Opgave 76

Consider the variance formula Var[Y] = Var[E[Y|X]] + E[Var[Y|X]]. (a) Show that Var[E[Y|X]] = 0 if X and Y are independent. (b) Show that E[Var[Y|X]] = 0 if X and Y are totally dependent in the sense that Y = g(X) for some function g (recall Corollary 3.6).

(a) Brug proposition 2.16, som siger, at

$$Var[X] = 0$$
 hvis og kun hvis $X = E[X]$ (1)

Da X og Y er uafhængige

$$Var[E[Y|X]] = Var[E[Y]] = 0$$
(2)

(b) Brug korollar 3.6, som siger

$$E[g(X)|X] = g(X) \tag{3}$$

og omskriv

$$Var[g(X)] = E[Var[Y|X]] + Var[E[g(X)|X]]$$
$$Var[g(X)] = E[Var[Y|X]] + Var[g(x)]$$
$$\Downarrow$$
$$E[Var[Y|X]] = 0$$

Opgave 85

Let U and V be independent and $\mathrm{unif}[0,1]$ and let $X=\mathrm{min}(U,V)$ and $Y=\mathrm{max}(U,V)$. Find $\mathrm{Cov}[X,Y]$ and comment on its sign.

Opgave 88

In Definition 3.17, it is necessary that Var[X] > 0 and Var[Y] > 0. If this is not the case, what value is reasonable to assign to the correlation?