MM20B007 Tutorial 7

Importing necessary packages

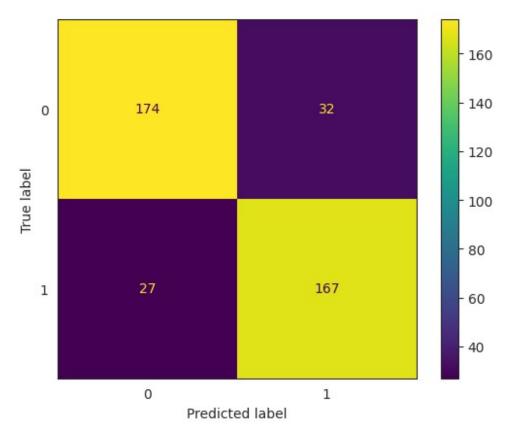
```
import time
import random
import sklearn
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, fl_score
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB, ComplementNB
from sklearn.datasets import make classification
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
# set random seeds
random.seed = 42
np.random.seed = 42
sns.set style('darkgrid')
```

Dataset Generation

Refer to the tutorial notebook for details. Create datasets with number of features - 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 and 5000. For this question use the same dataset generation parameters as Dataset 1 in notebook. Change only the number of features (total and informative) per datapoint. Use time module to calculate runtime of Naive Bayes for each dataset created above and plot results

```
### DO NOT EDIT ###
# Creating the datasets
n \text{ samples} = 2000
n classes = 2
# DATASET 1 - 1000 features
X1, Y1 = data gen(n data = n samples,
                   n class = n classes,
                  weights = None,
                  f tot = 1000,
                   f_{info} = 1000,
                   name = 'data1 nb')
# DATASET 2 - 2000 features
X2, Y2 = data gen(n data = n samples,
                   n class = n classes,
                  weights = None,
                   f tot = 2000,
                   f info = 2000,
                   name = 'data2 nb')
# DATASET 3 - 3000 features
X3, Y3 = data gen(n data = n samples,
                   n class = n classes,
                  weights = None,
                   f tot = 3000,
                   f info = 3000,
                   name = 'data3 nb')
# DATASET 4 - 4000 features
X4, Y4 = data_gen(n_data = n_samples,
                   n class = n classes,
                  weights = None,
                  f tot = 4000,
                   f info = 4000,
                  name = 'data4 nb')
# DATASET 5 - 5000 features
X5, Y5 = data gen(n data = n samples,
                   n class = n classes,
                  weights = None,
                   f tot = 5000,
                   f info = 5000,
                   name = 'data5 nb')
```

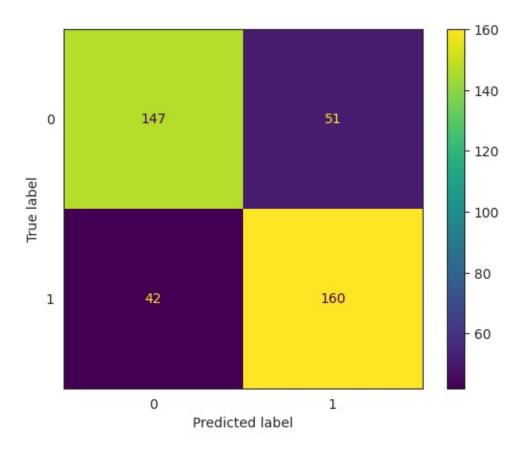
```
### DO NOT EDIT ###
# splitting each dataset into test and train sets
X1 train, X1 test, Y1 train, Y1 test = train test split(X1, Y1,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
X2 train, X2 test, Y2 train, Y2 test = train test split(X2, Y2,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
X3 train, X3 test, Y3 train, Y3 test = train test split(X3, Y3,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
X4 train, X4 test, Y4 train, Y4 test = train test split(X4, Y4,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
X5 train, X5 test, Y5 train, Y5 test = train test split(X5, Y5,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
### DO NOT EDIT ###
def NBClassifier(X train, Y train, X test, Y test, d, conf = True):
   tick = time.time()
   model = GaussianNB()
   model.fit(X train, Y train)
   tock = time.time()
   Y pred = model.predict(X test)
   acc = accuracy_score(Y_test, Y_pred)
   f1 = f1 score(Y test, Y pred)
   cm = confusion matrix(Y test, Y pred)
   print('Dataset:', d)
   print(f"Accuracy: {acc:0,.4f}")
   print(f"F1 score: {f1:0,.4f}")
   sns.set style("white")
   if conf:
       disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
       disp.plot()
       plt.show()
    return tock-tick
times = []
time1 = NBClassifier(X1 train, Y1 train, X1 test, Y1 test, 1)
print('Time Taken (seconds):', time1)
times.append(time1)
***********
Dataset: 1
Accuracy: 0.8525
F1 score: 0.8499
```

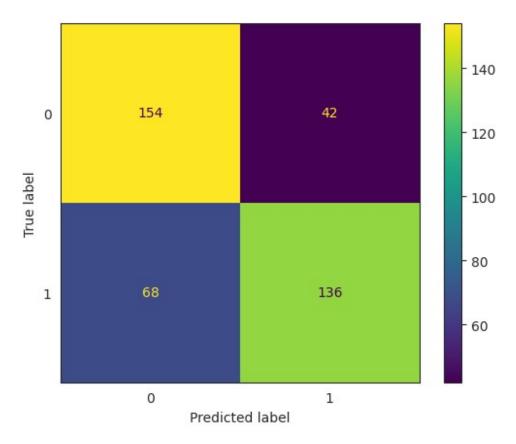


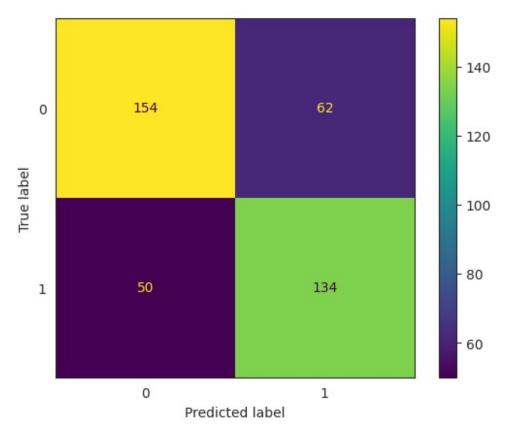
```
Time Taken (seconds): 0.01887035369873047
time2 = NBClassifier(X2_train, Y2_train, X2_test, Y2_test, 2)
print('Time Taken (seconds):', time2)
times.append(time2)
***********
Dataset: 2
```

Accuracy: 0.7675

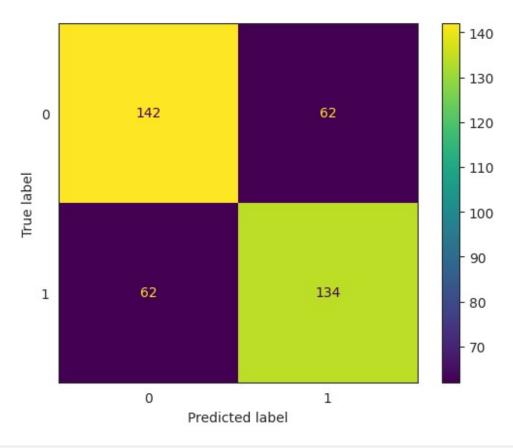
F1 score: 0.7748



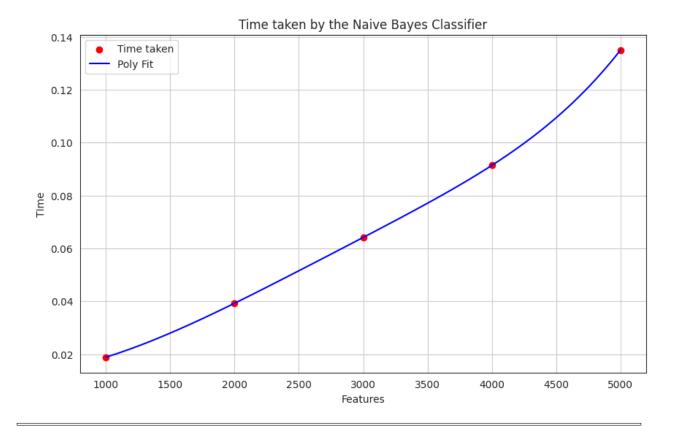




Accuracy: 0.6900 F1 score: 0.6837



```
Time Taken (seconds): 0.13501858711242676
features = [1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000]
coeff = np.polyfit(features, times, 5)
poly = np.poly1d(coeff)
feature gen = np.linspace(min(features), max(features), 100)
time_gen = poly(feature_gen)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
plt.scatter(features, times, label='Time taken', color='red',
marker='o')
plt.plot(feature gen, time gen, color='blue', label='Poly Fit')
plt.xlabel('Features')
plt.ylabel('TIme')
plt.title('Time taken by the Naive Bayes Classifier')
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/IPython/core/
interactiveshell.py:3553: RankWarning: Polyfit may be poorly
conditioned
  exec(code obj, self.user global ns, self.user ns)
```



For the datasets with class imbalance used in the tutorial today (Dataset 3 and Dataset 4), try improving the performance in the specificity in the Gaussian naive bayes model. [Hint: Set the priors beforehand]

```
# splitting each dataset into test and train sets
X6 train, X6 test, Y6 train, Y6 test = train test split(X6, Y6,
test size=0.2, random state=42, shuffle=True)
X7 train, X7 test, Y7 train, Y7 test = train test split(X7, Y7,
test_size=0.2, random_state=42, shuffle=True)
def NBClassifier_2(X_train, Y_train, X_test, Y_test, prior, d, conf =
True):
   model = GaussianNB(priors = prior)
   model.fit(X train, Y train)
   Y pred = model.predict(X test)
   acc = accuracy score(Y test, Y pred)
   f1 = f1_score(Y_test, Y_pred)
   cm = confusion matrix(Y test, Y pred)
   tn, fp, fn, tp = cm.ravel()
   specificity = tn / (tn+fp)
   print('Dataset:', d)
   print(f"Accuracy: {acc:0,.4f}")
   print(f"Specificity: {specificity:0,.4f}")
   sns.set style("white")
   if conf:
       disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
       disp.plot()
       plt.show()
   return [acc, fl, specificity]
time6 = NBClassifier_2(X6_train, Y6_train, X6_test, Y6_test, None, 6,
conf = False
time7 = NBClassifier 2(X7 train, Y7 train, X7 test, Y7 test, None, 7,
conf = False
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8675
Specificity: 0.4521
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.9125
Specificity: 0.2093
```

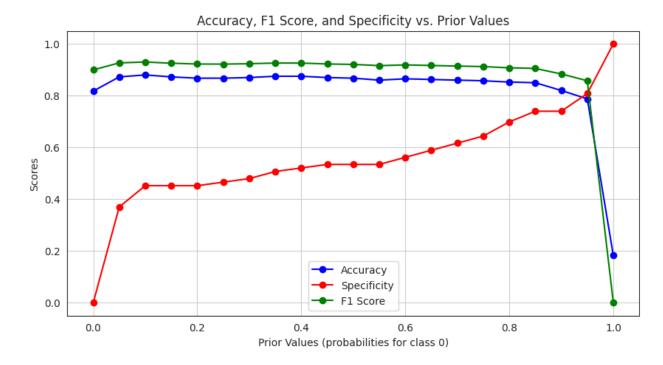
Now tunning the prior values

```
priors = []
for i in range(0, 105, 5):
  random_priors = [round(i / 100, 2), round(1 - i / 100, 2)] #
Generates two random values
```

```
# random priors /= random priors.sum() # Normalize to ensure the
sum is 1
 priors.append(list(random priors))
priors
[[0.0, 1.0],
 [0.05, 0.95],
 [0.1, 0.9],
 [0.15, 0.85],
 [0.2, 0.8],
 [0.25, 0.75],
 [0.3, 0.7],
 [0.35, 0.65],
 [0.4, 0.6],
 [0.45, 0.55],
 [0.5, 0.5],
 [0.55, 0.45],
 [0.6, 0.4],
 [0.65, 0.35],
 [0.7, 0.3],
 [0.75, 0.25],
 [0.8, 0.2],
 [0.85, 0.15],
 [0.9, 0.1],
 [0.95, 0.05],
 [1.0, 0.0]
accuracy d6 = []
f1 d6 = []
specifities d6 = []
for items in priors:
 time6 = NBClassifier_2(X6_train, Y6_train, X6_test, Y6_test, items,
6, conf = False)
 accuracy d6.append(time6[0])
 f1 d6.append(time6[1])
 specifities d6.append(time6[2])
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8175
Specificity: 0.0000
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8725
Specificity: 0.3699
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8800
Specificity: 0.4521
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/naive bayes.py:514:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
 jointi = np.log(self.class prior [i])
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8725
Specificity: 0.4521
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8675
Specificity: 0.4521
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8675
Specificity: 0.4658
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8700
Specificity: 0.4795
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8750
Specificity: 0.5068
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8750
Specificity: 0.5205
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8700
Specificity: 0.5342
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8675
Specificity: 0.5342
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8600
Specificity: 0.5342
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8650
Specificity: 0.5616
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8625
Specificity: 0.5890
***********
Dataset: 6
```

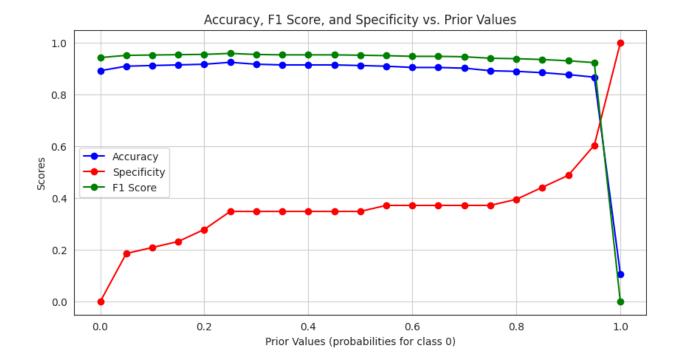
```
Accuracy: 0.8600
Specificity: 0.6164
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8575
Specificity: 0.6438
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8525
Specificity: 0.6986
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8500
Specificity: 0.7397
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8200
Specificity: 0.7397
************
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.7875
Specificity: 0.8082
***********
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.1825
Specificity: 1.0000
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/naive bayes.py:514:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
 jointi = np.log(self.class prior [i])
# Extract the prior values to use as x-coordinates for the plot
prior x = [prior[0] for prior in priors]
# Create the plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(prior x, accuracy d6, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='b',
label='Accuracy')
plt.plot(prior_x, specifities_d6, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='r', label='Specificity')
plt.plot(prior x, f1 d6, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='g',
label='F1 Score')
plt.title("Accuracy, F1 Score, and Specificity vs. Prior Values")
plt.xlabel("Prior Values (probabilities for class 0)")
plt.ylabel("Scores")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```



```
accuracy d7 = []
f1 d7 = []
specifities_d7 = []
for items in priors:
 time7 = NBClassifier_2(X7_train, Y7_train, X7_test, Y7_test, items,
7, conf = False)
 accuracy d7.append(time7[0])
 f1 d7.append(time7[1])
 specifities d7.append(time7[2])
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/naive_bayes.py:514:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
 jointi = np.log(self.class prior [i])
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.8925
Specificity: 0.0000
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.9100
Specificity: 0.1860
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.9125
Specificity: 0.2093
*************
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.9150
```

Specificity: 0.2326 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9175 Specificity: 0.2791 ************ Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9250 Specificity: 0.3488 ************ Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9175 Specificity: 0.3488 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9150 Specificity: 0.3488 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9150 Specificity: 0.3488 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9150 Specificity: 0.3488 ************ Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9125 Specificity: 0.3488 ************ Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9100 Specificity: 0.3721 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9050 Specificity: 0.3721 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9050 Specificity: 0.3721 *********** Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.9025 Specificity: 0.3721 ************ Dataset: 7 Accuracy: 0.8925 Specificity: 0.3721

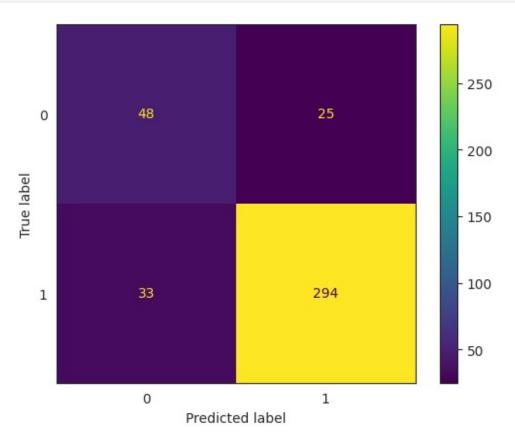
```
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.8900
Specificity: 0.3953
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.8850
Specificity: 0.4419
************
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.8775
Specificity: 0.4884
***********
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.8675
Specificity: 0.6047
************
Dataset: 7
Accuracy: 0.1075
Specificity: 1.0000
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/naive bayes.py:514:
RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in log
 jointi = np.log(self.class prior [i])
# Extract the prior values to use as x-coordinates for the plot
prior x = [prior[0] for prior in priors]
# Create the plot
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.plot(prior x, accuracy d7, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='b',
label='Accuracy')
plt.plot(prior x, specifities d7, marker='o', linestyle='-',
color='r', label='Specificity')
plt.plot(prior_x, f1_d7, marker='o', linestyle='-', color='q',
label='F1 Score')
plt.title("Accuracy, F1 Score, and Specificity vs. Prior Values")
plt.xlabel("Prior Values (probabilities for class 0)")
plt.ylabel("Scores")
plt.legend()
plt.grid(True)
# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

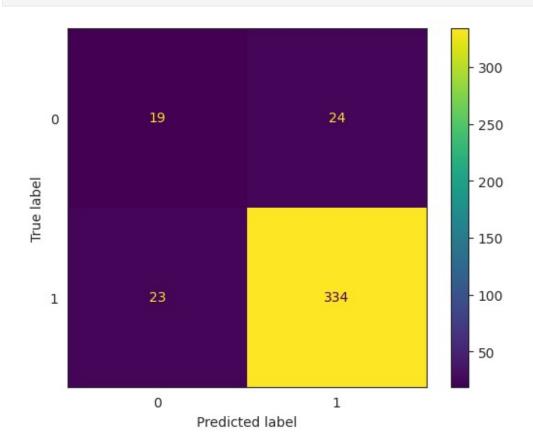


Use ComplementNB class in sklearn to fit a naive bayes classifier and see whether the performance (f1-score) increases for the imbalanced dataset.

```
def complementNB(X train, Y train, X test, Y test, d, conf = True):
   model = ComplementNB()
   model.fit(X train, Y train)
   Y pred = model.predict(X test)
   acc = accuracy_score(Y_test, Y_pred)
   f1 = f1_score(Y_test, Y_pred)
   cm = confusion matrix(Y_test, Y_pred)
   tn, fp, fn, tp = cm.ravel()
   specificity = tn / (tn+fp)
   print('Dataset:', d)
   print(f"Accuracy: {acc:0,.4f}")
   print(f"Specificity: {specificity:0,.4f}")
   print(f'Classes known to classifier: {model.classes }')
   print(f'Prior probabilities: {np.e ** model.class log prior }')
   sns.set style("white")
   if conf:
```

```
disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion matrix=cm)
        disp.plot()
        plt.show()
    return [acc, f1, specificity]
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
X6_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X6_train)
X6 test scaled = scaler.transform(X6 test)
X7_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X7_train)
X7_test_scaled = scaler.transform(X7_test)
res d6 = complementNB(X6 train scaled, Y6 train, X6 test scaled,
Y6 \overline{\text{test}}, 6, conf = \overline{\text{True}})
print(res d6)
Dataset: 6
Accuracy: 0.8550
Specificity: 0.6575
Classes known to classifier: [0 1]
Prior probabilities: [0.208125 0.791875]
***********
```





So ComplementNB has better specificity than GaussianNB for both imbalanced dataset, hence there is an increase in the performance.