





Performance

Metrics			=
First Contentful Paint	0.5 s	Time to Interactive	0.5 s
Speed Index	0.5 s	Total Blocking Time	0 ms
Largest Contentful Paint	1.2 s	Cumulative Layout Shift	0

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

View Original Trace



Opportunities — These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't <u>directly affect</u> the Performance score.

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.32 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn more</u>.

Show 3rd-party resources (0)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	169.9 KiB	320 ms
/css/font-awesome.min.css (127.0.0.1)	60.1 KiB	200 ms
/css/et-line.min.css (127.0.0.1)	6.4 KiB	80 ms

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/style.css (127.0.0.1)	19.3 KiB	120 ms
Remove unused CSS		0.16 s ^
Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-funnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn more</u> .	old content to reduce	
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	169.9 KiB	162 KiB
/css/font-awesome.min.css (127.0.0.1)	60.1 KiB	59.1 KiB
/style.css (127.0.0.1)	19.3 KiB	14 KiB
gnostics — More information about the performance of your application. These numbers do formance score. Ensure text remains visible during webfont load	on c <u>uirectly affect</u> the	
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are load	ing Loarn more	
Leverage the forte-display 055 leature to ensure text is user-visible write weblotts are load		
	Show 3rd-party re	esources (0)
URL		Potential Savings
/fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (127.0.0.1)		0 ms
Avoid chaining critical requests — 10 chains found		^
The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary Learn more.	_	_
Maximum critical path latency: 150 ms		
Initial Navigation		
/page2.html (127.0.0.1)		
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 169.86 KiB		
/css/font-awesome.min.css (127.0.0.1)		
/fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (127.0.0.1) - 0 ms, 151.07 KiE	3	
/css/et-line.min.css (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 6.4 KiB		
/style.css (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 19.28 KiB		
/js/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 166.14 KiB		
/js/jquery-migrate-3.3.2.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 22.25 KiB		
/js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 77.83 KiB		
/js/blocs.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 10 ms, 16.67 KiB		

/js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (127.0.0.1) - 20 ms, 71.11 KiB

/js/formHandler.js (127.0.0.1) - 20 ms, 5.01 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small —	15 requests • 834 KiB		^
To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resou	urces, add a budget.json file. <u>Learn more</u> .		
Resource Type	Requests	-	Fransfer Size
Total	15		834.5 KiB
Script	6		359 KiB
Stylesheet	4		255.6 KiB
Font	1		151.1 KiB
Image	3		60.9 KiB
Document	1		7.9 KiB
Media	0		0 KiB
Other	0		0 KiB
Third-party	0		0 KiB
		e r	
		⊖ Γ	^
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s		er	
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s sed audits (29) Properly size images	slate-blue.d-bloc.bloc-bg-texture.texture-pape		
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s	slate-blue.d-bloc.bloc-bg-texture.texture-pape		^
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s sed audits (29) Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cel	slate-blue.d-bloc.bloc-bg-texture.texture-paper	<u>2</u> .	^
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s sed audits (29) Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cel Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images a	slate-blue.d-bloc.bloc-bg-texture.texture-paper	<u>2</u> .	rio ^
Element section#bloc-6.bloc.bg-dots-bg.bg-repeat.bgc-dark-s sed audits (29) Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cel Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images a interactive. Learn more.	slate-blue.d-bloc.bloc-bg-texture.texture-paper	<u>2</u> .	rio ^
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more.

Use HTTP/2 — 15 requests not served via HTTP/2

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing,

Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn more. Remove unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 184 KiB Remove unused JavaScript to reduce bytes consumed by network activity. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) Transfer Potential **URL** Savings Size 166.1 KiB 91.6 KiB /js/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (127.0.0.1) /js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1) 77.8 KiB 63.4 KiB /js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (127.0.0.1) 71.1 KiB 29.2 KiB Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn more. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more. Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more. Preconnect to required origins Consider adding 'preconnect' or 'dns-prefetch' resource hints to establish early con-Learn more Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other reques **URL** /page2.html (127.0.0.1) Avoid multiple page redirects Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn more. Preload key requests Consider using `link rel=preload>` to prioritize fetching resources that are currently

^	
nnections to important third-party origins.	
^	
ests depend on it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Show 3rd party resources (0)	
Time Spent	
0 ms	
^	
requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u>	
and server push. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Show 3rd-party resources (0)	
4/	15

URL	Protocol
/page2.html (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/css/font-awesome.min.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/css/et-line.min.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/style.css (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/img/atlanta%20web%20design%20logo.webp (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/jquery-migrate-3.3.2.min.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/bootstrap.min.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/blocs.min.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/jqBootstrapValidation.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/js/formHandler.js (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/img/dots-bg.webp (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/img/texture-paper.webp (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
/fonts/fontawesome-webfont.woff2?v=4.7.0 (127.0.0.1)	http/1.1
Use video formats for animated content	^
Use video formats for animated content Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more	
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v	
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more</u>	rideos for animations and
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	rideos for animations and
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes contents.	onsumed by network activity. many aren't necessary for y using module/nomodule feature
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes content and serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support	onsumed by network activity. many aren't necessary for y using module/nomodule feature
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Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM v PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes conducted a serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support More Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 834 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load time. URL /css/bootstrap.min.css (127.0.0.1) /js/jquery-3.5.1.min.js (127.0.0.1)	onsumed by network activity. many aren't necessary for y using module/nomodule feature out for legacy browsers. Learn es. Learn more. Show 3rd-party resources (0) Transfer Size 169.9 KiB 166.1 KiB

URL		Transfer Siz
OKE		11010101012
/css/font-awesome.min.css (127.0.0.1)	60.1 KiB
/img/texture-paper.webp (127.0.0.1)		53.9 KiB
/js/jquery-migrate-3.3.2.min.js (127.0.	0.1)	22.3 KiB
/style.css (127.0.0.1)		19.3 KiB
/js/blocs.min.js (127.0.0.1)		16.7 KiB
Uses efficient cache policy on static as	ssets — 0 resources found	
A long cache lifetime can speed up rep	peat visits to your page. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Avoids an excessive DOM size — 91	elements	
A large DOM will increase memory usa	age, cause longer <u>style calculations</u> , and produce costly <u>layout</u>	reflows. <u>Learn more</u> .
Statistic	Element	Valu
Total DOM Elements		91
Maximum DOM Depth		11
		0
Maximum Child Elements	<body></body>	8
Maximum Child Elements User Timing marks and measures	<body></body>	8
User Timing marks and measures	<body> che User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performation</body>	
User Timing marks and measures Consider instrumenting your app with the second		
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load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. $\underline{\text{Learn more}}.$

Avoid large layout shifts	^
These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page.	
Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance	^
Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn r	more.
Avoids document.write()	^
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens seconds. <u>Learn more</u> .	of
Avoid long main-thread tasks	^
Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. Learn more	
Avoid non-composited animations	^
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. <u>Learn more</u>	
Image elements have explicit width and height	^
Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. Learn more	



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

Additional items to manually check (10) — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn ^ more in our guide on conducting an accessibility review.

The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn more.	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^
Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive	
elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	
The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn more</u> .	
User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^

A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn more. Custom controls have associated labels Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. Learn more. Custom controls have ARIA roles Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. Learn more. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more. Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn more. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more. Passed audits (17) [aria-*] attributes match their roles Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-*` attributes. Learn [aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body> Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when `aria-hidden="true" is set on the document `<body>`. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn more. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more.

[id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique All focusable elements must have a unique 'id' to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn more. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn more. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more. html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more. <html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn more. Image elements have [alt] attributes Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn more. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more. Not applicable (24) [accesskey] values are unique Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an `[aria-hidden="true"]` element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn more. ARIA input fields have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more. Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role]s are contained by their required parent element Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more. ARIA toggle fields have accessible names When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more. <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements. When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. Learn more. Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements Definition list items ('<dt>' and '<dd>') must be wrapped in a parent '<dl>' element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn more. No form fields have multiple labels Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn more. <frame> or <iframe> elements have a title Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. Learn more. <input type="image"> elements have [alt] text When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more. Presentational elements avoid using , <caption> or the [summary] attribute. A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the th or caption elements or the summary attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. Learn more. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more. List items () are contained within or parent elements

Screen readers require list items (``) to be contained within a parent `` or `` to be announced properly. <u>Learn more</u>.

The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh">

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more</u>.

<object> elements have [alt] text

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. <u>Learn more</u>.

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more</u>.

Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more.

elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more</u>.

[lang] attributes have a valid value

Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Learn</u> more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more.

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"]

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. <u>Learn more</u>.



Best Practices

Passed audits (16)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents

intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. Learn more. Links to cross-origin destinations are safe Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. Learn more. Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. Learn more. Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more. Avoids front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. Learn more. Allows users to paste into password fields Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. Learn more. Displays images with correct aspect ratio Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more. Serves images with appropriate resolution Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn more. Page has the HTML doctype Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more. Properly defines charset A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a `<meta>` tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more. Avoids unload event listeners The 'unload' event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache. Consider using the 'pagehide' or 'visibilitychange' events instead. Learn More **Avoids Application Cache** Application Cache is deprecated. Learn more. **Detected JavaScript libraries** All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more. Name Version **Bootstrap** 3.4.1

Name Version **jQuery** 3.5.1 Avoids deprecated APIs Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more. No browser errors logged to the console Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. Learn more Page has valid source maps Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn more. Not applicable (1) Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded Preload 'optional' fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn More

> These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. Learn more.

Additional items to manually check (1) — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

Run the Structured Data Testing Tool and the Structured Data Linter to validate structured data. Learn more.

Passed audits (10)

Structured data is valid

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a `<meta name="viewport">` tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. Learn more.

Document has a <title> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely or page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more</u> .	n it heavily to determine if a
Document has a meta description	^
Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. L	earn more.
Page has successful HTTP status code	^
Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more.	
Links have descriptive text	^
Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. Learn more.	
Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use `href` attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the `href` at to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn More	tribute of anchor elements links
Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permiss	sion to crawl them. <u>Learn more</u> .
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements ca attribute. <u>Learn more</u> .	n be ignored with an empty alt
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for <u>Learn more</u> .	a given language or region.
Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't suppor	t them. <u>Learn more</u> .
Not applicable (4)	^
robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want you indexed. <u>Learn more</u> .	ur website to be crawled or
Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more.	
Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to z have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more</u> .	zoom" in order to read. Strive to
Tap targets are sized appropriately	^
Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. <u>Learn more</u> .	ugh space around them, to be

Runtime Settings

URL http://127.0.0.1:5500/page2.html

Fetch Time Feb 6, 2021, 11:48 AM GMT

Device Emulated Desktop

Network throttling 40 ms TCP RTT, 10,240 Kbps throughput (Simulated)

CPU throttling 1x slowdown (Simulated)

Channel devtools

User agent (host) Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like

Gecko) Chrome/88.0.4324.146 Safari/537.36

User agent (network) Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_6) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML,

like Gecko) Chrome/84.0.4143.7 Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse

CPU/Memory Power 1533

Axe version 3.5.5

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