



## AGENDA

- 1 What is Docker ??
- ) Diff blw Docker Virtual machine and virtual environments.
- 3 Work flow of Docker
- (4) Docker hub

# WHAT IS DOCKER WHY WE NEED IT?

| Dev: Works in my machine                               | > Diff reasons who i't  |
|--|---|
| QA  Very poor choice of words                          | might not work.?  1 Library Versions Package Incompatible  3 Frontend |
| ☐ ChatGPT o1-preview ∨                                 | Odo bax   |
| How do I install CUDA<br>12.1 on Ubuntu 24.04?         | Virtual Environment.  |
| Thought for 27 hours, 42 seconds VI don't really know. | only coters to python hackgr  |
| Doeldu -> Isolotro                                     | Chvironment (Container  |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·                  | sine - OS   |

CONTAINER 3

CONTA

**BINS & LIBS** 

BINS &

LIBS

**GUEST** 

VM

**HYPERVISOR** 

HOST OS

SERVER WITH

VIRTUAL MACHINES

BINS &

**GUEST** 

os

VM

UM-> Installs a complete OS

Also reserves some
Rom &

C4 GB RAIT UN-> Windows 14DD

2 TD 8SD (12 GB Ram, 50 GB SSD)

UT -7 Ubonto

12 GB Ram, so GB SSD

SERVER WITH

**DOCKER CONTAINERS** 

### 16 GD -> UM ( 4 GB- Rom >

#### Pros:

- 1. Virtual Machines are extremely secure, isolated, and allows us to work on Diff OS.
- 2. If you're working on something very secretive/shady, then you may want to use Virtual Machine.

#### Cons:

1. It's very heavy weight, and can cause performance issues, and sluggishness in both base OS and VM.

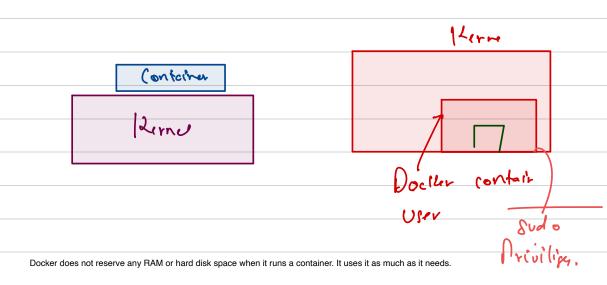
How Conformers ore diff than UT

In Every Operating system, it has a kernel, it is the lowest level of software in your OS. It sits between your hardware and all the applications.

#### Some responsibilities:

- 1. Process management and scheduling.
- 2. Memory management, and like allocating RAM.
- 3. I/O handling.
- 4. Security Supervise.

Contoiner > Installa



#### Quiz time!

Time Left: 55s

#### What does containerization primarily achieve?

|   |   | o ascis nave participated                                      |    |
|---|---|--|----|
|   | A | Optimization of graphical user interfaces                      | 0% |
|   | В | Integration of hardware components                             | 0% |
|   | С | Encryption of data transmission                                | 0% |
| ) | D | Packaging software with necessary dependencies for portability | 0% |
|   |   |  |    |

End Quiz Now



Leaderboard

#### Which technology provides a more lightweight approach to virtualization, allowing for faster deployment and efficient resource utilization between Docker and Virtual Machines (VMs)?





#### Deployment Steps

- 1. Find some suitable cloud Environment (AWS, GCP, Azure, etc)
- 2. Install some OS -> Linux/Unix (you can even have MacOS, Windows)
- 3. <u>Install dependencies and libraries</u> (also front-end, backend, database, etc)
- 4. Copy the code from the repo, to the server (current cloud server)
- 5. Run the Code, and expose the URL/API.

#### Terminologies of Docker

- DockerFile: Contains the instructions, of all the packages and codes and any and all relevant file needed for your application. (Recipe for application)
- Using Dockerfile, you create something called "Docker Image"
- 3. Using DockerImage you create container (Executing the application, here application being the docker image) Container is a Running Image.

