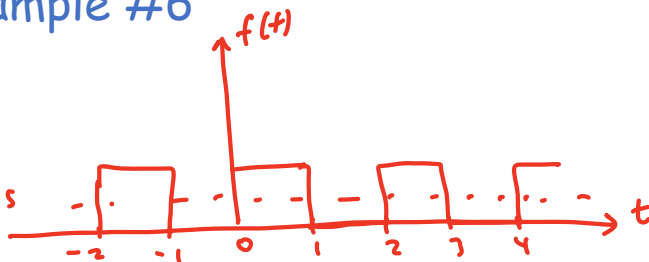


## • Fourier series coefficients-example #6

- Let  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \in [0,1) \\ 0 & t \in [1,2) \end{cases}$

have period  $T = 2s. \Rightarrow \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \pi \text{ rad/s}$



- Determine its exponential Fourier series of  $f(t)$

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{jn\omega_0 t} \quad \uparrow \quad \pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$F_n = \frac{1}{T} \int_T f(t) e^{-jn\pi t} dt = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \int_0^1 (1) e^{-jn\pi t} dt + \int_1^2 (0) e^{-jn\pi t} dt \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{e^{-jn\pi t}}{-jn\pi} \Big|_0^1 = -\frac{1}{2jn\pi} (e^{-jn\pi} - 1)$$

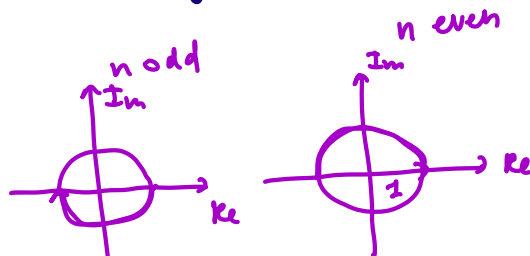
$\begin{matrix} = 1 & \text{if } n \text{ even} \\ -1 & \text{if } n \text{ odd} \end{matrix}$

$n \neq 0$

$$F_0 = \frac{1}{T} \int_T f(t) e^{-j0\pi t} dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_T f(t) dt = \frac{1}{2}$$

$\uparrow$   
DC term

average of  $f(t)$



## • Fourier series coefficients-example #6-cont

- Let  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \in [0,1) \\ 0 & t \in [1,2) \end{cases}$

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

have period  $T = 2s$ . ,  $\omega_0 = \pi \text{ rad/s}$

- Determine its exponential Fourier series of  $f(t)$

$$F_n = \begin{cases} -\frac{1}{jn2\pi} (1-1) = 0 & n \text{ even} \\ & n \neq 0 \\ -\frac{1}{jn2\pi} (-1-1) = \frac{1}{jn\pi} & n \text{ odd} \\ \frac{1}{2} & n=0 \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=-\infty \\ n \text{ odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{jn\pi} e^{jn\pi t} \quad - \text{Exp. F.S. of } f(t)$$

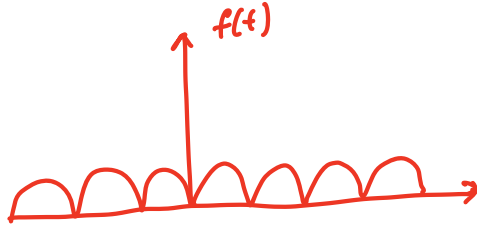
## • Fourier series coefficients-cont

- $F_0$  is the DC component *(DC term) (when  $F_0=0$ ,  $f(t)$  has zero mean)*
- $F_1$  corresponds to the fundamental frequency term
- $F_n$  corresponds to the n-th harmonic

- Existence of Fourier series representation

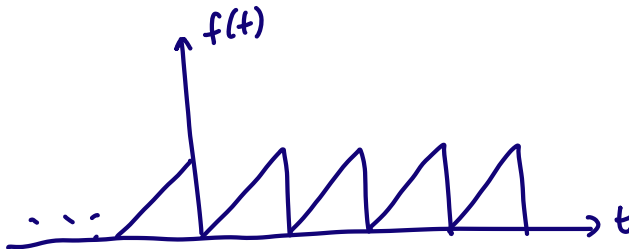
$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

①  $f(t) = |\sin(t)|$



$$f(t) = F_0 + F_1 e^{j\omega_0 t} + F_{-1} e^{-j\omega_0 t} + \dots$$

②



## • Existence of Fourier series representation-cont

• For the existence of the Fourier series representation of a periodic signal  $f(t)$ , we need:

✓ Absolute integrability of  $f(t)$  over period  $T$

$$\int_T |f(t)| dt < \infty \quad \text{has to be finite}$$

✓ Plottability

over one period {

- finite number of maxima and minima
- finite number of finite discontinuities (series converges to midpoint at discontinuity)

Dirichlet conditions  
for F.S.

## • Fourier series forms

Table 6.1.

- Exponential Fourier series

$$f(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} F_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

- Trigonometric Fourier series:

$$f(t) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos(n\omega_0 t) + b_n \sin(n\omega_0 t))$$

$$a_0 = 2F_0$$

$$a_n = F_n + F_{-n}$$

$$b_n = j(F_n - F_{-n})$$

$$F_0 = \frac{a_0}{2}$$

$$F_n = \frac{a_n - jb_n}{2}$$

$$F_{-n} = \frac{a_n + jb_n}{2}$$

- Compact Fourier series, for real-valued functions only:

$$f(t) = \frac{c_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} c_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n)$$

$$c_0 = 2F_0$$

$$c_n = 2|F_n|$$

$$\theta_n = \angle F_n$$

$$F_0 = \frac{c_0}{2}$$

$$F_n = \frac{c_n}{2} e^{j\theta_n} = F_{-n}^*$$

Hermitian property  
If  $f(t)$  is real:

$$F_n = F_{-n}^*$$

$$|F_n| = |F_{-n}|$$

$$\angle F_n = -\angle F_{-n}$$

# • Fourier series forms-cont

$$f(t) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \sum_{\substack{n=-\infty \\ \text{odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{jn\pi} e^{jn\pi t} \Rightarrow \text{frig. F.S. of } f(t)$$

$$f(t) = \left(\frac{a_0}{2}\right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(n\omega_0 t) + b_n \sin(n\omega_0 t)$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ \text{odd}}}^{\infty} \left( \frac{1}{jn\pi} e^{jn\pi t} + \frac{1}{j(-n)\pi} e^{j(-n)\pi t} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ \text{odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n\pi} \left( \frac{e^{jn\pi t} - e^{-jn\pi t}}{2j} \right) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ \text{odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin(n\pi t)$$

Exp. FS  $\rightarrow$  compact F.S.

$$F_n = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & n=0 \\ \frac{1}{jn\pi} & n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases} \quad \begin{aligned} C_0 &= 2F_0 = 1 \\ C_n &= 2|F_n| = 2 \left| \frac{1}{jn\pi} \right| = \frac{2}{n\pi} \quad n \text{ odd} \\ &= 0 \quad n \text{ even } n \neq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\theta_n = \angle F_n = \begin{cases} -\pi/2 & n \text{ odd} \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \sum_{\substack{n=1 \\ \text{odd}}}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi t - \pi/2)$$

$$a_n = \begin{cases} 1 & n=0 \\ 0 & \text{all others} \end{cases}$$

$$b_n = \begin{cases} 0 & n \text{ even} \\ \frac{2}{n\pi} & n \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$