

Lecture 9, Tuesday, February 1, 2022

- Thevenin and Norton equivalent circuits
 - The value of dependent variables will change from calculating V_T to I_N to R_T , so do no reuse it.
- Available power, P_a : maximum power a load can get from a circuit

$$P_a = \frac{V_T^2}{4R_T}$$

- Can only get this much power with the matched load $R_L = R_T > 0$.