Module documentation

Geometry (geometry.typ)

Generalist functions for 1D and 2D geometry.

- between()
- intersects()
- resolve()

between

Testing a \leftarrow b \leftarrow c, helps only computing b once.

Parameters

```
between(
    a: length,
    b: length,
    C: length
) -> bool
```

```
a length
```

Lower bound.

```
b length
```

Tested value.

```
c length
```

Upper bound. Asserted to be >= c.

intersects

Tests if two intervals intersect.

Parameters

```
intersects(
  i1: (length, length),
  i2: (length, length),
  tolerance: length
)
```

```
i1 (length, length)
```

First interval as a tuple of (low, high) in absolute lengths.

```
i2 (length, length)
```

Second interval.

```
tolerance length

Set to nonzero to ignore small intersections.

Default: Opt
```

resolve

Converts relative and contextual lengths to absolute. The return value will contain each of the arguments once converted, with arguments that contain 'x' or start with 'w' being interpreted as horizontal, and arguments that contain 'y' or start with 'h' being interpreted as vertical.

```
#context resolve(
   (width: 100pt, height: 200pt),
   x: 10%, y: 50% + 1pt,
   width: 50%, height: 5pt,
)
(x: 10pt, y: 101pt, width: 50pt, height: 5pt)
```

Parameters

```
resolve(
    size: (width: length, height: length),
    ..args: dictionary
) -> dictionary

size (width: length, height: length)
Size of the container as given by the layout function.
```

Tiling (tiling/default.typ)

• separate()

Variables

- pat-forbidden
- · pat-allowed

separate

Splits content into obstacles, containers, and flowing text.

An "obstacle" is any content inside a place at the toplevel. It will be appended in order to the placed field as content.

A "container" is a box(place({})). Both box and place are allowed to have width, height, etc. parameters, but no inner contents. It will be appended in order to the free field as a block, i.e. a dictionary with the fields x, y, width, height describing the upper left corner and the dimensions of the container.

Everything that is neither obstacle nor container is flowing text, and will end in the field flow.

```
#separate[
  // This is an obstacle
  #place(top + left, box(width: 50pt, height: 50pt))
  // This is a container
```

```
#box(height: 50%, place({}))
// This is flowing text
#lorem(50)
]

Parameters
separate(ct: content) -> (flow: array(block), placed: array(content), free: content)
```

pat-forbidden

Pattern with red crosses to display forbidden zones.

pat-allowed

Pattern with blue pluses to display allowed zones.