

University Institute of Engineering Department of Computer Science & Engineering

EXPERIMENT:3

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BRANCH : BE-CSE

SEMESTER : 5TH

UID : 23BCS10117

SECTION : KRG_1A

SUBJECT : 23CSP-339

SUBJECT NAME: ADBMS

1. AIM:-

[EASY]

You are given an EMP table that contains a list of employee IDs (EMP_ID). Some employee IDs may appear multiple times, representing duplicate entries.

Write an SQL query (using subqueries) to:

- Identify and exclude all employee IDs that appear more than once in the table.
- From the remaining unique employee IDs, find the **highest employee ID**.

Return the result as a single column named single_heghest.

2.TOOLS USED:-

SQL server management studio.

3.CODE:-

```
--EASY--
use subqueries
CREATE TABLE EMP(
EMP_ID INT
)
INSERT INTO EMP (EMP_ID)
VALUES (2), (4), (4), (6), (6), (7), (8), (8);

--SELECT *FROM EMP;

SELECT MAX(EMP_ID) AS [single_heghest]FROM EMP
WHERE EMP_ID NOT IN(
SELECT EMP_ID FROM EMP
GROUP BY EMP_ID
HAVING COUNT(EMP_ID)>1
```

4.OUTPUT:-[EASY]

