



R18 Regulation

TKR COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

(Autonomous, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

Subject code: 2B1AA

B.Tech I Year I Semester Examinations, December 2019

MATHEMATICS-I

(Common to CE,EEE,ME,ECE,CSE & IT)

Maximum Marks: 70

Date: 16.12.2019 Duration: 3 hours

- Note:
1. This question paper contains two parts A and B.
 2. Part A is compulsory which carries 20 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.
 3. Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit.
 4. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b, c, d as sub questions.

Part-A

All the following questions carry equal marks

(10x2M=20 Marks)

- 1 Define the rank of a matrix
- 2 If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 5 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$, verify that $(A^2)^T = (A^T)^2$
- 3 Define orthogonal matrix
- 4 Determine the nature, index and signature of the quadratic form $x^2 - 6xy + y^2$
- 5 State Raabe's test
- 6 Test the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{n!}$
- 7 If $u = e^x \sin y$, $v = e^x \cos y$ then find Jacobian $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$
- 8 Find $\frac{du}{dt}$ if $u = \frac{x}{y}$ where $x = e^t$, $y = \log t$
- 9 Evaluate $\int_0^2 \int_0^x y dy dx$
- 10 Find the limits by change the order of integral $\int_0^{\infty} \int_x^{\infty} \frac{e^{-y}}{y} dy dx$

Part-B

Answer All the following questions.

(10M X 5=50Marks)

11

a) Find the rank of the matrix by reducing to Echelon form where

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & 4 & 3 & 5 \\ -1 & -2 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

6M

b) For which value of 'α' the rank of a matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 4 \\ 0 & 3 & 2 \\ \alpha & 13 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$ is 2

4M

OR

12

a) Investigate for what values 'k' the equations $x + y + z = 1$, $2x + y + 4z = k$, $4x + y + 10z = k^2$ have infinite number of solutions

6M

b) Solve $2x - y + 3z = 0$, $3x + 2y + z = 0$, $x - 4y + 5z = 0$

4M

13

Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ and find A^{-1} and A^4

OR

14

Diagonalize the matrix by an orthogonal reduction where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 4 & -4 \\ 4 & -8 & -1 \\ -4 & -1 & -8 \end{bmatrix}$

10M

15

Test the convergence of the series $x + \frac{2^2}{2!}x^2 + \frac{3^3}{3!}x^3 + \dots$

10M

OR

16

a) Test the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cdot 7 \cdot 10 \dots (3n+1)}{n!} x^n$

6M

b) Test the convergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(1+nx)^n}{n^n}$

4M

17

Find the extreme values of $u(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$

10M

OR

18

Find the three numbers x, y, z such that whose product is maximum when $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$

10M

- 19 Evaluate by *changing the order of* $\int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^{2-x} (x+y) dx dy$ ~~17~~ $\frac{47}{10}$ 10M

OR

- 20 Evaluate $\iint (x+y)^2 dx dy$ over the area bounded by ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$ *mean u* *you can* 10M

$$\frac{\pi ab}{a} (a^2 + b^2)$$

