Vanshika Navya

1. **Networking:**

- Configure network settings in files like `/etc/network/interfaces` or use network manager tools.
 - Use commands like 'ifconfig', 'netstat', and 'ss' for network diagnostics.
 - Set up a basic firewall with 'iptables' or a firewall management tool.

2. **System Monitoring:**

- Monitor system logs in '/var/log'.
- Use log analysis tools like 'grep', 'tail', or 'journalctl'.
- Diagnose issues based on log entries.

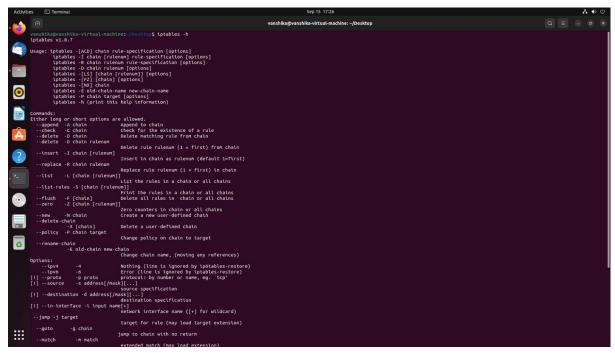
3. **Scripting and Automation:**

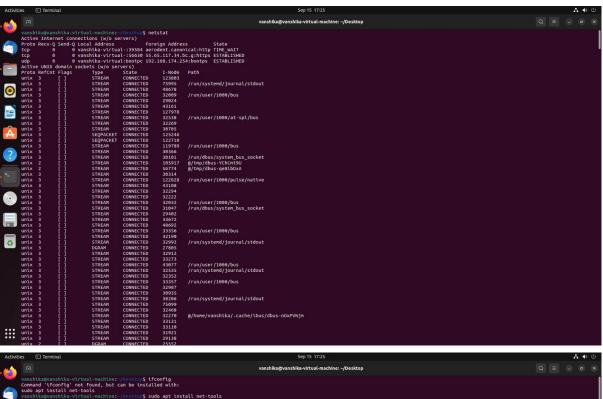
- Write Bash scripts using a text editor (e.g., `nano`, `vim`, or `gedit`).
- Make scripts executable with `chmod +x script.sh`.
- Schedule tasks with 'cron' by editing the crontab using 'crontab -e'.

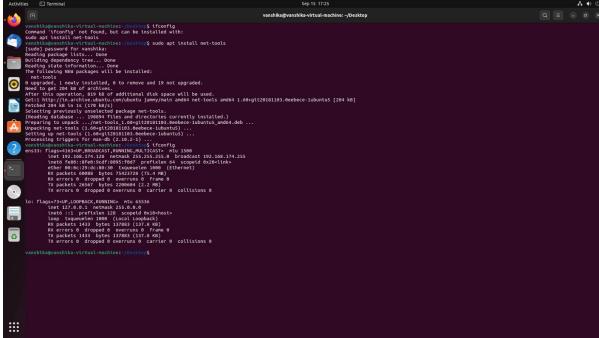
4. **File Permissions and Ownership:**

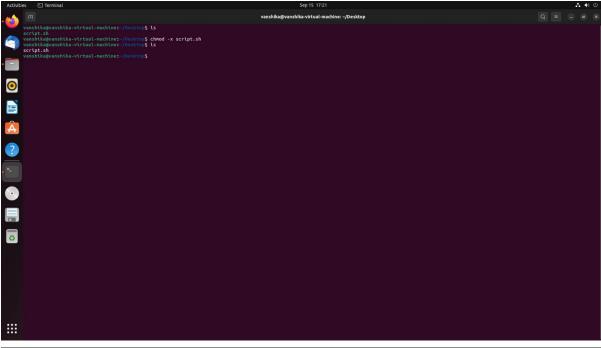
- Use `chmod` and `chown` to modify permissions and ownership.
- Understand the numeric and symbolic representation of permissions (e.g., `chmod 755 file`).

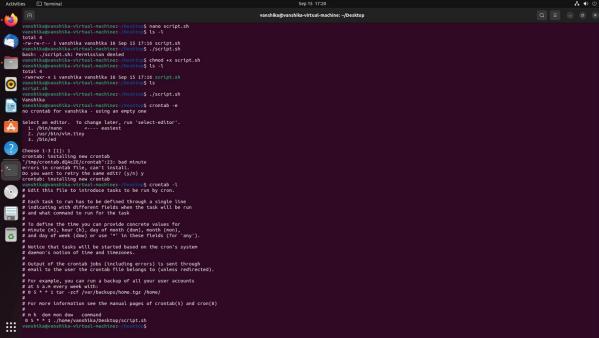
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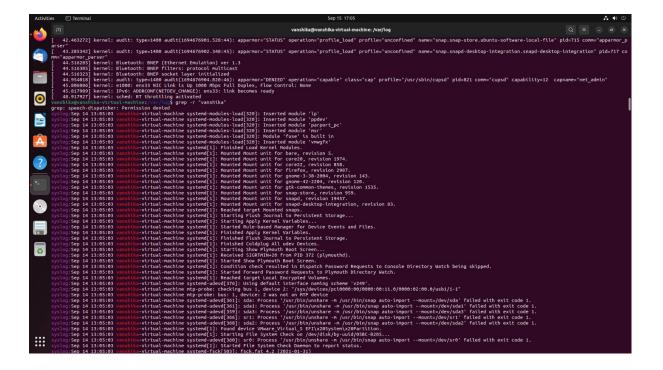


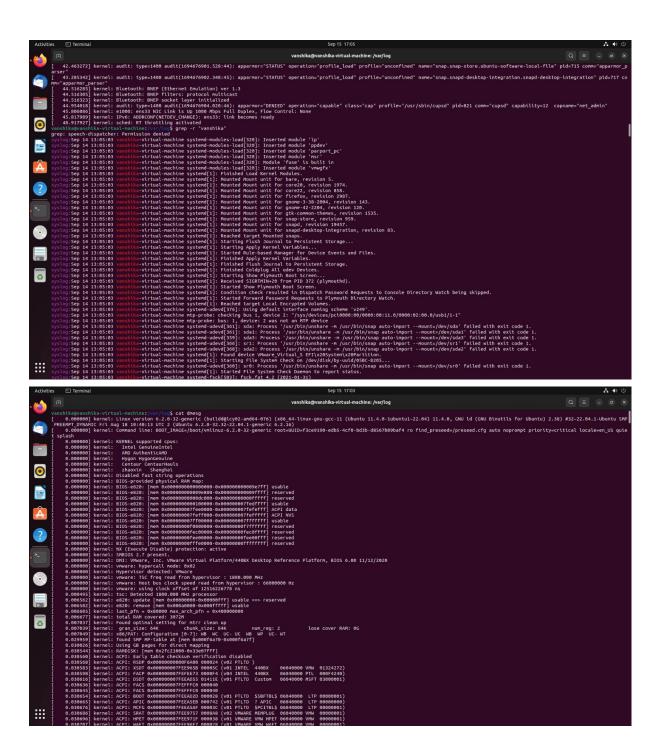












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