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NKAFU VANIC ASONG
FE21A274
CEF350 - Security and Cryptosystems
Lab Exercises
Exercise 1 – Implementation of the Columnar Transposition cipher
       CODE
//Encryption Function:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void encrypt(char *plaintext, int n, int *f, char *ciphertext) {
int i, j, k, len;
char columns[n][strlen(plaintext)/n+1];
len = strlen(plaintext);
if (len % n != 0) {
  len += n - len % n;
 plaintext = realloc(plaintext, len+1);
memset(plaintext+strlen(plaintext), ' ', len-strlen(plaintext));
_}
k = 0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
for (j = 0; j < len/n; j++) {
 columns[f[i]][j] = plaintext[k++];
```

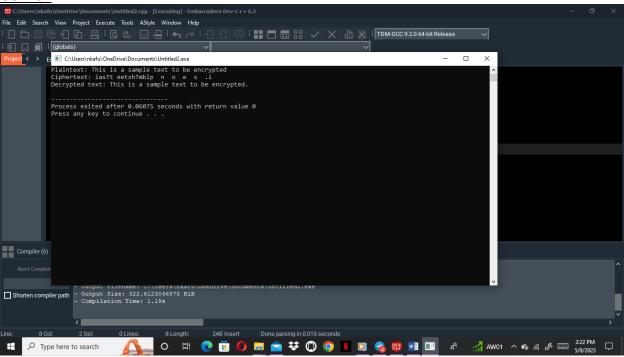
\_\_\_\_}

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_}
k = 0;
for (i = 0; i < len/n; i++) {
for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
ciphertext[k++] = columns[j][i];
____}
_}
ciphertext[k] = '0';
}
//Decryption Function:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void decrypt(char *ciphertext, int n, int *f, char *plaintext) {
int i, j, k, len;
char rows[n][strlen(ciphertext)/n+1];
len = strlen(ciphertext);
k = 0;
for (i = 0; i < len/n; i++) {
for (j = 0; j < n; j++) {
 rows[j][i] = ciphertext[k++];
___}
_}
char temp[n][strlen(ciphertext)/n+1];
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

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memcpy(temp[i], rows[f[i]], strlen(ciphertext)/n+1);
_}}
memcpy(rows, temp, sizeof(temp));
k = 0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
 for (j = 0; j < len/n; j++) {
 plaintext[k++] = rows[i][j];
____}
}
<u>plaintext[k] = '0';</u>
while (plaintext[k-1] == ' ') {
<u>plaintext[--k] = '0';</u>
_}
}
return 0;
2) Testing with sample text and key
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
void encrypt(char *plaintext, int n, int *f, char *ciphertext);
void decrypt(char *ciphertext, int n, int *f, char *plaintext);
int main() {
  char plaintext[] = "This is a sample text to be encrypted.";
  int n = 5;
  int f[] = \{2, 4, 0, 3, 1\};
  char ciphertext[strlen(plaintext)+1];
  char decryptedtext[strlen(plaintext)+1];
  encrypt(plaintext, n, f, ciphertext);
  printf("Plaintext: %sn", plaintext);
  printf("Ciphertext: %sn", ciphertext);
```

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decrypt(ciphertext, n, f, decryptedtext);
printf("Decrypted text: %sn", decryptedtext);
return 0;
}
```

**OUTPUT** 



## Exercise 2 - Implementation of the Vigenere cipher with key K

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1.) CODE
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

void vigenere_encrypt(char *plaintext, char *key, char *ciphertext) {
   int keylen = strlen(key);
   int ptlen = strlen(plaintext);
   int i, j;
   for (i = 0, j = 0; i < ptlen; i++, j = (j + 1) % keylen) {
      int k = key[j] - 'A';
      int p = plaintext[i] - 'A';
      int c = (p + k) % 26;
      ciphertext[i] = c + 'A';
   }
   ciphertext[i] = '\0';
}</pre>
```

```
int keylen = strlen(key);
  int ctlen = strlen(ciphertext);
  int i, j;
  for (i = 0, j = 0; i < ctlen; i++, j = (j + 1) % keylen) {
    int k = key[j] - 'A';
    int c = ciphertext[i] - 'A';
    int p = (c - k + 26) \% 26;
    plaintext[i] = p + 'A';
  plaintext[i] = '\0';
}
2)
int main() {
  char plaintext[] = "thequickbrownfoxjumpsoverthelazydog";
  char key[] = "abcde";
  char* ciphertext = vigenere_encrypt(plaintext, key);
  char* decryptedtext = vigenere_decrypt(ciphertext, key);
  printf("Plaintext: %s\n", plaintext);
  printf("Key: %s\n", key);
  printf("Ciphertext: %s\n", ciphertext);
  printf("Decryptedtext: %s\n", decryptedtext);
  free(ciphertext);
  free(decryptedtext);
  return 0;
}
```

**OUTPUT** 

