

## Section I

Ans 1

Cookie

Session

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. Cookies are client-side files that contains user information. | Sessions are server side files which contain user information                                |
| 2. Cookie ends depending on the lifetime you set for it.         | A session ends when a user closes his browser.   |
| 3. The size of cookie is 4Kb.                                    | In PHP before using <code>\$SESSION</code> , we have to write <code>session_start()</code> ; |
| 4. There is no function named <code>unsetcookie()</code>         | <code>session_destroy()</code> ; is used to destroy all registered data or to unset data.    |

Ans 2 The two functions names of string functions are:

1. `strtolower()` → It returns strings in lowercase letters.

example 1

<?php

\$str = "My name is Vanshika";

\$str = strtolower(\$str);

echo \$str;

?>

Q2: strtolower() → It returns strings in uppercase letter.

example 2

<?php

\$str = "My name is Vanshika";

\$str = strtolower(\$str);

echo \$str;

?>

Ans 3 Superglobal variable → Some predefined variable in PHP are superglobals which means that they are always accessible regardless of scope and we can access them from any function, class or file without having to do anything else.

(i) \$GLOBAL

(ii) \$SERVER



example of \$GLOBAL

```
<?php
    $x = 75;
    $y = 25;
    function addition() {
        $GLOBALS['z'] = $GLOBALS['x']
        + $GLOBALS['y'];
    }
    addition();
    echo $z;
?>
```

example of \$SERVER

```
<?php
    echo $_SERVER['PHP_SELF'];
    echo "<br>";
?>
```

Ans 5 Associative array → It will have their index as string so that we can establish a strong association between key and value. The associative arrays have names keys that is assigned to them.

example 1

```
<?php
```

```
$arr = array ("p" => "150", "q" => "100",  

  "r" => "120", "s" => "110", "t" => "115",  

  "u" => "103", "v" => "105", "w" => "125");  

echo "Value 1 = ". reset ($arr);
```

```
?>
```

Ans 4

Localization features provide a convenient way to retrieve strings in various language, allowing us to easily support multiple language within your application.



## Section II

Ans 2 A two dimensional array is an array of arrays. A 2D array consist of row and column.

Example

```

<html>
<body>
<?php
$ cars = array(
  array ("Volvo", 22, 18),
  array ("BMW", 15, 13),
  array ("Honda", 5, 2),
  array ("Rover", 17, 15)
);
  
```

```

echo $cars[0][0] . "In stock". $cars[0][1] . ", sold: " . $cars[0][2];
echo $cars[1][0] . "In stock". $cars[1][1] . ", sold: " . $cars[1][2];
echo $cars[2][0] . "In stock". $cars[2][1] . ", sold: " . $cars[2][2];
echo $cars[3][0] . "In stock". $cars[3][1] . ", sold: " . $cars[3][2];
  
```

```

?>
  
```

```

</body>
</html>
  
```

Ans<sup>3</sup> <?php

```
if (isset($_FILES['image'])) {  
    $errors = array();  
    $file_name = $_FILES['image']['name'];  
    $file_size = $_FILES['image']['size'];  
    $file_tmp = $_FILES['image']['tmp_name'];  
    $file_type = $_FILES['image']['type'];  
    $file_ext = $_FILES strtolower  
        (end(explode('.', $_FILES['image']  
            ['name'])));  
    $extensions = array("jpeg", "jpg", "png");
```

```
if (in_array($file_ext, $extensions) ===  
    false) {
```

```
    $errors[] = "extension not allowed";
```

```
}
```

```
if ($file_size > 2097152) {
```

```
    $errors[] = "file must be < 2mb";
```

```
}
```



```

if (empty ($errors) == true) {
    move_uploaded_file ($file_tmp,
    "images/" . $file_name);
    echo "Success";
} else {
    print_r ($errors);
}

```

3  
 ?>

```

<html>
<body>
  <form action="" method="POST"
  enctype="multipart/form-data">
    <input type="file" name="image"/>
    <input type="submit">
  </form>
</body>
</html>

```