# Semantics of $\pm C$ (i.e. extended C--)

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# Notation

 $\mathbb{Z}_{64}$  is the set of 64-bit signed integers, in which all calculations are done when not specified otherwise.

We write  $(\rho: \mathcal{S} \to \mathbb{Z}_{64}) \in \mathcal{P}$  the environment, where  $\mathcal{S}$  is the set of names of variables and functions,  $(\mu: \mathbb{Z}_{64} \to \mathbb{Z}_8) \in \mathcal{M}$ the memory.

 $\mu$  is read by blocks of 8 bytes :  $\mu^{64}(i) \triangleq \sum_{k=0}^{7} 2^{8k} \mu(i+k)$ .  $\rho_g \in \mathcal{P}$  is the global environment.

A flag is defined as an element of  $\mathcal{E} \triangleq S \sqcup \{brk, ret, cnt, nil\}$ : either an exception string or a special control flow keyword. Intuitively,  $\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash c \Rightarrow \rho', \mu', \chi', v'$  means that when c is executed under the environment  $\rho$  with the memory  $\mu$ , the flag  $\chi$ , and the previous value v, it updates it to the new environment and memory  $\rho'$  and  $\mu'$ , raises  $\chi'$ , and changes the value to v'. Variants are used for toplevel declarations (no  $\chi$  nor v but fun is added), and expressions ( $\rho$  is never modified and thus does not appear on the right side)

In addition, we write fun:  $\mathbb{Z}_{64} \to \mathsf{code}$ , a wrapper around  $\pm \mathsf{C}$  functions:  $\mathsf{fun}(a)(p_1, \cdots, p_n) = c$  updates the environment with  $p_1, \dots, p_n$  and executes the body of the function whose definition was given by the code c and stored at a. This way of considering functions allows in particular for function pointers.

For 
$$\mu \in \mathcal{M}, v \in \mathbb{Z}_8, x \in \mathbb{Z}_{64}$$
 we write  $\mu[x \mapsto v] : \begin{cases} x \mapsto v \\ y \mapsto \mu(y) & y \in \text{dom } \mu \setminus \{x\} \end{cases}$ 

For  $\mu \in \mathcal{M}, v \in \mathbb{Z}_8, x \in \mathbb{Z}_{64}$  we write  $\mu[x \mapsto v] : \begin{cases} x \mapsto v \\ y \mapsto \mu(y) & y \in \text{dom } \mu \setminus \{x\} \end{cases}$ However we will usually use  $\mu^{64}[x \mapsto v] \triangleq \mu[x + k \mapsto v_k \mid 0 \leqslant k < 8, \ v = \sum_{k=0}^8 2^{8k} v_k]$ , i.e. the memory is written 8 bytes at a time.

A similar notation is used for  $\rho$  and fun.

 $alloc^i : \mathcal{M} \to \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{Z}_{64})$  is such that if  $k \in alloc^i(\mu)$  then  $\forall 0 \leqslant j < i, k+j \notin \text{dom } \mu$ .

The are usually ommitted when obvious : " $\rho \in P$ ", " $\mu \in \mathcal{M}$ ", etc. are implicit preconditions to all rules.

#### 1 Expressions

#### 1.1 Reading values

For local and global variables:

$$\frac{x\in\operatorname{dom}\rho\quad\rho(x)\in\operatorname{dom}\mu}{\rho,\mu,\operatorname{nil},v\vdash^{e}\operatorname{VAR}x\Rightarrow\mu,\operatorname{nil},\mu^{64}(\rho(x))}(\operatorname{VAR})$$

i.e. reading a variable returns its contents and changes nothing to the memory.

$$\frac{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{VAR} \; x \Rightarrow \mu, \chi, v} (\mathtt{VAR}^\chi)$$

For constant integers:

$$\frac{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{CST} \ n \Rightarrow \mu, \mathtt{nil}, n}{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}} (\mathtt{Cst})$$

$$\frac{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{CST} \ n \Rightarrow \mu, \chi, v} (\mathtt{Cst}^{\chi})$$

For strings:

$$\frac{s \text{ stored at } a \in Addr}{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^e \mathtt{STRING} \ s \Rightarrow \mu, \mathtt{nil}, a}(\mathtt{STR})$$

$$\frac{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{STRING} \ s \Rightarrow \mu, \chi, v} (\mathtt{STR}^\chi)$$

For arrays:

$$\begin{split} \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e i \Rightarrow \mu_i, \chi_i, v_i \\ \rho, \mu_i, \chi_i, i \vdash^e a \Rightarrow \mu_a, \mathtt{nil}, v_a \\ v_a + v_i \times 8 \in \mathrm{dom}\,\mu_a \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_INDEX}, a, i) \Rightarrow \mu_a, \mathtt{nil}, \mu_a^{64}(v_a + v_i \times 8) \end{split} (\mathrm{IDX}) \end{split}$$

None of these are different from the original C— semantics.

### 1.2 Unary operators without side-effects

Unary minus (same as C--):

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, v_e}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_MINUS},e) \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, -v_e} (\mathtt{NEG})$$

Unary bitwise negation (same as C——):

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, v_e}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_NOT},e) \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, -v_e - 1} (\mathtt{Not})$$

Indirection (added in  $\pm C$ ):

$$\frac{x\in\operatorname{dom}\rho}{\rho,\mu,\operatorname{nil},v\vdash^{e}\operatorname{OP1}(\operatorname{M\_ADDR},\operatorname{VAR}x)\Rightarrow\mu,\operatorname{nil},\rho(x)}(\operatorname{Var}^{\&})$$

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e i\Rightarrow \mu_i,\chi_i,v_i}{\rho,\mu_i,\chi_i,v_i\vdash^e a\Rightarrow \mu_a,\mathtt{nil},v_a}\frac{\rho,\mu_i,\chi_i,v_i\vdash^e a\Rightarrow \mu_a,\mathtt{nil},v_a}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},\mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_INDEX},a,i))\Rightarrow \mu_a,\mathtt{nil},v_a+v_i\times 8}(\mathtt{IDX}^\&)$$

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e a\Rightarrow \mu_a,\mathtt{nil},v_a}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},\mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_DEREF},a))\Rightarrow \mu_a,\mathtt{nil},v_a}(\mathtt{Ptr}^\&)$$

Dereferencing (added in  $\pm C$ ):

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e a \Rightarrow \mu_a, \mathtt{nil}, v_a \qquad v_a \in \mathrm{dom}\,\mu_a}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_DEREF}, a) \Rightarrow \mu_a, \mathtt{nil}, \mu_a^{64}(v_a)}(\mathrm{PTR})$$

When the operand raises a non-nil flag:

$$\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e \Rightarrow \mu_e, \chi_e, v_e \qquad \chi_e \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP1}(op, e) \Rightarrow \mu_e, \chi_e, v_e} (\mathtt{OP1}^\chi)$$

#### 1.3 Binary operators

Multiplication (same as C——):

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \\ & \rho, \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1 \\ & \overline{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_MUL}, e_1, e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1 \times v_2} (\mathtt{MUL}) \end{split}$$

Addition (same as C--):

$$\begin{split} &\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \\ &\rho,\mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1 \\ &\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_ADD},e_1,e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1+v_2 \end{split} (\mathtt{ADD})$$

Subtraction (same as C--):

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e e_2\Rightarrow \mu_2,\chi_2,v_2}{\rho,\mu_2,\chi_2,v_2\vdash^e e_1\Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1}(\mathtt{SUB})$$
 
$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_SUB},e_1,e_2)\Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1-v_2}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_SUB},e_1,e_2)\Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1-v_2}(\mathtt{SUB})$$

Division and remainder (same as C——):

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \qquad v_2 \neq 0 \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_DIV}, e_1, e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1 \ \mathrm{div} \ v_2} (\mathtt{DIV}) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \quad v_2 \neq 0 \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_MOD}, e_1, e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil}, v_1 \bmod v_2} (\mathtt{Mod}) \end{split}$$

Shifts (added in  $\pm C$ ):

$$\begin{split} &\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \\ &\frac{\rho,\mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \mathtt{nil},v_1}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_SHL},e_1,e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1 \times 2^{v_2}} (\mathtt{SHL}) \\ &\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2,\chi_2,v_2}{\rho,\mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1} \\ &\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_SHR},e_1,e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(\mathtt{S\_SHR},e_1,e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1,\mathtt{nil},v_1 \ \mathrm{div} \ 2^{v_2}} (\mathtt{SHR}) \end{split}$$

Let  $dec_{64}: \{\bot, \top\}^{64} \to \mathbb{Z}_{64}$  the function

$$(b_0,\cdots,b_{63})\mapsto \sum_{i=0}^{63}(1 \text{ if } b_i \text{ else } 0)\times 2^i$$

and  $bin_{64} = dec_{64}^{-1}$ .

We can now define bitwise operators as follows (added in  $\pm C$ ).

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} & \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{1} \\ & (b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{2}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{2}) & (b_{0}^{1}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{1}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP2}(\mathbf{S\_AND}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, \mathrm{dec}_{64}(b_{0}^{1} \wedge b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1} \wedge b_{63}^{2}), \mu_{1} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} & \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline (b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{2}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{2}) & (b_{0}^{1}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{1}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP2}(\mathbf{S\_OR}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, \mathrm{dec}_{64}(b_{0}^{1} \vee b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1} \vee b_{63}^{2}), \mu_{1} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} & \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline (b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{2}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{2}) & (b_{0}^{1}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1}) = \mathrm{bin}_{64}(v_{1}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP2}(\mathbf{S\_XOR}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \mathtt{nil}, \mathrm{dec}_{64}(b_{0}^{1} \oplus b_{0}^{2}, \cdots, b_{63}^{1} \oplus b_{63}^{2}), \mu_{1} \\ \hline (XOR) \\ \hline \end{pmatrix}$$

When one of the operands raises a non-nil flag:

$$\begin{split} &\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \\ &\rho, \mu_2, \chi_2, v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \chi_1, v_1 \\ &\frac{\chi_1 \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e \mathtt{OP2}(op, e_1, e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1, \chi_1, v_1} (\mathtt{OP2}^\chi) \end{split}$$

# 1.4 Comparisons

All are the same as in C—.

$$\begin{array}{c} \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} = v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{EQ}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 1 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} < v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LT}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 1 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} \leqslant v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LE}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 1 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} \neq v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{EQ}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} \notin v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LT}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} \notin v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LT}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e_{2} \Rightarrow \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \\ \rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1} \\ \hline v_{1} \not \leqslant v_{2} \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LT}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline (\operatorname{LT}^{\perp}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LE}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline (\operatorname{LE}^{\perp}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LE}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline (\operatorname{LE}^{\perp}) \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CMP}(\operatorname{C}\_\operatorname{LE}, e_{1}, e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

For optimisation purposes mostly, the comparison operators C\_NE, C\_GT, C\_GE may be introduced by the compiler (not by the parser, however).

They are defined as

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_NOT},\mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_EQ},e_{1},e_{2})) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'}{\rho,\mu,\mathtt{nil},v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_NE},e_{1},e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'} \mathtt{(NE)}$$
 
$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_NOT},\mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_LE},e_{1},e_{2})) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'}{\rho,\mu,\mathtt{nil},v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_GT},e_{1},e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'} \mathtt{(GT)}$$
 
$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_NOT},\mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_LT},e_{1},e_{2})) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'}{\rho,\mu,\mathtt{nil},v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{CMP}(\mathtt{C\_GE},e_{1},e_{2}) \Rightarrow \mu',\chi',v'} \mathtt{(GE)}$$

When one of the operands raises a non-nil flag:

$$\begin{split} &\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e e_2 \Rightarrow \mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \\ &\rho,\mu_2,\chi_2,v_2 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1,\chi_1,v_1 \\ &\frac{\chi_1 \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^e \mathtt{CMP}(op,e_1,e_2) \Rightarrow \mu_1,\chi_1,v_1} (\mathtt{CMP}^\chi) \end{split}$$

# 1.5 Assignments

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR}, a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{a}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{SET}(a, e) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}^{64}[v_{a} \mapsto v_{e}], \mathtt{nil}, v_{e}} (\mathtt{PTR}^{\leftarrow}) \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e}}{\rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR}, a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a}} \qquad \chi_{a} \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{SET}(a, e) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a}} \end{split}$$

#### 1.6 Increments

$$\begin{split} &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a},\mathtt{nil},v_{a} \\ &k=\mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) \\ \hline &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_POST\_INC},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}^{64}[v_{a}\mapsto k+1],\mathtt{nil},k}(\mathtt{POST}^{\uparrow}) \\ &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a},\mathtt{nil},v_{a} \\ &k=\mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) \\ \hline &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_POST\_DEC},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}^{64}[v_{a}\mapsto k-1],\mathtt{nil},k}(\mathtt{POST}^{\downarrow}) \\ &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a},\mathtt{nil},v_{a} \\ &k=\mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) \\ \hline &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_PRE\_INC},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}^{64}[v_{a}\mapsto k+1],\mathtt{nil},k+1}(\mathtt{PRE}^{\uparrow}) \\ &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a},\mathtt{nil},v_{a} \\ &k=\mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) \\ \hline &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_ADDR},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a},\mathtt{nil},v_{a} \\ &k=\mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) \\ \hline &\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e} \mathtt{OP1}(\mathtt{M\_PRE\_DEC},a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}^{64}[v_{a}\mapsto k-1],\mathtt{nil},k-1}(\mathtt{PRE}^{\downarrow}) \end{split}$$

# 1.7 Extended assignments

Let  $op \in bin_op \setminus \{S\_INDEX\}.$ 

$$\begin{array}{c} \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \\ \rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP1}(\mathrm{M\_ADDR}, a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a} \\ v_{a} \in \mathrm{dom}\,\mu_{a} \qquad \mu_{a}^{64}(v_{a}) = u \\ \hline \rho, \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a} \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP2}(op, \mathrm{CST}\,\,v_{a}, \mathrm{CST}\,\,v_{e}) \Rightarrow \mu', \mathrm{nil}, w \\ \hline \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OPSET}(op, a, e) \Rightarrow \mu'[v_{a} \mapsto w], \mathrm{nil}, w \end{array} \\ (\mathrm{OPSET}) \\ \hline \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e}}{\rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OP1}(\mathrm{M\_ADDR}, a) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a}}{\chi_{a} \neq \mathrm{nil}} \\ \hline \frac{\chi_{a} \neq \mathrm{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathrm{OPSET}(op, a, e) \Rightarrow \mu_{a}, \chi_{a}, v_{a}} \\ (\mathrm{OPSET}^{\chi}) \end{array}$$

### 1.8 Ternary operator

$$\begin{split} &\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \qquad v_{e} = 0 \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} e_{\perp} \Rightarrow \mu_{\perp}, \chi_{\perp}, v_{\perp}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{EIF}(e, e_{\top}, e_{\perp}) \Rightarrow \mu_{\perp}, \chi_{\perp}, v_{\perp}} (\mathtt{TERN}^{\perp}) \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \qquad v_{e} \neq 0}{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{e} e_{\top} \Rightarrow \mu_{\top}, \chi_{\top}, v_{\top}} (\mathtt{TERN}^{\top}) \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{EIF}(e, e_{\top}, e_{\perp}) \Rightarrow \mu_{\top}, \chi_{\top}, v_{\top}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \qquad \chi_{e} \neq \mathtt{nil}} (\mathtt{TERN}^{\chi}) \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \qquad \chi_{e} \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} \mathtt{EIF}(e, e_{\top}, e_{\perp}) \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e}} (\mathtt{TERN}^{\chi}) \end{split}$$

# 1.9 Sequence

$$\rho, \mu_0, \chi_0, v_0 \vdash^e e_1 \Rightarrow \mu_1, \chi_1, v_1 \\ \dots \\ \frac{\rho, \mu_{n-1}, \chi_{n-1}, v_{n-1} \vdash^e e_n \Rightarrow \mu_n, \chi_n, v_n}{\rho, \mu_0, \chi_0, v_0 \vdash^e \mathtt{ESEQ} [e_1; \dots; e_n] \Rightarrow \mu_n, \chi_n, v_n} (\mathtt{SEQ}^n)$$

#### 1.10 Function call

Works for both a toplevel function and a function pointer:

$$\rho, \mu_{n+1}, \chi_{n+1}, v_{n+1} \vdash^{e} e_{n} \Rightarrow \mu_{n}, \chi_{n}, v_{n}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{1}$$

$$f \in \operatorname{dom} \rho \quad \rho(f) \in \operatorname{dom} \operatorname{fun}$$

$$\rho_{g}, \mu_{1}, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \vdash^{e} \operatorname{fun}(\rho(f))(v_{1}, \cdots, v_{n}) \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}$$

$$\rho, \mu_{n}, \chi_{n}, v_{n} \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CALL}(f, [e_{1}; \cdots; e_{n}]) \Rightarrow \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\rho, \mu_{n+1}, \chi_{n+1}, v_{n+1} \vdash^{e} e_{n} \Rightarrow \mu_{n}, \chi_{n}, v_{n}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$\rho, \mu_{2}, \chi_{2}, v_{2} \vdash^{e} e_{1} \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \chi_{1}, v_{1}$$

$$\chi_{1} \neq \operatorname{nil}$$

$$\rho, \mu_{n+1}, \chi_{n+1}, v_{n+1} \vdash^{e} \operatorname{CALL}(f, [e_{1}; \cdots; e_{n}]) \Rightarrow \mu_{1}, \chi_{1}, v_{1}$$

$$(\operatorname{CALL}^{\chi})$$

# 2 Code

### 2.1 Expressions

An expression as statement is simply executed. If a non-nil flag is raised, it will be skipped anyway.

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e e\Rightarrow \mu_e,\chi_e,v_e}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^c \mathtt{CEXPR}\ e\Rightarrow \rho,\mu_e,\chi_e,v_e}(\mathtt{EXPR})$$

#### 2.2 Conditional branching

If only nil is raised after the evaluation of the condition, one of the two branches is executed.

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \quad v_{e} = 0 \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} c_{\perp} \Rightarrow \rho_{\perp}, \mu_{\perp}, \chi_{\perp}, v_{\perp}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CIF}(e, c_{\top}, c_{\perp}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{\perp}, \chi_{\perp}, v_{\perp}} (\mathtt{If}^{\perp}) \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \quad v_{e} \neq 0}{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} c_{\top} \Rightarrow \rho_{\top}, \mu_{\top}, \chi_{\top}, v_{\top}} (\mathtt{If}^{\top}) \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} c_{\top} \Rightarrow \rho_{\top}, \mu_{\top}, \chi_{\top}, v_{\top}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CIF}(e, c_{\top}, c_{\perp}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{\top}, \chi_{\top}, v_{\top}} (\mathtt{If}^{\top}) \end{split}$$

Note that the branch is allowed to modify the memory and raise flags, but not change the environment:  $\rho$  is preserved.

For all other flags, neither of the branches is executed.

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e e\Rightarrow \mu_e,\chi_e,v_e \qquad \chi_e\neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^c \mathtt{CIF}(e,c_\top,c_\bot)\Rightarrow \rho,\mu_e,\chi_e,v_e}(\mathtt{IF}^\chi)$$

#### 2.3 Blocks

$$\begin{split} & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho', \mu', \chi', v'}{\rho', \mu', \chi', v' \vdash^{c} \text{CBLOCK } S \Rightarrow \rho'', \mu'', \chi'', v''} \\ \frac{\rho', \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \text{CBLOCK}(c :: S) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu'', \chi'', v''}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \text{CBLOCK}\left[\right] \Rightarrow \rho, \mu, \chi, v} (\text{Block}^{0}) \end{split}$$

Again for blocks, the memory may be changed and flags may be raised, but the environment is preserved.

### 2.4 Loops

A loop with a false condition stops:

$$\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \qquad v_{e} = 0}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu', \mathtt{nil}, v} (\mathtt{WHILE}^{\perp, \mathtt{true}})$$

Except in the case of a do-while:

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^c c \Rightarrow \rho_c, \mu_c, \chi_c, v_c \\ & \rho, \mu_c, \chi_c, v_c \vdash^e f \Rightarrow \mu_f, \mathtt{nil}, v_f \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_f, \mathtt{nil}, v_f \vdash^c \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_w, \chi_w, v_w}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^c \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{false}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_w, \chi_w, v_w} \\ \end{split}$$

A loop continues normally if its condition is nonzero:

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, v_e & v_e \neq 0 \\ & \rho, \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, v_e \vdash^c c \Rightarrow \rho_c, \mu_c, \chi_c, v_c & \chi_c \not\in \{\mathtt{brk}, \mathtt{cnt}\} \\ & \rho, \mu_c, \chi_c, v_c \vdash^e f \Rightarrow \mu_f, \chi_f, v_f \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_f, \chi_f, v_f \vdash^c \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_w, \chi_w, v_w}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^c \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_w, \chi_w, v_w} \end{split}$$

A flag skips the loop:

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{e}e\Rightarrow\mu_{e},\chi_{e},v_{e}}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{c}\mathsf{CWHILE}(e,c,f,\mathsf{true})\Rightarrow\rho,\mu_{e},\chi_{e},v_{e}}(\mathsf{WHILE}^{\chi,\mathsf{true}})\\ &\frac{\chi\neq\mathsf{nil}}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^{c}\mathsf{CWHILE}(e,c,f,\mathsf{false})\Rightarrow\rho,\mu,\chi,v}(\mathsf{WHILE}^{\chi,\mathsf{false}}) \end{split}$$

cnt executes the finally clause before continuing as normal:

$$\begin{split} &\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \qquad v_{e} \neq 0 \\ &\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{cnt}, v_{c} \\ &\rho, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{e} f \Rightarrow \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f} \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f} \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{w}, \chi_{w}, v_{w}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{w}, \chi_{w}, v_{w}} \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{cnt}, v_{c}}{\rho, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{e} f \Rightarrow \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}} \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f} \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{w}, \chi_{w}, v_{w}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{false}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{w}, \chi_{w}, v_{w}} \\ &\frac{(\mathtt{WHILE}^{\mathtt{cnt},\mathtt{false}})}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{false}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{w}, \chi_{w}, v_{w}} \end{aligned}$$

brk interrupts the loop but is not retransmitted:

$$\begin{split} & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \quad v_{e} \neq 0}{\rho, \mu_{e}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{brk}, v_{c}} \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{true}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c}} \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{brk}, v_{c}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{brk}, v_{c}} \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{brk}, v_{c}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CWHILE}(e, c, f, \mathtt{false}) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c}} \\ \end{split}$$

#### 2.5 Control flow

#### 2.6 Local variable declarations

When there are none:

$$\frac{}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CLOCAL} \ [] \Rightarrow \rho,\mu,\chi,v} \big( \mathtt{LOCAL}^{0} \big)$$

When an error occurs:

$$\frac{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CLOCAL} \ d \Rightarrow \rho, \mu, \chi, v}(\mathtt{Local}^{\chi})$$

Otherwise:

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^e e \Rightarrow \mu_e, \mathtt{nil}, v_e \\ & k \in alloc^8(\mu_e) \quad \rho' = \rho[w \mapsto k] \quad \mu' = \mu_e[k \mapsto v_e] \\ & \frac{\rho', \mu', \mathtt{nil}, v_e \vdash^c \mathtt{CLOCAL} \ S \Rightarrow \rho_s, \mu_s, \chi_s, v_s}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^c \mathtt{CLOCAL}((w, e) :: S) \Rightarrow \rho_s, \mu_s, \chi_s, v_s} \end{split} \tag{LOCAL}^1)$$

# 2.7 Throw

If a flag is already raised, skip the CTHROW:

$$\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \qquad \chi_{e} \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CTHROW}(s, e) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e}} (\mathtt{THROW}^{\chi})$$

Otherwise raise the new exception  $s \in S$ :

$$\frac{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^e e\Rightarrow \mu_e,\mathtt{nil},v_e}{\rho,\mu,\chi,v\vdash^c \mathtt{CTHROW}(s,e)\Rightarrow \rho,\mu_e,s,v_e}(\mathtt{THROW})$$

#### 2.8 Switch

$$\frac{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{e} e \Rightarrow \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e}}{\frac{\rho, \mu_{e}, \chi_{e}, v_{e} \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CBLOCK}(L(v_{e})) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{l}, \chi_{l}, v_{l}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CSWITCH}(e, L, c) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{l}, \chi_{l}, v_{l}}}(\mathtt{SWITCH})$$

Where for  $L=[(j_1,l_1);\cdots;(j_n,l_n)],\ L(v_e)$  is defined as follows: Let  $I_i=\{j_1,\cdots,j_i\}$  for  $1\leqslant i\leqslant n,\ I_{n+1}=\mathbb{Z}_{64}.$   $\check{j}\triangleq \min_{1\leqslant i\leqslant n+1}\{i\mid v_e\in I_i\},\ \text{finally}\ L(v_e)\triangleq [l_{\check{j}};\cdots;l_n;c].$ 

### 2.9 Try

Skip the block when a flag is already raised:

$$\frac{\chi \neq \mathtt{nil}}{\rho, \mu, \chi, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu, \chi, v}(\mathtt{TRY}^{\chi})$$

For  $L = [(e_1, x_1, c_1); \dots; (e_n, x_n, c_n)]$ , let  $E = \{e_i | 1 \le i \le n\} \subset S$ .

When no exception is raised:

$$\begin{split} & \rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c} \\ & \frac{\rho, \mu_{c}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}}{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \mathtt{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}} (\mathtt{TRY}^{\mathtt{nil}}) \end{split}$$

When an exception is raised that is not caught by the current handler:

$$\begin{split} &\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, s_{c}, v_{c} \\ &s_{c} \not\in E \qquad \neq E \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \mathtt{nil}, v_{f}}{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \Rightarrow \mathtt{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, s_{c}, v_{c}} (\mathtt{TRY}^{\mathtt{nil}'}) \\ &\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, s_{c}, v_{c} \\ &s_{c} \not\in E \qquad \neq E \\ &\frac{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}}{\rho, \mu, \mathtt{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \Rightarrow \mathtt{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}} (\mathtt{TRY}^{\mathtt{X}'}) \end{split}$$

When the handler is able to catch the exception:

$$\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, s_{c}, v_{c}$$

$$s_{c} = e_{i_{0}} \qquad x_{i_{0}} \neq -$$

$$\rho[x_{i_{0}} \mapsto k], \mu_{c}[k \mapsto v_{c}], \operatorname{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{c} c_{i_{0}} \Rightarrow \rho_{0}, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0}$$

$$\rho, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0} \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}$$

$$\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \operatorname{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}$$

$$\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, s_{c}, v_{c}$$

$$s_{c} = e_{i_{0}} \qquad x_{i_{0}} = -$$

$$\rho, \mu_{c}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{c} c_{i_{0}} \Rightarrow \rho_{0}, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0}$$

$$\frac{\rho, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0} \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}}{\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \operatorname{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}} (\operatorname{TRY}^{s})$$

$$\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} c \Rightarrow \rho_{c}, \mu_{c}, s_{c}, v_{c}$$

$$s_{c} \notin E \qquad - e_{i_{0}}$$

$$\rho, \mu_{c}, \operatorname{nil}, v_{c} \vdash^{c} c_{i_{0}} \Rightarrow \rho_{0}, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0}$$

$$\frac{\rho, \mu_{0}, \chi_{0}, v_{0} \vdash^{c} f \Rightarrow \rho_{f}, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}}{\rho, \mu, \operatorname{nil}, v \vdash^{c} \operatorname{CTRY}(c, L, f) \Rightarrow \rho, \mu_{f}, \chi_{f}, v_{f}} (\operatorname{TRY}^{s})$$

# 3 Declarations

# 3.1 Global variables

$$\begin{split} \frac{k \not\in \mathrm{dom}\, \rho \quad k \in alloc^8(\mu)}{\rho, \mu, \mathrm{fun} \vdash^d \mathrm{CDECL}(x, \mathrm{None}) \Rightarrow \rho[x \mapsto k], \mu[k \mapsto 0], \mathrm{fun}} (\mathrm{Decl}^{\mathrm{None}}) \\ \frac{x \not\in \mathrm{dom}\, \rho \quad k \in alloc^8(\mu)}{\rho, \mu, \mathrm{fun} \vdash^d \mathrm{CDECL}(x, \mathrm{Some}(\mathrm{CST}\, c)) \Rightarrow \rho[x \mapsto k], \mu[k \mapsto c], \mathrm{fun}} (\mathrm{Decl}^{\mathrm{CST}}) \\ \frac{s \text{ stored at } a \in Addr \quad x \not\in \mathrm{dom}\, \rho}{\rho, \mu, \mathrm{fun} \vdash^d \mathrm{CDECL}(x, \mathrm{Some}(\mathrm{STRING}\, s)) \Rightarrow \rho[x \mapsto a], \mu, \mathrm{fun}} (\mathrm{Decl}^{\mathrm{STRING}}) \end{split}$$

# 3.2 Functions

$$\frac{f\not\in\mathrm{dom}\,\rho\quad\phi_A(b)\;\mathrm{stored}\;\mathrm{at}\;k}{\rho,\mu,\mathrm{fun}\vdash^d\mathrm{CFUN}(f,A,b)\Rightarrow\rho[f\mapsto k],\mu,\mathrm{fun}[k\mapsto\phi_A(b)]}(\mathrm{Fun})$$
 Let  $[a_1;\cdots;a_n]=A,\;\mathrm{then}\;\phi_A(b):\mathbb{Z}^n_{64}\to\mathrm{code}\;\mathrm{is}\;\mathrm{defined}\;\mathrm{as}$  
$$\phi_A(b)(v_1,\cdots,v_n)=\mathrm{CBLOCK}(\mathrm{CLOCAL}[(a_1,\mathrm{Some}\;(\mathrm{CST}\;v_1));\cdots;(a_n,\mathrm{Some}\;(\mathrm{CST}\;v_n))]::b)$$

# 4 Program

Finally, here's how the whole program executes:

$$\begin{split} \rho_0, \mu_0, & \operatorname{fun}_0 \vdash^d d_1 \Rightarrow \rho_1, \mu_1, \operatorname{fun}_1 \\ & \cdots \\ \rho_{n-1}, \mu_{n-1}, & \operatorname{fun}_{n-1} \vdash^d d_n \Rightarrow \rho_n, \mu_n, \operatorname{fun}_n \\ & \underline{-\rho_n, \mu_n, \operatorname{nil}, 0 \vdash^e \operatorname{CALL}(\operatorname{main}, [\operatorname{argc}; \operatorname{argv}]) \Rightarrow \mu', \chi', v'} \\ & \overline{-\rho_0, \mu_0, \operatorname{fun}_0 \vdash^\pi [d_1; \cdots; d_n] \Rightarrow \mu', \chi', v'} \end{split} \text{(PROG)}$$

 $\rho_0$ ,  $\mu_0$  and fun<sub>0</sub> initially contain some predefined globals and constants such as NULL, stdout, EOF, true, BYTE, QSIZE, ..., as well as standard library functions (malloc, atol, rand, sleep, qsort, ...)