



## MACHINE LEARNING FOR SOIL AND CROP MANAGEMENT

### Assignment- Week 7

#### TYPE OF QUESTION: MCQ/MSQ

Number of questions: 15

Total mark: 15 X 1 = 15

#### **QUESTION 1:**

Which of the following is an example of Data sub-setting calibration/validation model?

- a. Stratified random sampling
- b. LOOCV
- c. K-fold validation
- d. Both LOOCV and K-fold validation

**Correct Answer: d**

**Detailed Solution:** Stratified random sampling is an unbiased independent dataset. Whereas, K-fold validation and LOOCV are examples of data sub-setting.

#### **QUESTION 2:**

In Random Holdout the model learns based on the

- a. Training set
- b. Testing set
- c. Both Training and Testing set
- d. None of the above

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:** In random holdout the dataset is separated into two sets, called the training and testing sets. The model learns based on the training set.



**QUESTION 3:**

The Mean square error (MSE) of a model is calculated by

- a.  $MSE = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(prediction_i - observation_i)^2}{n}$
- b.  $MSE = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(prediction_i - observation_i)}{n}$
- c.  $MSE = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(prediction_i - observation_i)^2}{n}}$
- d. None of the above

Where, n is number of observations

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:** The Mean square error (MSE) of a model is calculated by

$$MSE = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(prediction_i - observation_i)^2}{n}$$

**QUESTION 4:**

In case of K-fold cross validation, which of the following statement is correct, when k subsets are used as test set?

- a. The variance of the resulting estimate is increased as k is increased
- b. The variance of the resulting estimate is reduced as k is increased
- c. The variance of the resulting estimate is reduced as k is decreased
- d. There is no effect on variance of the resulting estimate as k is increased or decreased

**Correct Answer: b**

**Detailed Solution:** The variance of the resulting estimate is reduced as k is increased

**QUESTION 5:**

\_\_\_\_\_ is K-fold cross validation taken to its logical extreme, with K=N, the number of data points in the set.

- a. Ridge Regression
- b. Leave-one-out cross validation (LOOCV)
- c. Regression
- d. None of the above



**Correct Answer: b**

**Detailed Solution:** Leave-one-out cross validation (LOOCV) is K-fold cross validation taken to its logical extreme, with  $K=N$ , the number of data points in the set.

**QUESTION 6:**

Which of the following statement is true with respect to Ridge Regression?

- a. Ridge regression reduces overfitting by L2 regularization
- b. Reduces the variance by increasing the bias
- c. Change the slope of the model better for both train and test
- d. All of the above

**Correct Answer: d**

**Detailed Solution:** Ridge regression reduces overfitting by L2 regularization, reduces the variance by increasing the bias, change the slope of the model better for both train and test.

**QUESTION 7:**

Correct mathematical expression for BIC (Bayesian Information Criteria)?

- a.  $BIC = -k \log(n) - 2\log(L(\theta))$
- b.  $BIC = k \log(n) - 2\log(L(\theta))$
- c.  $BIC = 2\log(L(\theta)) - k \log(n)$
- d.  $BIC = \log(L(\theta)) - 2k \log(n)$

Where,  $n$ =sample size;  $k$ =number of parameters which model estimates and  $\theta$ =the set of all parameters.

**Correct Answer: b**

**Detailed Solution:**  $BIC = k \log(n) - 2\log(L(\theta))$



**QUESTION 8:**

Frank Rosenblatt, in the year 1957 introduced the first concrete neural model, the

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- a. perceptron
- b. neuron
- c. Enet
- d. None of the above

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:** Frank Rosenblatt, in the year 1957 introduced the first concrete neural model, the perceptron.

**QUESTION 9:**

Artificial Neural Network (ANN) comprised of a node layers, containing\_\_\_\_\_

- a. An input layer and an output layer.
- b. One or more hidden layers, and an output layer.
- c. An input layer, one or more hidden layers, and an output layer.
- d. None of the above

**Correct Answer: c**

**Detailed Solution:** Artificial Neural Network (ANN) comprised of a node layers, containing an input layer, one or more hidden layers, and an output layer.

**QUESTION 10:**

CNN applies\_\_\_\_\_transformation to the feature map, introducing non-linearity in the model

- a. Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)
- b. Linear
- c. Log
- d. None of the above

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:** After each convolution operation, CNN applies a Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU) transformation to the feature map, introducing non linearity to the model.



**QUESTION 11:**

The \_\_\_\_\_ image contains a fixed number of rows and columns of pixels

- a. Raster
- b. Vector
- c. Panchromatic
- d. All of the above

**Correct Answer: a**

**Detailed Solution:** Raster image contains a fixed number of rows and columns of pixels

**QUESTION 12:**

Which of the following statement is correct about Digital Image?

- a. Binary Image also known as monochrome image
- b. 8-bit Image format also known as Grayscale Image
- c. 16-bit Image format also known as High color format
- d. All of the above

**Correct Answer: d**

**Detailed Solution:** Binary Image also called monochrome image contains only two-pixel elements i.e., 0 and 1. 8-bit color format has 256 different shades of colors in it and commonly known as Grayscale Image. 16-bit color format has 65,536 different colors in it and it is also known as High color format

**QUESTION 13:**

For printing which color model is preferred

- a. RGB
- b. HSV
- c. CMYK
- d. None of the above

**Correct Answer: c**

**Detailed Solution:** CMYK is used for print products



**QUESTION 14:**

In CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK \_\_\_\_\_ layer conducts dimensionality reduction, reducing the number of parameters in the input.

- a. Hidden
- b. RELU
- c. Pooling
- d. All of the above

Correct Answer: **c**

**Detailed Solution:** In CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORK pooling layers conducts dimensionality reduction, reducing the number of parameters in the input.

**QUESTION 15:**

In lasso regression the following statement is true

- a. As  $\lambda$  increases, the model become more sensitive to independent variable variation
- b. As  $\lambda$  increases, the model become less sensitive to independent variable variation
- c.  $\lambda$  changes has no influence in sensitivity of the model to independent variable variation
- d. None of the above

Correct Answer: **b**

**Detailed Solution:** In lasso regression as  $\lambda$  increases, the model become less sensitive to independent variable variation