## Endpoint, Model Package, Git

It is not straightforward to find relevant data for testing the apis. The more you practice the better you get at finding it, after a while, intution starts kicking in and you get better at this.

# 1. Endpoint

#### Generic way to find an endpoint:

Search service name on code browser , you should get  ${\it client config}$  , (result with client config as suffix ).

Finding endpoint can get tricky, here are a few steps to find an endpoint.

- 1. If you encounter a service which may have some apis already deployed , try using that endpoint , it usually works .
- 2. Try finding the model package and endpoint details from the sheet shared by chaitali  $\,$  .
- 3. Based on the metadata , try searching the parameters inside metadata randomly on code browser , there is quite high probability that you might find something relevant under the name **ClientConfig**.
- 4. If you manage to find the versionset, clicking under *show packages that consume this versionset*, you could find something relevant where you might fetch endpoint (need to further elaborate this).
- 5. There is a website where you can try searching the name of endpoint by typing your service name (regions.dev).
- 6. On close observation, you will see that the structure of the endpoint is usually: service\_id.regionname.amazonaws.com.
- 7. The main regions to try are: us-east-1 , us-east-2 , us-west-1 , us-west-2 the chances are pretty slim for the endpoint to work , if the region is different from these 4.
- 8. There is a way where you can find the region name, if you happen to find the model package, check the pipeline, search for the region where pipeline is deployed. Releases -> Track in pipelines
- 9. There are two files by the name *services.json* and *endpoint\_correlation.txt* if you are lucky , you might find your required endpoint over here .

### 2. Model Package

1. There is a sheet by the name Services - Phase 1 and Model endpoint details if you are lucky enough , you might get model package name from there .

links to be attatched .

- 2. A lot of the times , if you just search the service name , the model package name appears in suggestions *model* (model as suffix) .
- 3. If you happen to find the service-internal-name from any sheet which has been shared , try searching that on code browser , you might get model package name .
- 4. Sometimes , the model package name is not that important , you directly find a service-2 json or c2j folder on code browser , in the build section you can find normal json for c2j and if the apis are present , you can directly proceed from there .
- 5. There might be instances where in you might find apis in model package but in a different branch , follow the steps below :
  - a. Fill appropriate metadata in build js on and config of Boto3ModelGeneratorTemplate  $\,$
  - b. Clone the model package with the required branch .
  - c. Build the package with the given versionset . (Check the releases tab)
  - d. Also , without changing the version set , build Boto3 ModelGeneratorTemplate
  - e. If everything goes as expected , you should see a normal json constructed in build folder of  ${\it Boto3ModelGeneratorTemplate}$  with required set of apis .

#### 3. Git

This is a basic guide on renaming a folder in git . if you rename directly using intellij rename and then raise a cr , a copy might get passed instead of the original file getting renamed . Here are a few steps on how to rename a file or a folder in git .

- 1. Make sure you take the latest pull first .
- 2. Eg: inside internal-workmailservice you wish to change the name of the dated folder, you go inside Boto3-models->service\_models->internal-workmailservice using terminal.
- 3. Use the command git mv <old\_name> <new\_name> .
- 4. If you have followed through properly , after typing git status you should see the folder/file having status as : renamed .

2

Header 1	Header 2	Header 3
Row 1, Col 1	Row 1, Col 2	Row 1, Col 3
Row 2, Col 1	Row 2, Col 2	Row 2, Col 3
Row 3, Col 1	Row 3, Col 2	Row 3, Col 3