended so that he/she knows when the data retrieval is finished.



Callbacks-First Approach

```
// 1) show BEFORE load
$("#divLoading").html("<img src='loading.gif'>");
// 2) data retrieval
$("#divOutput").load("ex6.php .ktzuAh");
// 3) remove AFTER load
$("#divLoading").html("");
```



First Approach-Problem

- JavaScript runs one command after another and it does not wait until it finishes
- The loading gif is being displayed, then the data is being fetched and before the data arrives, JavaScript executes the last line, i.e. to remove the loading spinner
- Solution: We need to tell JavaScript to wait for the response of the server!

Callbacks-Better Approach

```
// 1) show BEFORE load
$("#divLoading").html("<img src='loading.gif'>");
// 2) data retrieval
$("#divOutput").load("ex6.php .ktzuAh", loadingDidFinish);

function loadingDidFinish(){
    // 3) remove AFTER load
    $("#divLoading").html("");
}
```

Callbacks-Better Approach

- ➤ A second parameter can be specified in the load method
- This parameter is called Callback and represents the function that will be called automatically when the load method finishes, i.e. retrieves the data from the server.



Learning Continue Worksheet-Session 1

☐ Solve exercises 6.

